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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXI.—NO. 52. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

BOY KING, WHOSE THRONE IS THREATENED.

The dissatisfaction with the government existing in many quarters in Spain, coupled with the great power the labor party has acquired, gives a political aspect to the riots at Barcelona, which have resulted in the killing of hundreds. Sagasta and Weyler have, it is said, been watching with anxiety for any disturbance which might arouse a martial spirit and develop into a revolution, and the preparation yesterday of a decree declaring martial law throughout the kingdom is viewed as a confession by the government that it fears the possible development of a revolution that would result in the reins of government being taken from the Queen Regent, leaving young Alfonso without a throne when he reaches his majority in May next.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— FRIDAY, FEB. 21, 1902.

Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday with possibly light snow flurries; slight change in temperature; easterly winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the 24 hours ending last midnight was 26 degrees above at 3 p. m. and the minimum 18 degrees above at 6 a. m.

Sun rises at 6:49; sets at 5:39. Moon sets at 5:55 a. m.

FOREIGN:—

Battle between rioters and troops at Barcelona resulted in the killing and wounding of 500 persons. Artillery used to clear the streets and the mob repeatedly charged by cavalry. Martial law to be declared throughout the kingdom. Civil war feared.

Lord Cranborne made only guarded replies to questions in the House of Commons concerning the Anglo-Japanese treaty and its purposes. His wariness caused by recent disclosures concerning Spanish war.

Boers defeated a detachment of the Scots Greys at Klipdam, killing two men, wounding six, and capturing forty-six prisoners. British force surrounded and cut off.

American bank robber in the City of Mexico killed a cashier who refused to give up money and then committed suicide to avoid capture.

Jubilee of the Pope begun at Rome. Te Deum sung in St. Peter's before an immense crowd.

Both sides lost heavily in a battle between Colombian troops and rebels at Agua Dulce.

WASHINGTON:—

Congressman Long of the Ways and Means committee submitted to the committee a bill providing for reciprocity with Cuba. It gives the President power to grant 40 per cent reduction in duties on Cuban products in return for similar concessions.

President demanded resignation of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow for using inspectors to investigate character of man merely mentioned for an office.

Senator Patterson, in discussing the Philippine bill, denied authority of the Taft commission to enact laws for the islands. Accused Taft of misrepresentation.

Secretary Long expected to resign soon now that a decision has been made in the Schley case.

Graduation of Naval Academy class on May 1 will add sixty officers to the navy.

LOCAL:—

Departure of the Twenty-ninth Regiment from Fort Sheridan for the Philippines made dramatic by two marriages, in which noncommissioned officers were grooms, while a thousand comrades looked on.

Chief O'Neill disappeared for three hours last evening, which gave rise to a rumor that he had been assassinated. He was merely visiting a friend at Brighton Park.

Brand of wine to be used by Prince Henry in toasting the United States absorbing the attention of the managers of the local banquet to the royal visitor.

Professor Triggs unable to decide upon a name for his son, who is now 1 year old. Modern names too trivial and the ancient too complicated.

Three robbers entered the butcher shop of Frederick Stanger at 117 La Salle avenue and shot at his family, a bullet grazing the cheek of a baby.

City Electrician Ellicott declared crude oil may have been at incidental but not the primary cause of the Trostel explosion.

Eight-hour day for Postoffice employes went into effect yesterday. Sixty-four clerks added to the force.

Twenty-three kitchen girls of Wilmette given a tea by Mrs. James Pope. Domestics formed a club.

Four detectives of the East Chicago Avenue Station accused of brutally beating a citizen.

West Side beggars who burned themselves with acid to excite pity fined by Justice Smith.

Council Finance committee spent the day sailing down salaries to meet the reduced budget.

DOMESTIC:—

Mrs. Wiles nominated for Vice President General of the D. A. R. by a zealous supporter, but she refused to become a candidate.

Thomas MacVeagh, in a letter to a Washington paper, defended joint communication of foreign diplomats during Spanish war.

Prince Henry to visit both Houses of Congress on his trip to Washington and witness proceedings of the legislators.

PAGES.

1 Barcelona Riots More Severe. Soldiers Wed; Leave for Orient. Wild Rumors About Chief O'Neill. Baby Triggs Seeks a Name. Kansan Solves Cuban Tariff.

2 Attack Philippine Sedition Law. Long Ready to Resign. Child Scratched by Robber's Bullet.

3 Jubilee Day of Pope Leo. Boers Capture Scots Greys. England Wants No New Disputes.

4 Wine for Prince a Problem. Detectives Accused of Assault. Parson-Sheriff to Talk Here. Inquest on Trostel Wreck.

5 Move Against Merger Blow to Stocks Dawes Club Formed. Robber Kills Cashier and Himself.

6 In the Baseball World. Siler's Gossip of Pugilists. Phil King to Coach Wisconsin Three New Swimming Records. Mild Killing on Tom Collins.

7 Scaling Pay Rolls for Budget. Receive Cooks in Parlor. Old Strike Issue Revived. General News of Railroads. News of the Theaters.

9 General News of New York. Valet Tells How Rice Was Murdered Alibi in New York Murder. Singer's "Zoo" Protest Has Echo. Illinois Fight Stirs D. A. R.

10 In the Commercial Markets

11 Financial News of the World. Record of the Courts Insurance Affairs.

12 Editorial Comment.

13 Comment by the Editors. Short Story of the Day. MacVeagh Defends Note to Powers.

16 Society Affairs. Fontenoy Letter. Among the New Books

NEW YORK:—

President Roosevelt's instruction to Attorney General Knox to begin proceedings against the Northern Securities company caused a scramble in Wall street to sell stocks. Financiers interested in the merger will make a strong legal fight.

Young man tied his aged father on his back and carried him down a fire escape at the burning of the Florence Apartment-House, on Kingston avenue, near Herkimer street.

Attorney for Florence Burns notified District Attorney Jerome he could prove by five witnesses a complete alibi for his client in the Walter Brooks case.

In the Patrick trial Valet Jones admitted he killed Millionaire Rice, carrying out the instructions of Patrick. Victim was chloroformed.

Seven precious stones stolen from the altar of the Tiffany Chapel in the crypt of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

POLITICAL:—

Charles G. Dawes Republican club organized at the Palmer House by 100 businessmen. War declared against Lorimer and his methods. A. H. Revell elected President.

Yates-Hopkins-Lorimer machine planning special primary in Sangamon County to enable voters to declare themselves on the Senatorial question.

SPORTING:—

Four National league clubs to meet at Pittsburg tomorrow to decide upon a line of action by the Spalding faction.

President Hickey of the American association opened headquarters in Chicago.

Phil King engaged to coach the Wisconsin University football team.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ALGIERS	.....	.....
FAYAL	Lahn	.....
HONGKONG	Emp. of Japan	..
MOVILLE	Numidian	.....
NAPLES	Aller	.....
NEW YORK	Manitou	La Touraine.
QUEENSTOWN	..	Westernland.
QUEENSTOWN	..	Oceanic.
ROTTERDAM	..	Amsterdam.

TROOPS SHOOT RIOTERS DOWN AT BARCELONA.

Five Hundred Persons Alleged to Have Been Killed and Wounded in a Fierce Battle.

BOY KING FACES REVOLT.

Youthful Monarch Who Is to Rule Spain in Two Months May Find Throne in Danger.

WEYLER TO TAKE CONTROL.

Martial Law to Be Decreed and Reserves Called Out, to Be Ready to Cope with General Insurrection.

SPREADING TO OTHER CITIES.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MADRID, Feb. 20.—Dispatches from Barcelona allege that 500 persons have been killed and wounded in a battle between the rioters and the troops.

Artillery was used to clear the streets and the cavalry charged the mob repeatedly.

Martial law is to be declared throughout Spain, the constitution suspended, and the reserves called out.

Weyler today ordered all troops in Madrid to be furnished with fresh supplies of ammunition and to be ready to move at an instant's notice.

The situation is hourly growing more serious. The Captain-General of Catalonia has lost control of the strikers and has called for more troops.

At Castellon de la Plana the strikers have burned two factories.

The telegraph wires have been cut between Sabadell and Tarnasa.

It is expected the strike will spread to Verona and Seville.

Troops at Saragossa have taken possession of the town and mounted artillery.

Manresa has been placed under martial rule.

The strike has reached Valencia.

Civil War Menaces Young King.

The young King, who is to assume the reins of government only two months hence, may, it is feared, face insurrection in all parts of the kingdom, if not actual civil war.

It is significant that the menace of revolution comes on the eve of the boy King's accession to the throne. He has never been popular with the masses, who have always hated his mother. It has been predicted for years that a revolution would deprive him of his crown as soon as he assumed it. The storm has gathered for some time and seems about to break, and Sagasta and Weyler will have to exercise all their power to prevent the overturning of the present monarchy.

The trades unions in every city in Spain have indorsed the Barcelona strikers. Incendiary placards are posted in all the Mediterranean ports, calling upon laboring men to rise. The Socialists everywhere are faning the flames of revolt. The strike is spreading.

Premier Sagasta and General Weyler held repeated conferences with the Queen Regent last night and today. The sternest of measures will be taken to save the throne for the young King. The dissolution of the Cortes is likely to follow the proclamation of martial law, and then Weyler will practically be Dictator.

Battle at Barcelona.

The dispatches telling of serious fighting today in Barcelona are as follows:

"A fierce battle has been fought between the troops and the rioters in the suburb of Barcelona known as Sano. Before the engagement the cavalry and infantry had been posted in the most dangerous points and a field battery had been located on the plaza, from which vantage point the guns could sweep the surrounding streets.

"When the final clash with the troops occurred the artillery was brought into action and raked street after street. The rioters engaged the batteries at close range, but were finally driven off.

Victims Number 500.

"It is reported that 500 persons were killed and wounded on both sides. The entire neighborhood was wrecked by the shells. The ruins caught fire and this completed the destruction.

"Further fighting is reported at Mataro (fifteen miles from Barcelona), where a quantity of arms have been discovered. Fighting is also reported at Tortosa and Tarragona, respectively 100 and fifty miles southwest of Barcelona."

Street Fighting Continues.

According to telegrams received here late tonight from Barcelona, the street fighting there continues. The heavy rain which fell during the day helped to disperse the rioters, and the authorities are taking severe measures.

Forty workmen's associations have been dissolved and the members of their committees arrested. The dwellings of the strike leaders and of Anarchists are being registered and put under guard.

Battleship Ordered to Scene.

The battleship Pelayo has been ordered to Barcelona.

The military engineers have assumed control of the street car service, and a few cars, half filled with soldiers, are running. Even the funeral coaches have to be protected by the police. No letters have been delivered in Barcelona in three days, and in some dis-

(Continued on third page.)

WED AS THEY LEAVE FORT

TWO SOLDIERS MARRY, THEN REGIMENT STARTS FOR ORIENT.

Departure of the Twenty-ninth from the North Shore Barracks Is Preceded by Spectacular Ceremonies, One of Which Is Performed as the Train Is Leaving the Station—Men in Good Spirits and Anxious to See Service.

Two minutes before his departure from Fort Sheridan for the Philippines yesterday Corporal Charles Johnson of Company I, Twenty-ninth Infantry, was married to Miss Bessie Wilson.

The ceremony was performed by Father E. J. Vattmann, chaplain of the post, who stood on the rear platform of the last car of the first of three Chicago and Northwestern trains which transported the soldiers from the fort. The chaplain concluded the ceremony as the train was pulling away from the station, and Johnson barely had time to embrace his bride and climb aboard the second section of the train, on which his company was carried.

The incident, while the most dramatic, was one of several that marked the departure of the Second and Third Battalions of the Twenty-ninth for service in the Orient. Only a short time before Father Vattmann had officiated at the marriage of Sergeant E. F. Smith and Miss Bessie St. Clair.

Cheers, Tears, and Weddings.

The ceremonies were performed amid the cheers and tears of more than a thousand soldiers and as many spectators who congregated about the guardhouse just previous to the departure of the first section at 11 o'clock. The troops were moved in three trains of fifteen coaches each, and Father Vattmann was with the commissioned staff on the first.

Early in the morning Sergeant Smith had notified the chaplain that he would require his services, and shortly after 10 o'clock, as the officers, the band, and companies E and F were boarding the train, the soldier and Miss St. Clair were married.

Corporal Johnson and Sergeant Smith were fast friends. When Smith confided to his chum at daybreak that he was to be married before he left the post the corporal was possessed of the idea of making sure of his bride also and left posthaste for Chicago, where he secured a license. Miss Wilson, whose home is on the porth shore, but who is employed in Chicago, was visited next, her consent to the ceremony secured, and the couple took the first train for Fort Sheridan.

Blessing and a Purse.

The sweethearts arrived not a moment too soon. Rushing to the first of the three trains, Johnson summoned Father Vattmann, showed him the marriage license, and asked him to hasten the ceremony. While the engineer was testing the air, the conductor was calling "All aboard," and the officers were giving their last orders, the chaplain began reciting the shortest ritual he knew. His blessing was bestowed as the train was rounding a curve on its way to the coast.

While Johnson and his bride had been facing the chaplain the wives of the officers had made up a purse for the bride, who was to be left behind. Mrs. T. F. Forbes, wife of the Lieutenant Colonel commanding the regiment, contributed $20 to the fund and the others contributed $30 more. This sum was swelled by contributions of the members of the regiment.

"Three cheers for Mrs. Johnson," shouted one of the infantrymen as the bell rang and the engine puffed nervously. The cheers were given and a "tiger." The occupants of the train waved handkerchiefs, the corporal kissed his bride, and a moment later half the world was being placed between the soldier and his wife.

Leaving Is Spectacular.

Not in years has the movement of troops from Fort Sheridan for active service been more spectacular. To the members of the Twenty-ninth Regiment it was like leaving home as well as country. They were assembled at Fort Sheridan a year ago, and during the long stay there formed friendships which will not be forgotten soon.

The second and third battalions were formed in front of the quarters at 10:30 o'clock, and addressed briefly by Colonel Forbes. Then, to a stirring quickstep, Companies E and F boarded the first train.

The order to march was preceded by an animated scene. Wives, mothers, and sweethearts assembled at the post early in the morning and took possession of the quarters. There were few of the soldiers who failed to say a tender farewell.

On the ridge just north of the guardhouse two privates of Company G took leave of their mother and sisters, and many soldiers and citizens paused in their own leavetaking to say a sympathetic word to the tearful group.

The naturally buoyant spirits of the soldiers could not be suppressed, however, and cheers were mingled with tears as the men received orders to board the trains. Members of the Ninth and Twenty-first Batteries, which were left behind, were grouped about the infantrymen, and their cheering was not unmixed with envy. The last train left at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Three Hospital Cars Taken.

Attached to each train was a hospital car for the measles patients. Thirty of those who were most severely ill with the malady were left behind, and saw the departure of their comrades from the windows of the hospital.

The spirit in which the troops left for service is shown by the fact that on the eve of departure there were only two desertions. After the last train had left the station two guns and knapsacks lay on the parade ground with no one to claim them.

The Twenty-ninth Regiment was assembled just a year ago. The First Battalion, which has been at the Columbus (O.) barracks, will meet the Second and Third Battalions at the Presidio and will sail on the transport Meade on March 1.

HERE TO COMBAT STEEL TRUST.

Agents of French Company Say New Process Enables Them to Reduce the Price About One-Half.

Two men from France are in Chicago to compete with the steel trust. Their names are Rene Blum and Gaston Block. They are at the Auditorium Annex, and are representing the Union Metal company of Paris. They claim to possess a new formula for manufacturing steel which enables the company to place the material on the market for about one-half the price now charged.

The new steel is intended for use principally in the manufacture of heavy tools, and one of the strongest merits claimed for it is that it is non-breakable. Successful experiments have been made in constructing locomotives.

Neither of the men would discuss their product last night beyond the statement that it was cheaper, better, and more adaptable than ordinary steel. The process by which it is manufactured is a closely guarded secret.

RUMOR STRIKES CHIEF O'NEILL.

While Head of Police Department Makes Music Report Has Him Slain by Assassin.

STORY STIRS THE CITY.

Missing Three Hours and at 9 O'Clock Is Found at Residence of Patrolman Playing Duets.

SEARCH BY THE POLICE.

Francis O'Neill, Chief of Police, was lost for three hours last evening, and wild rumors spread throughout the city, vaguely to the effect that he had been killed. Members of the force were sent hither and thither in search for him, and the alarm was general.

All the time the Chief was sitting quietly in the house of Patrolman James O'Neill in Brighton Park, playing Irish melodies on the flute to the other's violin accompaniment. His whereabouts was not discovered until an officer went to James O'Neill's house from the Brighton Park Station shortly before 9 o'clock, and then the Chief left for his home, 5448 Drexel avenue, to reassure the members of his family.

At 6 o'clock in the evening the following press bulletin was sent out:

It is rumored that Chief of Police O'Neill has been assassinated. No tangible ground for the rumor has yet appeared. It apparently started in telephone messages to the police stations. At the present time Chief O'Neill has not reached his home. His family expected him earlier. The police are ignorant of his whereabouts.

Police Begin General Search.

This was the signal for a general search. The police took up the rumor and sent out to every place where the Chief was known to call for a social evening. At 9:15 o'clock the second press bulletin, announcing the finding of the missing Chief, was received. It read:

Chief of Police O'Neill has been found at the home of a policeman in Brighton Park. He is unharmed.

The family of the missing man had suffered the greatest apprehension. Mrs. O'Neill and her five children were among the first to hear the rumor, and naturally they feared that some desperate character had sought revenge on the head of the Police department. The rumor spread quickly all over the down-town district, and police stations received calls from many clubs and hotels.

First Heard at Armory Station.

The rumor apparently came into the Harrison Street Station at 6 o'clock. Some one asked over the telephone if the report of the Chief's assassination had been confirmed, and the police at once sought verification of the tale.

From Harrison street the message went to the Central Station, in the City Hall, and was telephoned to every precinct in the city. It was just at roll call, and the commanding officers sent their men out to their posts with instructions to watch for any information with the greatest care. At the Fiftieth Street Station, Fiftieth and State streets, the Chief's buggy was found in the barn, but the driver, Henry Schmidt, was gone. Lieutenant Dennis Conway, attached to the Chief's office, remembered that his superior had announced his intention of going directly home when he left the office in the middle of the afternoon. The affair took on an air of deeper mystery.

Chief's Haunts All Searched.

It was known that the Chief has several quiet haunts to which he is prone to slip away when he wishes relief from the cares of the Police department. A list was made up from every source and patrolmen were sent to them. Among them were the house of Edward Cronin, who lives at 1600 North Hamilton avenue, and McMahon's farm, out in Palos, near Worth.

Just before 9 o'clock a message came from the Brighton Park Station that the head of the force had been found, and was on his way home. Then the police drew a long breath. Private Secretary James Markham, who had hurried into the City Hall shortly after 8 o'clock, having just heard the rumor, remembered the musical sympathy between the commanding officer and the patrolman, and wondered why he had not thought of it before.

Visit a Second Thought.

It appears that the Chief closed his desk shortly after 3 o'clock, after telling Lieutenant Conway he was going home. Then he remarked to Secretary Markham that he had a headache, and he thought a ride would do him good. He got into his buggy and started south. The trip to Brighton Park was not thought of until several blocks were covered, when a musical inspiration seized him.

"I will go out and take supper with Jimmy O'Neill," he said to Schmidt, "and after supper we will have a little music."

Reaching O'Neill's home, Schmidt was dismissed for the night, and lost no time in getting to the Fiftieth Street Station, and putting the horse in the stable. It did not occur to him to mention where he had left the Chief, for there was nothing unusual in it, and he soon left the barn without a word to any person.

Gaelic Music His Delight.

"I cannot understand the reason for this confusion," said Chief O'Neill late last night. "I was ill from the fumes of the varnish that was being used in my office and told my secretary I was going home. Instead I told my driver, Frank Smith, that I would go out to Brighton Park, taking the Western avenue route.

"I frequently go out there, as Officer James O'Neill, who, by the way, is not a relative, plays the violin, and I am fond of playing the flute with him. He is not only an expert, but he is one of the best students of Gaelic music in the city, and I would walk a long way to hear him play."

"Do you play with him?" was asked.

"Sometimes," continued the Chief. "I was playing tonight and was sorry when Sergeant Hartnett of the Brighton Park Station told me of the rumors that were afloat. Edward Cronin, another lover of Gaelic music, is also one of those whom I frequently visit before going home, and I see that he was bothered as to my whereabouts.

"My family was much disturbed. Mrs. O'Neill is ill, and we did not dare to tell her about the story. She has not forgotten the time, twenty-eight years ago, when I was brought home wounded."

PITY POOR BABY TRIGGS!

IT'S A YEAR OLD AND PAPA CAN'T FIND A NAME.

Educator Who Has Proved Himself a Giant at Upsetting Idols Is a Pigmy When It Comes to Finding a Fitting Prefix for the Cognomen of His Son and Heir—Establishes Three Principles Which Makes the Task More Difficult—Calls for Volunteers.

Professor Oscar L. Triggs is in a dilemma. He has a son and heir who is 52 full weeks old, and he doesn't know what to name him.

Professor Triggs has searched through the libraries of the University of Chicago and has received no acceptable suggestion. The names of the ancients are too complicated; those of the moderns too trivial. In all of them, perhaps, the professor has detected a taint of doggerel.

So important has the question become to Professor Triggs that he asked 130 of the members of his college fraternity, who gathered at Kinsley's last night for their annual banquet, if they could offer any suggestions.

Professor Triggs was down on the program to speak on "Important Questions," and to him the most important was the naming of that baby.

Triggs' Troubles Tersely Told.

"To the old men here," said Mr. Triggs with a chuckle, "my dilemma is one that they have felt and can appreciate. To the young men it may be given as a warning. This really is an important question. I want you to aid me in solving it. To get you to do this I will state my position. Each week of the fifty-two has brought up a new name, and from my experience—this being my first offense—I have formed three cardinal principles.

"The first is that it is not wise to name a child after its father. There may come a time when it will be inconvenient for both father and son. Then, too, I do not believe in that word 'junior.' It is awkward. My name is harsh. It is true Germanic, and means truth, so I am related to that great virtue. The papers do not seem to take kindly to that name of mine, and some even go so far as to add a 'er' to it that is not pleasing. For these reasons I decided that the boy ought to have some other name, and yet I do not believe in naming it after any other great man.

Great Men's Names Disliked.

"As to my second principle. To name a child after a great man is rather hard on the child. Think of all those who are carrying about the name of George Washington and of Theodore Roosevelt. They have too many associations and are a burden.

"We did think we would name the boy Julian, but one of the professors at the university, when told about it, remarked: 'O, yes; Julian, the apostate.' That settled it. There are no apostates in the Triggs family. Then we chose Randolph, and this same friend remarked: 'O, yes; John Randolph of Roanoke.' That settled it; Randolph Triggs would never do.

Educator Euphoniously Eager.

"And now for the third principle. The name must be euphonious. We tried Edmund, after the new President of Northwestern University, but to get away from the great man dilemma we changed the spelling to Edmond. Yet the great man difficulty was too great and we gave that up.

"We thought that as Triggs is pure Germanic we would make the entire name Germanic, and I asked my brother-in-law in Iowa for a list of names. He sent on fifty or more pure Norwegian names, among them being Thor, Thorwald, Thorsten, Knut, Olaf, and Swen. We tried Thorwald and then Thorsten, but they did not please, and we had to give them up. Thorwald Triggs or Thorsten Triggs! They would not do!

"We have tried many names—more than I have time to tell—but we have not made a choice. Now, this is an important question. It must be settled. If by any chance you have a suggestion I wish you would give it to me, so that when we next meet I can name the boy. He is worthy of a fine name, but it must be in accord with my three principles."

Moore Triggs Not Wanted.

As Professor Triggs sat down to the song, "He's a Jolly Good Fellow," one of the members rose and said: "I have a suggestion. We are gathered to do honor to the founder of this organization, Judge Moore of West Virginia. Name him Moore Triggs, professor."

Mr. Triggs shook his head. The name did not accord with his three principles.

Besides, it was suggestive of occasions for further perplexity.

WOMEN DISPLACING MEN IN WORK AT STOCK-YARDS.

Miss Mary McDowell Says That Even in the Use of the Knife the Gentler Sex Crowds Out Sterner Brother.

Gentle woman is crowding man out of the Stock-Yards and even is taking his place in the use of the knife. Miss Mary McDowell of the University of Chicago settlement announced this last night. Woman has not yet grown accustomed to the actual killing, Miss McDowell says, but at the dangerous pace at which she is taking the places of men it would not be surprising soon to see her in charge of the actual slaughter with as little compunction as man feels in wringing the neck of a chicken.

"The rate the women are succeeding men in the Stock-Yards is surprising," said Miss McDowell. "They are entering the packing-houses by the score, and with each who enters a man is forced out. They are doing everything except the killing. Strange as it may seem, they are wielding the knife, and with great dexterity."

Miss McDowell related the condition of things in the Stock-Yards before the Woman's Union Label league last night in the Masonic Temple. Her statements were drawn out by a plea made by Adolph Strasser, veteran cigarmaker, who said there were 22,000 women cigarmakers in America today.

"Women are entering the shops and factories from every side and taking the places of men," said Mr. Strasser. "They have no conception of the trials they are bringing on their brothers and fathers by their willingness to accept positions of all kinds."

MAKES SLATE THAT RHYMES.

Kansas Editor Suggests: For President, Ted; Vice President, Fred; Platform, Spread.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Thomas Benton Murdock, editor of the El Dorado Republican, today suggested the following ticket for the next Presidential campaign:

"For President—Ted.

"For Vice President—Fred.

"Platform—Spread."

KANSAN SOLVES CUBAN PROBLEM.

Congressman Long Submits Bill Providing for Simple 40 Per Cent Horizontal Reciprocity.

COMMITTEE IS IN DOUBT.

Measure Is Along the Lines Always Advocated by President Roosevelt as Only Just Action.

PLAN WORRIES THE HOUSE.

Many Who Have Not Yet Made Up Their Minds Are Afraid to Pigeonhole Proposition and Fear to Act.

NEWS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.

Representative Long of Kansas solved the problem of Cuban relief today by submitting to the Committee on Ways and Means, of which he is a member, a simple but absolutely complete reciprocity proposition.

Long of Kansas Has Solution of Cuban Tariff.

This is the first time the committee has had before it an out and out reciprocity proposition, and the bill prepared by Mr. Long is accepted as the view of the administration, and especially of President Roosevelt, with whom the Kansas member has been on particularly cordial terms.

The Long bill provides in effect that after there is a stable government established in Cuba, and after it has provided by treaty for the admission of all goods coming from the United States at a reduction of 40 per cent below the rates charged by Cuba against goods from other countries, thereupon the President shall be authorized to issue a proclamation remitting 40 per cent of the Dingley rates on all goods coming into the United States from the Island of Cuba.

This is horizontal reciprocity pure and simple, and Mr. Long, who is one of the youngest but unquestionably one of the ablest members of the Ways and Means committee, has been generally congratulated this afternoon on the simplicity with which he has formulated the bill, which unquestionably gives the necessary relief to Cuba and at the same time puts the United States in a position to control absolutely the entire trade of Cuba.

It does not at all follow that Mr. Long's bill will pass the House, but it will come back to the House some day beyond all question in the form of a Senate amendment, and the Long bill, which unquestionably reflects the views of the administration, will almost certainly be the basis of the legislation for Cuba.

There was an excited debate all afternoon in the committee over the Long proposition and other schemes which have been suggested. A majority of the Republican members of the committee are at the present time opposed to reciprocity in any form. They say they would be willing to enter into such an arrangement with Cuba, but they are afraid of other countries. The dyed-in-the-wool protectionists on the committee are in mortal terror of some revision of the tariff, and even men like Babcock of Wisconsin and Tawney of Minnesota, who voted in the committee for the Babcock bill, which proposed to reduce the rates on iron and steel, are objecting to reciprocity on the curious ground that it is an interference with the existing tariff arrangements.

Committee Is Widely Divided Over Measure.

During the debate today it was developed that up to the present time Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Grosvenor of Ohio, Russell of Connecticut, Steele of Indiana, Tawney of Minnesota, Babcock of Wisconsin, and Metcalf of California are opposed to reciprocity, while Payne of New York, Hopkins of Illinois, McCall of Massachusetts, and Long of Kansas favor reciprocity.

The discussion today therefore demonstrated that if an issue had been made reciprocity would have been beaten by a vote of 7 to 4.

One of the strange things about the situation is that although the Republican members of the Ways and Means committee are opposed to reciprocity with Cuba in the proportion of nearly two to one, the majority are afraid to vote not to take any action. It was developed in the course of the discussion this afternoon that even those members of the committee who are opposed to reciprocity with Cuba realize that action to pigeonhole the Long bill or any other scheme for the relief of Cuba could not possibly be final. The members of the committee without exception realize that the agitation has only commenced, and that in the near future it will undoubtedly be extended.

Majority Fear to Pigeon-Hole the Suggestion.

Mr. Long predicted in his talk with the committee today, it is said, that when the American people realize that in return for a trifling reduction of the revenue on sugar they could themselves secure absolute control of the Cuban market for every product of agriculture and manufacture common in the United States, they would insist on the immediate passage of a sweeping reciprocity bill.

Mr. Long made the telling point that the situation has now arrived where the people of the United States could extend relief to Cuba and at the same time benefit themselves by an extension of their foreign markets many times the value of the benefits conferred upon the Cubans.

He warned the committee that when the farmers of the West learned that their flour, cattle, hogs, and provisions would be given an exclusive market in Cuba, and when the workmen of Pennsylvania and New England learned that they would receive an exclusive market for their machinery, cotton goods, boots and shoes, and while at the same time the Southerners would be given a similar market for their rice, the wave of public sentiment would force the House.

whether it wished to do so or not, to pass a liberal reciprocity measure.

Senator and Mrs. Depew entertained at dinner tonight Secretary and Mrs. Root, M. Cambon, the French Ambassador; Senator and Mrs. Wetmore, Senator and Mrs. Lodge, Senator and Mrs. Spooner, Senator Kean, Miss Kean, Senator and Mrs. Elkins, General and Mrs. Miles, General and Mrs. Corbin, Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnson, Mrs. Townsend, Representative and Mrs. Newlands, Miss Paulding, and Colonel Edward Morrell.

Major George A. Armes, U. S. A., retired, has broken forth again. He came near figuring in a fist fight in the room of the House Military committee today. Major Armes has a bill before Congress providing his promotion to the grade of Brigadier General on the retired list, and last year Representative Parker of New Jersey reported against the measure. This incident angered Armes, who met Parker in the committee-room today and referred to the incident. Parker attempted to placate the irate army officer, who charged the Congressman with making a false statement to his colleagues. Parker finally lost his temper and told Major Armes it would be well for him to consider how he bore himself before Congressmen, since Armes, although on the retired list, was still amenable to military discipline.

Maj. George A. Armes Nearly Starts a Fight.

Congressman Parker arose and advanced toward Major Armes in a menacing attitude. The latter straightened himself up, and shaking his finger at Mr. Parker, exclaimed: "I will not be threatened. If you will come outside I will give you all you want. I will meet you anywhere you say. I am no more afraid of you, Mr. Parker, than I am afraid of a mouse."

Mr. Parker resumed his seat and closed the incident amicably. His associates on the committee enjoyed the incident hugely. Mr. Parker is a brother of Major James Parker of the Adjutant General's department.

Secretary Root today transmitted to Congress a draft of proposed legislation granting to persons or corporations building bridges over the Illinois and Mississippi Canal a right of way across land adjacent to the canal. Also the privilege to occupy these lands for piers, abutments, and other portions of bridge structure and approaches. In his communication Secretary Root says: "The building of bridges along the public highways intersecting the line of the canal not only involves the crossing of the waterway but the occupancy, to a more or less extent, of the land of the United States on either side. So far as existing highways are concerned Congress has enacted the necessary legislation in regard to bridges; but there appears to be no provision for new highways.

Root Drafts Measure for Bridge Grants.

"Recently application was made by the Chicago and Northwestern railway company for permission to cross the line of the canal with a bridge, and as the proposition involves the crossing and occupancy of government land on each side of the canal by the track of the company, the Secretary of War was without power to grant the application. He, however, granted a temporary permit for the crossing on the understanding that the company should secure Congressional authority for any extension of the privilege given.

"Doubtless additional highways and railways will in the future intersect the line of the canal, and it will be necessary to construct bridges in connection therewith. In my opinion it would save considerable embarrassment and trouble to the projectors of improvements of this character if the Secretary of War were invested with power to authorize the use and occupancy of so much of the government land required for the construction and operation of the canal as may be necessary in such cases.

"This power can be conferred only by Congress, and action is hereby recommended."

Judge Ambler of Salem, O., was today appointed a Judge of the first instance at Cebu, Philippine Islands, to succeed Lyman J. Carlock, who is transferred to Manila. Judge Carlock was formerly the law partner of Representative Graff.

There will be an addition to the navy of sixty new officers. Secretary Long has authorized the graduation on May 1 of the present first-class at the Naval Academy. This means the commissioning as ensign of sixty naval cadets, who under ordinary circumstances would not be graduated until July 1. For some time there has been great trouble over the scarcity of officers. There have not been enough to perform the ordinary duties at sea, and while Congressmen have been anxious to have their friends assigned to shore duty or kept home from sea duty, they have publicly berated the Navy department for not keeping naval officers at sea all the time.

Navy to Have Sixty New Officers on May 1.

It began to look as if naval officers on foreign stations, notably those with the Asiatic squadron, would not be able to come home for five or six years, the regular tour of duty being but three years.

With the graduation of the naval cadets two months earlier than usual it will also be possible to send some of the officers who are instructors at Annapolis to sea for duty on board ship. There are fifteen of these officers who may be so detailed.

Mme. Aspiroz, wife of the Mexican Ambassador, entertained at luncheon today Señora Garcia Merou, wife of the Argentine Minister; Mme. Vignal, wife of the Military Attaché of the French Embassy; Mrs. Hill, wife of the Assistant Secretary of State; Mrs. Story, Mrs. Horseley, Señora Barron and Señora De Torres, wives of the secretaries of the Mexican Embassy, and Miss Drain.

Senator Mason, "by request," today introduced a bill providing for a new Cabinet office, to be known as the Department of Physical Culture, to be presided over by a Secretary, who is directed to establish quarters in this city as well as in each State. It provides for the appointment of a commissioner for every State in the union. It will be the duty of the Secretary to do everything within the limits of common sense to advance the cause of physical culture, to the individual improvement of the human race as well as to the improvement of the general condition under which the people live, prosper, and to prolong their usefulness.

Secretary of Physical Culture Is Now Wanted.

The author of this unique scheme aims to secure, especially, Saturday half holidays and shorter hours throughout the year for all public workers; the establishment of public outing periodicals, public fountains of pure drinking water, public play grounds, public parks, public gymnasiums, public theaters, public baths, and public laundries as object lessons in patriotism and public spirit for all the people who may come within reach of their ennobling and elevating influences.

In the event of there being no money in the Treasury to defray the expenses of this rather unusual institution of the government paper currency will be issued by the government. Senator Mason does not father this proposition, but merely introduced it at the request of its unknown author.

President Roosevelt's intention to have the Schley controversy end officially with his memorandum on the appeal of Admiral Schley from the condemnatory findings and opinion of Admiral Dewey, Rear Admirals Benham and Ramsay, constituting the court of inquiry, was emphasized today in a letter sent by the President's direction to Secretary Long. The letter was written by George B. Cortelyou, secretary to the President. It speaks for itself as follows:

President Has Decided Schley Case Closed.

"My Dear Sir: The President requests me to state that after a full and most careful consideration of the appeal of Admiral Schley and the answer submitted thereto by the Navy department through you, he has made the inclosed memorandum on the case, which he directs shall be filed therewith and the case treated as closed.

"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
"Secretary to the President."

With the filing away in the Navy department's archives of the President's memorandum, the Schley case will become a thing of the past, so far as its official aspect is concerned. It is the intention of the President to take no further notice of the affair. This is generally satisfactory to the naval service.

Postmaster General Payne several days ago sent to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives a die-proof of the McKinley memorial postal card the department will issue in the near future. In almost every case the secretaries of the various members of Congress seized upon the cards and addressed them to friends all over the country, generally with a little explanatory note calling attention to the new postal card and stating it should be treasured as a curio, being the first to go through the mails. But the cards did not go through the mails, however, as they were all held up in the city postoffice. The department had omitted the notice, "Specimen—not good for postage," which is printed across the face of the later sample sent out, and those who used the card have been notified to call for them, as, not having been officially adopted by the Postoffice department for use in the service, they cannot be sent through the mails without the payment of additional postage.

Send McKinley Cards Out by Mistake.

TAFT FINISHES HIS TESTIMONY.

Governor of the Philippines Declares United States Cannot Pursue Any Other Course in the Islands.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Governor Taft concluded his testimony before the Senate Committee on the Philippines today.

Continuing the general discussion of conditions in the Philippines, he expressed the opinion that the trade with the United States will ultimately increase and that the islands will be self-supporting, even to the extent of paying the expenses of the United States army there.

"We are pursuing there the only course open to us," said Governor Taft in response to a question from Senator Allison, "and it was absolutely impossible for us to pursue any other course. If the Senators on the side of the table [referring to the Democrats] had been there they could not have done differently, and when their party comes into power, if it should do so, they cannot do anything but go ahead."

Senator Culberson—If a safe and honorable opening for withdrawing from the Islands should present itself do you think the United States should avail itself of it?

Governor Taft—That question assumes that there might be such an opening; I don't think that there will be, and I say no. Now that we are there, there is no likelihood of finding an honorable way out.

Replying to a series of questions Governor Taft said the intervention of the United States in the Philippines was the best thing that could happen for the Filipinos, but that it would have been better for our country if we had not gone there.

Governor Taft continued to discuss the climatic conditions in the Philippines. He said that much of the sickness which does exist is due to exposure. He made an appeal for liberal appropriations for the construction of barracks.

Governor Taft made reply to a number of questions by Senator Culberson concerning the expenses of conducting the government of the islands. He said that these expenses are much higher than under Spanish rule, and that the increase would be greater this year than it had been last year.

GIVEN PLACES BY ROOSEVELT.

President Sends to Senate Long List of Postmasters for Western States.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations as Postmasters: Illinois—Thomas W. Price, Astoria; Lewis A. Castle, Wyoming. Indiana—Clarkson D. Overman, Fairmount. Iowa—Hans Keiser, Elgin; D. W. Rathbun, Marion; E. T. Roland, Eldon; L. E. Hulse, Keota; Milton A. McCord, Newton. Michigan—Isaac Foster, Gladwin; William M. Beekman, Charlotte; Stephen R. Allen, Homer; William G. Hudson, Ludington; Calvin A. Palmer, Manistee; Edwin S. Williams, Niles; Hannibal A. Hopkins, Saint Clare; Frederick Kruger, Saint Ignace; Charles Brown, Vicksburg; Henry Loss, Wayne; John J. Davis, White Pigeon. Minnesota—James Ruane, Slayton, Missouri—Max V. Robinson, Fairfax; Joseph H. Handel, King City; William C. Gaston, Keytesville; August Schneider, Weston. Nebraska—John Peters, Albion; Frank W. Wake, Hartington; Walter H. Andrews, Lexington. North Dakota—Anna Callahan, Casselton; Thomas W. Millham, Ellendale. Ohio—Charles S. Dunn, Lockland; S. E. Simmons, Plymouth. South Dakota—Samuel G. Dewell, Pierre. Wisconsin—Matthew J. Connors, Hurley; F. A. R. Van Meter, New Richmond; Lewis S. Fisher, Sparta.

WEALTH ON AMERICAN FARMS.

Census Bulletin Fixes Value of Domestic Animals, Fowls, and Bees at $3,200,000,000.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The Census bureau in a report on domestic animals, fowls, and bees in the United States on June 1, 1900, announces that all the domestic animals in the United States have a probable value of at least $3,200,000,000.

The census received no reports on value of animals, but estimates it at $215,192,928. The total value of all domestic animals on farms and ranges was $2,981,054,115, against $2,208,767,513 in 1890.

There was a gain in all parts of the country, except in the North Atlantic States, where there was a decrease of horses, sheep, and swine.

BRISTOW ASKED TO RESIGN.

President Roosevelt Has Decided to Remove Fourth Assistant Postmaster from Office.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt has finally decided to ask for the resignation of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who sent postoffice inspectors into West Virginia to investigate the private life of a man mentioned for a postoffice position in that State. The President is said to feel that this was a wholly unwarranted interference on the part of the detective department of the government with the ordinary life of a private citizen. The successor of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General will soon be announced.

JUSTICE GRAY SUDDENLY ILL.

Member of United States Supreme Court Suffers from Attack of Paralysis.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Justice Gray of the Supreme Court has suffered an attack of paralysis, but it is stated that there is every reason to expect his recovery. The attack occurred on Tuesday night. His mind is clear, but he has lost the muscular control of a part of his body.

CHILDREN ELECTED HER SCHOOL DIRECTOR.

Miss Kate Cassatt McKnight was elected school director for the Fifth Ward of Allegheny, Pa., on Tuesday by the efforts of the children of the ward, with whom she had established a great popularity. Miss McKnight is Vice President of the Pennsylvania Federation of Woman's Clubs, and is prominent socially in Allegheny and Pittsburg. She has entertained the children of Allegheny each summer with outings and parties, and when she became a candidate for school director they took it up as their own fight and canvassed the ward from end to end in behalf of her candidacy. The Young Men's Civic club of the city, which had been befriended by Miss McKnight, also entered the contest, and the result on Tuesday was a large majority for her. It is probably the first instance of a political candidate being elected by children

NEWSBOYS BRING THEIR INGENUITY INTO PLAY TO DODGE THE STREET STAND ORDINANCE.

FIFTH AVENUE AND WASHINGTON STREET

CLARK AND WASHINGTON STREETS

Chicago newsboys declare they have more grit than the fruit-selling descendants of the ancient Spartans in facing conditions resulting from the enforcement of the street stand ordinance. The "copper" on the beat on which the boys had been accustomed to work is the only "law" they recognize. That worthy embodies the United States, Illinois, Chicago, and everything else in their eyes, and when the order to "clear out the stands" was passed along the streets not a boy disobeyed. He dragged his stand around into an alley or into some vacant building.

Then each began to evolve plans for storing his stock of papers. One tied a rope around a pillar of the elevated structure and stuck his papers into the pockets thus formed. Another tied a board on a fire hydrant and resumed business with a proud air. Still others resorted to steps on the outside of buildings. One brought his small brother into service and suspended innumerable canvas bags from his shoulders, while more laid their papers on the sidewalks and stood over them.

The test of their ingenuity will come on Sunday, when they undertake to care for their supply of Sunday papers, each one of which contains from forty to seventy-two pages. If they succeed in stowing their stocks away without breaking the new ordinance they will lay claim to lasting superiority over their Greek friends, who have thus far failed to circumvent the law.

The committee appointed by the Greek peddlers to carry on their fight for what they claim to be their rights is awaiting the opinion of Corporation Counsel Walker on the legality of the ordinance which allows the use of three feet of the sidewalks to the abutting property-owners. The committee hopes for an opinion that will enable them to direct an attack against every property-owner or merchant who infringes an inch over the building line. By fighting that class they hope to indirectly bring about the repeal of the "exclusion" ordinance.

Thus far the police have made no attempt to compel the South Water street merchants to clear that thoroughfare. The street was obstructed in the usual manner yesterday.

ATTACK ON SEDITION LAW

COLORADO SENATOR DISCUSSES PHILIPPINE ISSUE.

Patterson Denies the Authority of the Taft Commission to Enact and Enforce Laws in the Islands and Hints That the Governor Has Misrepresented the Facts with Respect to Capabilities of Natives — Nelson of Minnesota Supports the Government

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The Senate today devoted nearly its entire session to the Philippine question. Mr. Patterson of Colorado, one of the minority members of the Philippine committee, delivered his first extended speech in the Senate, and was given a most attentive and careful hearing.

Senator Patterson discussed principally the sedition laws enacted by the Philippine commission, vigorously attacking the authority of the commission to enact and enforce such laws. He maintained that Congress alone had the power to put in force enactments of that character.

Hints at Misrepresentation.

He compared information furnished by the executive departments of the government with some of the statements of Governor Taft in his testimony before the Philippine committee with respect to the capabilities of the Philippine people, and declared with some heat his belief that Governor Taft misrepresented the true situation in the islands for motives unknown. He asserted that if the 6,000,000 Christians in the Philippines were Protestant Christians the cruelties practiced on them by the American authorities would have to stop, as no member of Congress would be able to withstand the wrath of the Methodists, Baptists, and Presbyterians of this country.

Nelson Criticises Patterson.

Mr. Nelson of Minnesota presented a legal and constitutional argument in support of this government's action in the Philippine archipelago, and sharply criticised Mr. Patterson for injecting into the controversy the question of sectarianism.

Mr. McCumber of North Dakota urged that Congress should not bind the future now by a declaration of a definite policy regarding the Philippines, as it was desirable that all possible information should be in hand before a permanent policy was determined upon.

CONSULAR REFORM IS DESIRED.

Business-Men Appear Before Committee to Urge Passage of the Bill Now Pending Before Congress.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—A large delegation of business-men representing Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cleveland, and many other cities was before the House Committee on Foreign Affairs today in advocacy of a reform in the consular service and the adoption of civil service methods in appointment and advancement of Consuls.

John W. Ela of Chicago, general counsel of the National Business league, made a brief statement in urging the passage of the bill. He declared:

"The business interests of the country are feeling the injury which our commerce is suffering from the present state of the consular service. The opening of new markets in which our business-men are finding sharp competition discloses to them more and more the fact that the countries with which they come in the closest competition have trained commercial representatives abroad, while we are represented by men who have had no special training, and whose tenure of office is insecure."

INDIAN SCHOOLS ARE OPPOSED.

Congressman Fitzgerald Makes Serious Charge Against a Michigan Superintendent.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—The House spent the day working on the Indian appropriation bill. Mr. Smith of Arizona offered an amendment to strike out the appropriation for the Carlisle School, and it became the text for a general onslaught on the practice of educating Indians in Eastern schools. His amendment was defeated.

Just before the close of the session Mr. Fitzgerald [N. Y.] made an attack on the superintendent of the school at Mount Pleasant, Mich., who, he said, was charged with permitting the debauching of Indian girls.

LONG READY TO RESIGN

SECRETARY OF NAVY WAITS END OF SCHLEY CASE.

President Roosevelt's Final Opinion Enables the Cabinet Minister to Feel at Liberty to Carry Out the Project Cherished by Him to Retire to Private Life—Rear Admiral and His Wife Return to the Capital — Rayner Has No Comment.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Now that the Schley matter has been settled officially, it is understood that Secretary Long feels he is at liberty to carry out the project cherished by him in the last year of President McKinley's administration to retire to private life. However, this is not expected to ensue at once, for there is no certain knowledge of what may follow in Congress, notwithstanding a strong belief by the administration that the case is settled beyond revival. Therefore, it is understood that the change in the Cabinet circle will not take place before the adjournment of the present session of Congress, and perhaps not until next autumn.

Pleased with the Opinion.

Secretary Long, referring to the President's statement upon the appeal of Admiral Schley, today said:

"I have no comment to make on the President's ruling upon the appeal of Admiral Schley, except to express my appreciation of its thorough, conscientious, straightforward character.

"It is, of course, gratifying that the Navy department is sustained. The decision will be read as no other document would be, and I believe will direct public opinion and tend to close the whole matter."

Members of the Maryland delegation in Congress were in consultation today regarding the latest phase of the Schley case, but reached no conclusion as to whether any move will be or can be made.

Admiral and Mrs. Schley returned to the city tonight from their trip to New York City and Albany.

Rayner Makes No Comment.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 20.—Isidor Rayner, counsel for Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, left for Washington this morning. He declined to comment upon President Roosevelt's decision in the matter of Admiral Schley's appeal from the findings of the court of inquiry.

KNOX SAYS HE WILL NOT RESIGN

Rumors Regarding Attorney General Declared to Be Without Foundation.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Reports having been rather widely circulated that Attorney General Knox had decided to resign from the Cabinet, it can be stated that there is absolutely no basis of fact for these reports.

POSTAL FRAUDS SUMMED UP.

Cuban Fiscal at Havana Withdraws Charges Against Two of the Accused Clerks.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Feb. 20.—The Fiscal began today to sum up in the postoffice cases. He began by withdrawing the charges against Moya and Mascaro, the two Cuban stamp clerks. He sustained the principal charge against Neely, Reeves, and Rathbone, but withdrew against the latter the charge of complicity in the issuing of duplicate warrants. He also withdrew the charge of the embezzlement of $673, the balance returned by Rathbone after his second trip to the United States. The Fiscal said the postoffice had been robbed of at least $122,000. Rathbone was responsible for the receipts and expenditures. By the postal code he should have deposited the postal funds directly he received them. His not having done so rendered him amenable to the law.

GIVES PRAISE FOR HAY NOTE.

London Times Says American Action Shows English Treaty Was Not Due to Captious Jealousy.

LONDON, Feb. 21, 3 a. m.—In an editorial on Anglo-Japanese relations, the Times says that the protest which Secretary Hay has sent to the Russian and Chinese government is proof, if proof were needed, that the considerations which have given rise to the Anglo-Japanese agreement are not an outcome of captious jealousy of Russia on the part of England and Japan. The Washington government has invariably maintained the most friendly relations with Russia, continues the Times, yet Secretary Hay formulates in the plainest and most trenchant terms the objections to the Russian projects in Manchuria, which have been entertained and urged here.

GIRL KILLED WHILE COASTING.

One Dead and Four Injured in Accident at Wilmerding, Near Pittsburg, Pa.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 20.—At Wilmerding tonight, in a bobsled accident, one young woman was killed and four other coasters badly injured.

The party was coasting down Glen street, a steep thoroughfare which was coated with ice. The sled got beyond control and at the corner of Margaret street dashed into a sewer drop.

Mr. Sherman, chairman of the Indian committee, promised to make an investigation at the Indian office tomorrow, and if the charge were true to see that the offender was discharged.

Nardin Denies the Charges.

Mount Pleasant, Mich., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—E. C. Nardin, superintendent of the Indian school here, tonight indignantly denied the charges of improper conduct made against him in Congress today. He said all were absolutely false and he courted the fullest investigation.

ROBBER'S BULLET GRAZES CHILD.

Genevieve Stanger of 117 La Salle Avenue Has Narrow Escape.

THREE SHOTS ARE FIRED.

Boys Invade Butcher Shop and Discharge Revolvers at Family in Rear.

FLEE WITHOUT PLUNDER.

A bullet from a highwayman's revolver grazed the cheek of 4-year-old Genevieve Stanger early last evening during an attempt to rob her father's meat market.

Three young men entered the market of Frederick Stanger at 117 La Salle avenue a few minutes after 7 o'clock. One of them fired three shots at the members of the family, who were dining in the rear of the store. The three escaped through the front entrance. The cash draw was not touched.

The family, with Frederick Mueller, who is employed in the market, had just seated themselves at the table when Mrs. Stanger noticed the boys entering the front door. A glass door separates the store from the rear room. She rose and started to wait upon the supposed customers. Looking up as they neared the door she saw one of them draw a revolver. Her hand was already on the knob. Seizing the key she turned it and then jumped aside.

Boy Fires at Family Group.

The youth raised his revolver and fired. The bullet struck the baby, who was near the door, and passed directly over the head of Stanger, who was sitting opposite. The second shot tore a hole in the woodwork of the door. Before the third shot was fired Stanger, in a panic, grabbed his overcoat and covered the glass. The last bullet passed through the coat, over the baby's head, and buried itself in the wall.

Mrs. Stanger ran screaming from the room. Stanger dropped the coat and saw the boys leaving by the front entrance. Then, with Mueller, he started in pursuit. The boys ran west in Ohio street and disappeared in an alleyway. Stanger then notified the East Chicago Avenue police, and Captain John Revere, with a half a dozen detectives, hurried to the scene in a patrol wagon.

The baby's cheek was not seriously cut and was dressed by the baby's mother.

The three boys were seen by several in the neighborhood. The oldest was said to be about 16 years old.

"It all came so quick that we were scared," said Stanger afterwards. "I remember of putting my coat over the glass. I thought I was protecting my family."

Lieutenant John Collins said that there was no doubt that a robbery had been attempted.

Shot by Alleged Highwaymen.

William Groves of 254 South May street resisted an attack by two alleged holdup men last night and was shot in the left leg. Groves was about to enter the lodging-house at 134 West Madison street when stopped by two men. During the struggle the shooting occurred. Ed Cummings and M. J. Fitzgerald were arrested and locked up at the Desplaines Street Station. Fitzgerald is believed to have fired the shot. Groves was removed to the County Hospital. His condition is not serious.

Caught in Act of Burglary.

The capture by policemen of three alleged ex-convicts in the act of breaking into the cigar store of Harry Hoffheimer, 217 Third fifth street, in the morning prevented what the police say, would have been the stealing of over $6,000 worth of stock.

The store is near Calumet avenue, and in the rear of it is a blind alley. The alleged burglars had backed a wagon into the alley and had forced open the door when the police saw them. Their names are Patrick Shaughnessy, Edward Fehey, and Charles Burgoyne.

Fugitive from Toronto Caught.

After having traveled several hundred miles in an effort to avoid arrest, 17-year-old Fred Miller, a fugitive from Toronto, Ont., was arrested in Chicago by Detective Sergeants Halpin and Hogan. He is charged with stealing $300 from his employers. He was found at the Queen Hotel, Wabash avenue and Harrison street.

PREFERS CANADIAN FREEDOM.

Minister Tarte, in Speech at Ottawa, Warns Countrymen to Avoid United States.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Mr. Tarte, Minister of Public Works, defined his views on American friendship for Canada at the annual meeting of the British Empire league today. He had studied history, he said, and was convinced the French-Canadians were safer under British institutions than they could ever expect to be under American.

They were better off and freer under British rule than they would be under that of the United States. There they would simply be swallowed up. They had heard a great deal about American friendship and about cultivating closer relations with the United States, but he questioned the sincerity of American friendship, and whether it could be depended upon.

It was all very well, he said, to talk about being friendly with other countries, but it was Canada's interest to stand on her own bottom, look out for her own interests, and develop her country herself.

Other speakers gave expression to similar sentiments, and the speeches were unanimous to stand or fall with the British Empire.

DUST CLOUDS RAISED BY CARS.

City Railway Sweeping Train Brings Discomfort to People in Down-Town Streets.

Clouds of dust were stirred up last night in Wabash and Michigan avenues by the Chicago City railway company. Shortly after 11 o'clock a grip car, preceded by a whirling brush and followed by a trailer, came up Wabash avenue from the south. People who were waiting for a cable train were covered with flying particles of dust, or where the street was filled with slush were bespattered with mud. As the train swept around from Madison street into Michigan avenue it raised clouds of dust which floated into the postoffice. Occasionally a man would stop and, after rubbing his eyes to remove the dust, would shake his fist at the disappearing train. The motorman knew his business and kept the cars moving and the conductor watched for stones that might be cast in his direction.

FIRE AT LAFAYETTE, IND.

Business Block in Town Damaged to Amount of $200,000 by Early Blaze.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 21, 2 a. m.—Fire in the dry goods store of Logan Haney threatens to wipe out the entire block. The buildings occupied by the Lafayette Journal and the Lafayette Call are damaged; the Bazaar, Nickel Five and Ten Cent Store, Reeve's shoe store, and Lavering's hat store are in flames and threatened with destruction. The loss is about $200,000.

...R'S BULLET ...AZES CHILD.

...Stanger of 117 La ...Avenue Has Nar... ...ow Escape.

...HOTS ARE FIRED.

...le Butcher Shop and ...rge Revolvers at ...mily in Rear.

...THOUT PLUNDER.

...m a highwayman's revolver ...eek of 4-year-old Genevieve ... last evening during an at... ...er father's meat market. ... men entered the market of ...ger at 117 La Salle avenue, ... after 7 o'clock. One of them ...s at the members of the fam... ...lining in the rear of the store, ...aped through the front en... ...ash draw was not touched. ... with Frederick Mueller, who ... the market, had just seated ... the table when Mrs. Stanger ...oys entering the front door, ... separates the store from the ...She rose and started to wait ...posed customers. Looking up ... the door she saw one of them ...r. Her hand was already on ...sing the key she turned it ...ped aside.

...res at Family Group.

...raised his revolver and fired, ...ck the baby, who was nearest ... passed directly over the head ...ho was sitting opposite. The ...ore a hole in the woodwork. ...Before the third shot was fired ... panic, grabbed his overcoat ...the glass. The last bullet ...h the coat, over the baby's ...ed itself in the wall. ... ran screaming from the room. ...ed the coat and saw the boys ... front entrance. Then, with ...rted in pursuit. The boys ran ... street and disappeared in an ...anger then notified the East ...ue police, and Captain John ... half a dozen detectives, hur... ...e in a patrol wagon. ...heek was not seriously cut and ...y the baby's mother. ...ys were seen by several in the ... The oldest was said to be ... old. ...so quick that we were scared," ...afterwards. "I remember of ...et over the glass. I thought I ...r my family."

...John Collins said that there ... that a robbery had been at...

...Alleged Highwaymen.

...ves of 254 South May street ...ttack by two alleged holdup ...t and was shot in the left leg. ...out to enter the lodging-house ...Madison street when stopped ...During the struggle the shoot... ...Ed Cummings and M. J. Fitz... ...arrested and locked up at the ...reet Station. Fitzgerald is be... ...fired the shot. Groves was re... ...County Hospital. His condition ...

...t in Act of Burglary.

...y policemen of three alleged ... the act of breaking into the ...Harry Hoffheimer, 217 Thirty... ...the morning prevented what, ..., would have been the stealing ...worth of stock. ... near Calumet avenue, and in ...is a blind alley. The alleged ...backed a wagon into the alley ...d open the door when the police ...heir names are Patrick Shaugh... ...rd Fehey, and Charles Bur...

... from Toronto Caught.

...ng traveled several hundred ...fort to avoid arrest, 17-year-old ...a fugitive from Toronto, Ont., ... in Chicago by Detective Ser... ...n and Hogan. He is charged ... $300 from his employers. He ...at the Queen Hotel, Wabash ... Harrison street.

CANADIAN FREEDOM.

...rte, in Speech at Ottawa, Countrymen to Avoid United States.

...ont., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Mr. ...ter of Public Works, defined his ...nerican friendship for Canada ... meeting of the British Empire ... He had studied history, he ...s convinced the French-Cana... ...afer under British institutions ...ould ever expect to be under ... better off and freer under Brit... ...n they would be under that of ...tates. There they would simply ...d up. They had heard a great ...American friendship and about ...closer relations with the United ...he questioned the sincerity of ...friendship, and whether it could ... upon. ...very well, he said, to talk about ...ly with other countries, but it ...'s interest to stand on her own ... out for her own interests, and ... country herself. ...kers gave expression to similar ... and the speeches were unani... ...nd or fall with the British Em...

...OUDS RAISED BY CARS.

...ay Sweeping Train Brings ...fort to People in Down... Town Streets.

...dust were stirred up last night ... and Michigan avenues by the ...y railway company. Shortly ...lock a grip car, preceded by a ...ush and followed by a trailer, ...abash avenue from the south. ... were waiting for a cable train ...d with flying particles of dust, or ...treet was filled with slush were ... with mud. As the train swept ...n Madison street into Michigan ...ised clouds of dust which floated ...ostoffice. Occasionally a man ... and, after rubbing his eyes to ... dust, would shake his fist at the ...g train. The motorman knew ... and kept the cars moving and ...or watched for stones that might ...his direction.

...T LAFAYETTE, IND.

...Block in Town Damaged to ...ount of $200,000 by Early Blaze.

..., Ind., Feb. 21, 2 a. m.—Fire to ...day store of Logan Haney threat... ...out the entire block. The build... ...d by the Lafayette Journal and ...ts Call are damaged, the McCo... ...and Ten Cent Store, Reeve's shoe ...Lavering's hat store are in dange... ...ened with destruction. The loss ...0,000.

TROOPS SHOOT RIOTERS DOWN.

Five Hundred Said to Be Dead or Wounded in Barcelona Battle.

BOY KING FACES REVOLT.

Youthful Monarch, Who Takes Throne in Two Months, May Lose It.

MARTIAL LAW FOR SPAIN.

(Continued from first page.)

...tant parts of the town business is completely ...paralyzed.

A pitched battle occurred in the outskirts of the city between the strikers and the military escort attached to several wagons that were bringing in provisions. The contents of the wagons were dragged out and barricades were built across the road. The rails have been torn up to prevent trains from entering the city.

Strike Spreading Rapidly.

The strike movement has begun to spread seriously. At Castellon de La Plana, taking advantage of the night and of the absence of the police, the strikers set fire to two factories with the aid of petroleum. The factories were burned.

At a workman's meeting held at Castellon de La Plana a general strike was voted.

At Saragossa most of the factories have already closed on the demands of the workmen, and the strikers are bringing pressure to bear to compel the factories still remaining open to close their doors. The Captain General of Saragossa has wired for reinforcements.

Troops in Position.

Martial law, it is learned late tonight, has been proclaimed at Manresa (about thirty miles northwest of Barcelona) and at Saragossa. At the latter place the troops have occupied a strategic position in order to check the disturbances.

Owing to the strict censorship over news from Barcelona it is difficult to ascertain its real state of affairs there. It is quite certain, however, that all the efforts of the authorities to persuade the labor leaders into a conciliatory attitude have so far failed, and the extension of the strike movement is more likely than its restriction.

Catalans Want Home Rule.

In addition to the labor movement, the ever present Catalan home rule agitation is likely to prove a serious factor in the situation. One hopeful sign is the fact that almost alone among the Ministers and the governing authorities General Weyler is in sympathy with the Catalonian demands, and is inclined to study their grievances. He has held military commands in Catalonia, speaks the Catalan language, and thoroughly understands that situation.

The government declines to publish figures of the casualties in the riots of Tuesday and Wednesday. It is inferred from private information received here that forty persons were killed and 200 wounded during the encounters of those days, and that 500 arrests have been made. All persons who were slightly wounded were concealed by their friends in order to avoid prosecution.

Women Among the Rioters.

Women took a prominent share in the riots, and were more violent than the men. Among the incidents related of the disorders at Barcelona is the case of a policeman who fell a victim to his resemblance to an inspector named Tiesols, who is much hated by the Anarchists. The policeman mistaken for the inspector was assassinated.

It transpires that last Sunday several workmen's meetings were held in Barcelona. The principal meeting was held at the Circo Espanol and was attended by 6,000 persons. Teresa Claramunt, the notorious agitator, Bonfulla, and other Anarchists made violent speeches at this meeting in favor of a general strike. This idea was instantly adopted, and the intervention of the government agents, who always attend such meetings, was openly spurned.

Discussed in the Cortes.

In the Chamber of Deputies today Señor Robert, Deputy from the Province of Catalonia, interpellated the government on the recent events at Barcelona. The Minister of the Interior, Señor Gonzalez, replying on behalf of the government, accepted full responsibility therefor, but asked for the adjournment of the discussion.

Romero Robledo, supporting Señor Robert, said the government did not have enough guns and rifles to suppress a social revolution if one broke out everywhere. Señor Robledo denounced the censorship over telegraphic news from Barcelona, and insisted that the fact that labor problems existed in other countries did not excuse the government of Spain.

Weyler Is More Hopeful.

In the Senate today General Weyler, the Minister of War, said that while the situation at Barcelona had not yet improved it had not grown worse. He said the street car service there was partially in operation, and that the bakeries and groceries were open in spite of the strike. There had been no disturbances at Saragossa and Reus. At Castellon de la Plana, the War Minister said, the gendarmes had dispersed groups of strikers and that if it became necessary he would call out the first reserves.

Censored News from Barcelona.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BARCELONA, Feb. 20.—[Censored.]—The strikers have killed three workmen who were desirous of resuming work. A baker who raised the price of his bread was also killed.

The tramways have not started up as yet. There is no food on sale. The strikers are preventing the slaughter of animals, so meat is to be had.

Additional reinforcements of troops are arriving here.

A mob stormed the arsenal at Sabadell, but fled from Barcelona, and secured forty rifles, but they were subsequently recovered by the troops.

The India rubber factories, which hitherto have not been affected, have been closed. The workmen consider this a great triumph.

Dynamite to Use Dynamite.

Inflammatory posters have appeared here threatening the orderly classes with terrible reprisals, saying that dynamite will be used to offset the Mausers of the troops.

The strikers are looting numerous shops and private houses.

The best known Anarchists have disappeared, and the authorities are hunting for them.

The negotiations which have been taking place between the newspaper publishers and the compositors have failed.

The railroad officials have announced the suspension of service on the lines owing to the resolute attacks which the rioters have made on the trains.

Fresh Fighting Reported.

Fresh fighting between the troops and rioters has occurred at Tarrasa and Sabadell.

Most of the ships in this harbor have been forced to leave without discharging their cargoes.

The foreign Consuls here held a meeting this afternoon.

Refugees Confirm Story.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PERPIGNAN, France, Feb. 20.—Several refugees who have arrived here from Barcelona describe the situation there as serious. They confirm the earlier reports of fighting and outrages. The following statements are current, but cannot be confirmed:

The strike has developed into organized revolt, fomented by Anarchists and Carlists. Guns are trained on the principal streets and cavalry and infantry are massed at strategic points, but they rather infuriate than intimidate the mobs. A terrible encounter took place in Sans, a suburb. Heavy artillery was brought into action at short range against the rioters, who resisted stoutly.

The killed and wounded on both sides were considerable. It is reported that they number fully 500. Many women and children were among the victims. The entire neighborhood is a heap of smoking ruins, fire having completed the work the guns began.

Reports Via Cerbere.

CERBERE, Spain, Feb. 20.—Serious fighting is proceeding in all parts of Barcelona. A number of persons have already been killed or wounded.

Troops are arriving rapidly at Barcelona from all other districts.

The outbreak today between the strikers and troops began in Paraldo, Asalto, and Rambla streets, where many shots were exchanged.

A general panic prevails at Barcelona.

The growing power of the Republican party in Spain, which is composed mainly of the labor elements, and the fact that the government now regards that party as a greater menace than Carlism, gives great importance to the riots at Barcelona and the declaration of martial law. The failure of promised reforms to materialize has given the Republicans material for agitations against the government. The widespread dissatisfaction throughout the kingdom has been intensified lately among many classes, and the government has viewed with anxiety any disturbance tending to inspire the people with a revolutionary spirit.

Barcelona, the scene of the present disturbances, is the center of anarchy, socialism, and labor agitation in Spain. It has been the scene of several Anarchist outrages that have startled the world, the last being the bomb explosion of 1896, in which fifteen were killed and fifty injured. The city has a number of times in the last twenty years been in the hands of rioting, pillaging Anarchists and strikers, and nearly every year has seen disturbances more or less serious.

The greatest loss of life from the various Anarchists' outrages which have occurred in Barcelona was in connection with the throwing of a bomb on June 7, 1896. The missile landed in the midst of a religious procession, and fifteen persons were killed and fifty injured by the explosion. Forty-seven arrests of Anarchists were made and it was found the deed had been planned at a meeting in which sixty of the leading Anarchists of Barcelona were present. Eight of the men were executed for the crime.

Bombs Thrown in Theaters.

In 1893 bombs were thrown in the streets and at a theater, creating a state of panic throughout the city. The most dastardly deed was committed at the Liceo Theater on Nov. 7, when two bombs were thrown from the gallery during the performance of an opera. One exploded among the seats close to the stage, killing and wounding thirty persons. A hundred arrests were made.

The theater outrage had been preceded in September by an attempt to assassinate Marshal Martinez Campos while he was riding through the streets of Barcelona, a petard being thrown under his horse by an Anarchist named Pallas Latorre. Campos, four Generals of his staff, and others were wounded, and a policeman was killed by the explosion.

Many Killed in 1892.

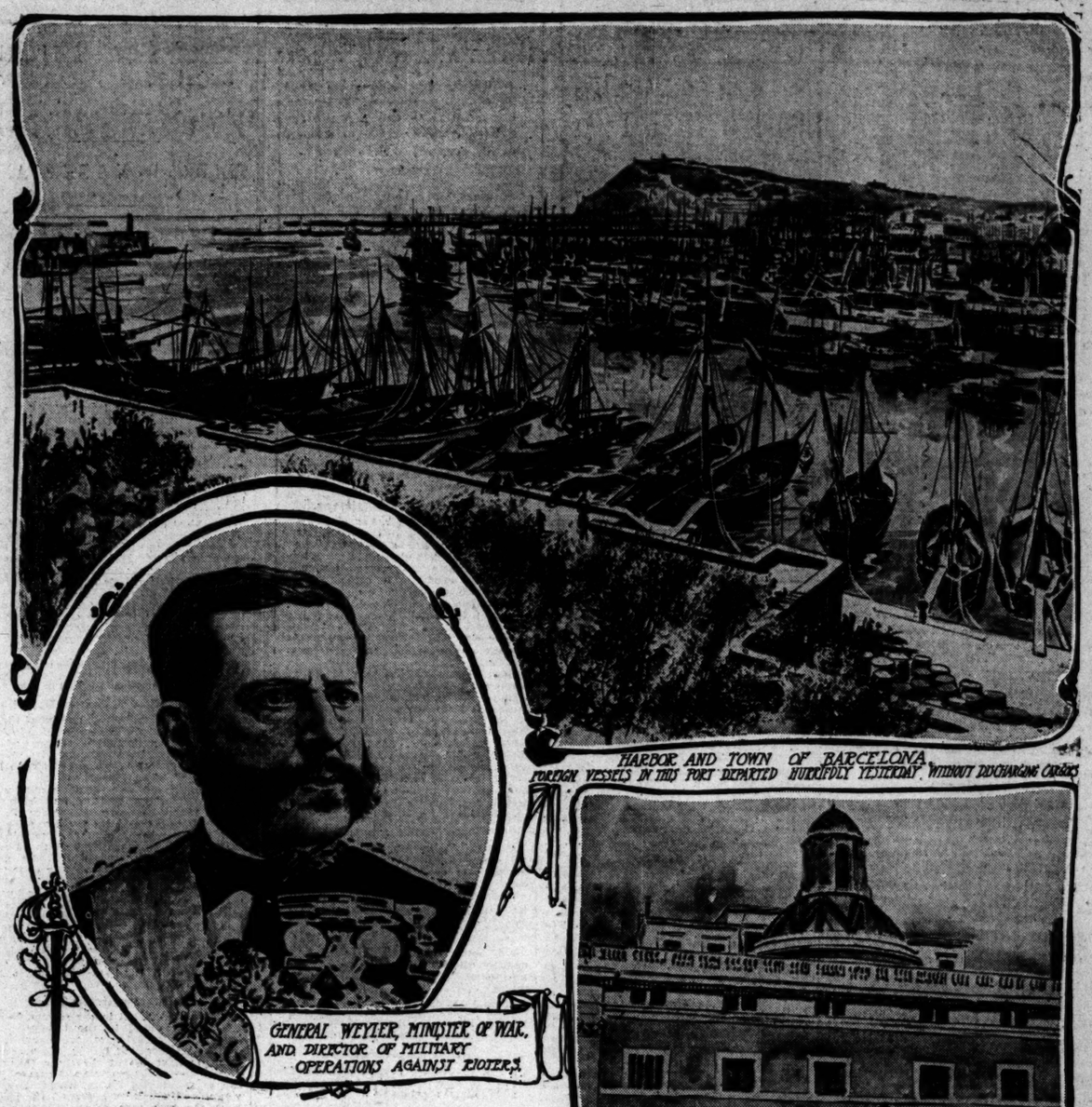
In June, 1892, a strike at Barcelona for shorter hours and an increase of pay developed into a general labor riot, in which numbers of workingmen and police were killed. A meeting of the strikers, at which the government was threatened, was dispersed by the police. This incensed the strikers, who met a few days later at a suburb of Barcelona, denounced the government for interfering with their meetings, and started for the city, with the intention of razing the palacio.

When the police met the mob they charged with drawn swords, after an effort to turn back the leaders. A fierce fight followed, in which a number were wounded on both sides. Other encounters took place, and, the police being on several occasions forced to flee before overwhelming numbers, the government was called upon for troops.

On June 11 a large mob, armed with rifles and revolvers started to pillage a number of cotton and woolen factories in the city, and succeeded in destroying a great deal of property before the troops appeared on the scene.

When troops arrived at the factories a fight took place, in which a dozen on both sides were killed and wounded. Martial law was then declared, and the government announced that if necessary the city would be bombarded.

SCENE OF RIOTS IN SPAIN AND MAN CHARGED WITH THEIR SUPPRESSION.



GENERAL WEYLER, MINISTER OF WAR, AND DIRECTOR OF MILITARY OPERATIONS AGAINST RIOTERS.

HARBOR AND TOWN OF BARCELONA. FOREIGN VESSELS IN THIS PORT DEPARTED HURRIEDLY YESTERDAY, WITHOUT DISCHARGING CARGOES.

POLICE HEADQUARTERS, BARCELONA, LIKELY TO BE CENTER OF ATTACK IN CITY.

SOLDIER AND SWEETHEART WED, ONLY TO PART

Just as the Twenty-ninth Infantry was about to leave Fort Sheridan for the Philippines yesterday Corporal Charles Johnson, Company I, and Miss Bessie Wilson, his sweetheart, were the principals in a spectacular marriage ceremony which was cheered by thousands of persons.

Father Vattmann, chaplain of the regiment, spoke the words which united the pair, but before he could bestow his blessing the car on which he was standing was on its way to the Pacific coast. Johnson barely had time to board the second section of the train which carried the regiment from Fort Sheridan.

"I have known Corporal Johnson ever since the regiment first formed at the fort," said the bride last night. "Of course it grieves me to part with him, but I am sure he will be back here soon. He is going to ask to be transferred back to the United States."

JUBILEE OF POPE LEO XIII.

PONTIFF OBSERVES 25TH ANNIVERSARY OF ACCESSION.

Real Celebration and Festival Will Be Held on March 3, When Coronation Ceremony Will Take Place—Pontifical Noble Guard Appears in Full Uniform for First Time Since 1870—Te Deum Sung in St. Peter's, Where Immense Crowd Is Assembled.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Feb. 20.—The jubilee of the aged Pope, commemorating his election to the papal chair on Feb. 20, 1878, was officially inaugurated today. Early this morning letters and telegrams began arriving at the Vatican congratulating his Holiness upon entering the twenty-fifth year of his pontificate. A majority of the foreign tributes came from France, Austria, and Bavaria, but among hundreds of others were 112 from Great Britain, eighty-four from Ireland, and seventy-three from the United States.

The Pontiff insisted upon reading them personally so far as possible, and he sent the others to the translators.

Later his Holiness received in the throne-room the committee charged with the organization of the jubilee celebrations and committees organizing jubilee pilgrimages. A specimen of the commemorative medal to be distributed to pilgrims was presented to his Holiness, who, in thanking the presenters, said:

"I have had several jubilees. This is likely to be the last, but it is the one that gives me the most pleasure. I hope through pilgrims to send my thanks for the good wishes I have received from all over the world."

His Holiness also expressed satisfaction at the recognition accorded him by the world's rulers. He referred in a gratified manner to the intimations that European sovereigns would send missions to the Vatican, adding:

"Including the Protestant King of England."

The singing of the Te Deum in St. Peter's was the most impressive service in years. It was conducted by Cardinal Rampolla in the presence of twenty-four Cardinals and forty Bishops.

The pontifical noble guard was present in full dress uniforms worn for the first time today since 1870. Three hundred representatives of Catholic associations, the Italian and foreign representatives of the religious orders, and 70,000 spectators also listened to the service.

At the conclusion of the Te Deum the Pope appeared at a window of his apartments and watched the crowd disperse. He was saluted by the waving of hats and handkerchiefs.

BIG BATTLE IN COLOMBIA.

Both Sides Said to Have Lost Heavily in Engagement at Agua Dulce.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COLON, Feb. 20.—An important battle has been fought between government troops and insurgents at Agua Dulce. There were heavy losses on each side. General Tovar, the new Governor of Panama, is expected to arrive there with troops on Feb. 28. The garrison at Panama is to be raised to 5,000 men. A decree has just been issued prohibiting the publication here of all canal news.

Fight Reports in Panama.

PANAMA, Colombia, Feb. 20.—It is positively known here that the forces under the government General Castro and the revolutionary General Herrera are fighting. Varied and numerous reports have reached here of this engagement but they all lack confirmation. The forces are in the vicinity of Agua Dulce, Yeguain, and San Carlos, between thirty and forty miles southwest of Panama.

Matos Reported as Beaten.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curaçao, Feb. 20.—The Venezuelan government has received reports that the partisans of General Matos, the leader of the present revolution against President Castro, who, under the command of Generals Riera and Penaloza, lately landed on the Venezuelan coast near Velade Coro, were defeated by the government troops Feb. 17.

MARCONI SURE OF SUCCESS.

Says He Expects to Send Message Across Ocean on His Next Experiment.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 20.—At a meeting of the Wireless Telegraph company today Mr. Marconi made a speech in which he said that he was confident that he would be able to send a message across the Atlantic on his next experiment. The wireless system was now in permanent use on seventy ships and there were twenty-five land stations. He was now able to send twenty-two words a minute. Mr. Marconi said he would start for Canada on Saturday and would return by the end of March.

Mr. Marconi said that he and his colleagues had received the most generous treatment by the governments of the United States and Canada.

Speaking of the revenue derived from the wireless system installed on ocean steamships, Mr. Marconi said it was a common thing to realize from $150 to $200 on messages passing to and from a liner. In the case of one liner on its way home recently 8,050 words were sent and received in sixteen hours.

Germany to Put Up Stations.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—The Navy department has decided to establish a chain of wireless telegraph stations along the entire German coast.

BANK SWINDLERS CONFESS.

Kelly and Stiles Plead Guilty and Offer to Return Part of Money Stolen.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The trial of the men implicated in the robbery of the Bank of Liverpool was resumed in the Central Police Court this morning. Goudie confessed a day or two ago, and yesterday "Dick" Burge, the pugilist, was found guilty.

This morning Kelly and Stiles, the bookmakers, pleaded guilty to obtaining $375,000 from the bank through Goudie. Kelly said he was willing to turn over a house and other property which he claimed to be worth $100,000. Stiles stated that he was prepared to refund $8,735.

Inquiries are being made as to what amount of money is now lodged in various banks in the names of Mrs. Stiles and Mrs. Burge.

Sentences will be pronounced on all the men next Saturday.

To Check German Dueling.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—The Reichstag today passed a resolution calling on the federal government to employ strict disciplinary and legal measures to check the abuse of dueling, which, it was asserted, is now spreading among army officers.

SCOTS GREYS CAPTURED

BOERS CUT OFF PART OF CRACK BRITISH DRAGOONS.

Two Officers Seriously Wounded, Two Men Killed, and Forty-six Made Prisoners — Rush Made Near Klipdam While General Hamilton Was on Way Towards Nigel—Effort to Dislodge Burghers Proves Ineffective.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 20.—A detachment of the Scots Greys (Second Dragoons), one of Great Britain's crack dragoon regiments, has been cut up by the Boers at Klipdam. Major C. W. M. Fellden and Captain E. Ussher were severely wounded, two men were killed, six were wounded, and forty-six were captured. The news was received this morning from Lord Kitchener. The Scots Greys formed part of General Gilbert Hamilton's column.

Lord Kitchener's telegram to the War office says:

"General Gilbert Hamilton, while moving toward Nigel on Feb. 18, engaged the enemy at Klipdam. Part of the Second Dragoons, becoming detached from the remainder of the command, were surrounded and cut off. Two officers were severely wounded and two men were killed and six wounded. Forty-six others were captured, but have since been released. Hamilton was unable to dislodge the enemy, who held a strong position. He continued his march to Nigel."

BRUSSELS, Feb. 20.—It is said in Boer circles that if Messrs. Wolmarns and Wessels, after investigating the situation in the United States, advise Mr. Kruger that a tour of the United States would be beneficial to the Boer cause, the Boer President will overcome his aversion to a long trip and undertake the journey.

Mr. Kruger appears to be in excellent physical condition, and his physicians advise him that he could safely go to America at the proper season.

Messrs. Wolmarns and Wessels will spend a month in the United States.

BURIED ALIVE FOR MANY DAYS.

Thirty-two Victims Covered with the Debris of the Shamaka Earthquake Are Rescued.

BAKU, Transcaucasia, Feb. 20.—During the course of the search today for bodies of victims of the recent earthquake at Shamaka thirty-two persons were disentombed alive.

The seismic disturbances at Shamaka have recommenced and a fresh volcano began to erupt vigorously last Wednesday.

The number of killed in the Shamaka district is now estimated at 5,000.

"Kah-I-Noor" capping ink pencils are the best fountain pens.

FOREIGN OFFICE FEARS TO TALK.

Lord Cranborne Decides It Is Better Not to Start New Controversy.

CANADA IS INDIGNANT.

Chamberlain Censured for His Desire to Divert Colonists to Africa.

BULLER CASE UP AGAIN.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 21, 3 a. m.—Lord Cranborne answered Henry Norman's questions respecting Russian control of New Chwang with extreme caution, and declined to be drawn into a discussion of the Anglo-Japanese treaty.

His wariness is the natural effect of the bad luck attending his recent explanations of the relations of the United States and Great Britain at the outbreak of the war with Spain. The German Emperor profited by the opening offered by the Foreign office here and demonstrated the correctness of the attitude of the Berlin government a week before the war and his own part in the repudiating of responsibility for the ill-advised diplomatic experience. While the Berlin Foreign office and the press were incidentally unjust to Lord Pauncefote, the German Emperor on the whole came out well, since he was enabled to prove on the eve of Prince Henry's visit that the action of the German government toward the United States at the outbreak of the Spanish war had been as correct in form and as friendly in spirit as that of the British government.

Cranborne Avoids Mistake.

Lord Cranborne has evidently been annoyed by the sequel to the episode, and is now disposed to be taciturn when Norman becomes inquisitive.

The real explanation of the discomfiture of the Foreign office is the fact that the truth about the service rendered by England to the United States has not been and cannot be told. That service occurred at a period subsequent to the diplomatic council of which so much has recently been printed. It has been referred to guardedly in several of these dispatches.

England Was Ready to Act.

The British government while the hostilities were in progress threatened through a powerful Minister to join fleets with the United States navy if certain acts of European interference were attempted. This vigorous menace was communicated without doubt to European capitals and there was no intervention. While this service was rendered with decisive effect, there was no formal action by the Foreign office, and there is no documentary evidence that can ever be produced.

Chamberlain Offends Canada.

The strictures of the Canadian press on the reply of Chamberlain to the Welsh delegation are considered well founded by prominent Canadians here. They do not reprcach him for any feeling of unfriendliness to the Dominion, but charge him with a lack of tact in discriminating sharply between Canada and south Africa. They assert that when the Dominion government offered to do so much for the unfortunate Welsh colonists stranded in Patagonia, Chamberlain ought to have avoided the implication that the aid of the imperial government might have been invoked for sending them to Boer colonies but not to Canada. This is the opinion of a well informed Canadian.

New Light on Spion Kop.

Indefatigable as ever, Henry Norman has succeeded in inducing Balfour to throw some fresh light on the famous Spion Kop dispatches. It now seems that Buller contented himself with forwarding Warren's account of the battle, with two opinions on Warren's conduct. In both of these Buller adversely criticised his second in command, but the one in which he really spoke his mind was marked not necessarily for publication. Buller refused to write a connected story of the whole affair, and Balfour indignantly repudiates the suggestion that Buller was asked to tamper with the truth in order to please the War office.

Find Defects in Boer Camps.

The report of the women's commission of inquiry attributes the great mortality in the south African concentration camps to first the insanitary condition of the country caused by war; second, to causes within control of the inmates; and, thirdly, to causes within the control of the administration. The inquiries of women have resulted in the appointment of traveling inspectors, a revision of the ration scale, sanitary precautions against the spread of enteric fever, the increase in the supply of qualified doctors and nurses, a general provision of soup kitchens, the reorganization of four camps, and the dismissal of incompetent officials.

Berlin View of Hay's Note.

Secretary Hay's note to Russia on the Manchurian question is generally regarded in Berlin as a clear proof that the government of the United States, though it has not joined the Anglo-Japanese treaty, is nevertheless the consenting party to it. I. N. F.

NOW FOR NEW LIBERALISM.

Rosebery Declares Plainly He Is Not of Party Headed by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Feb. 21, 3 a. m.—As an outcome of the polemic concerning the relations between Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Lord Rosebery, and the Liberal party, Lord Rosebery has written to the Times declaring frankly that he remains outside of Sir Henry's tabernacle, but not, he thinks, in solitude.

"Let me add," continued Lord Rosebery, "one word: At this moment of definite separation nobody appreciates more heartily than I do the well-intentioned devotion of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman to the Liberal party and what he conceives to be its interest. I only wish I could have shared his labors and supported his policy."

The foregoing letter was called out by Sir Henry in a recent speech asking whether Lord Rosebery speaks "from the interior of our political tabernacle or from some vantage ground outside."

Lord Rosebery's reply, therefore, marks a definite separation from the Liberal party.

Referring to this matter editorially the Times remarks that the rupture is now complete, and that Lord Rosebery stands committed to action.

"He must know," says the Times, "that it is not enough to declare independence; he must adopt and pursue, with untiring energy a policy of reconstruction."

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. the celebrated cold and grip cure. 25 cents.

WINE FOR PRINCE A PROBLEM NOW.

Should He Drink to America in a Vintage from France or His Native Land?

HIS TOAST THE FEATURE.

Details Announced of Escort That Will Line the Streets from Depot to Hotel.

ASK CASH FOR ARMORY FETE

With what brand of wine will Prince Henry's glass be filled when he drinks the toast to America? This apparently insignificant question has stirred up more comment than many of the graver details of the program that is being arranged for the entertainment of his Royal Highness during his stay in Chicago, for the toast is the feature of the banquet. The desire of those who are arranging the festivities is that everything, even to the most minute details, be fitting, and that is why the question of what brand of wine shall be served the Prince is receiving such serious consideration.

The wine list at the dinner will, of course, include more than one brand, and Prince Henry will be given an opportunity to partake of such of them as his fancy chooses, but for the toast, which it is announced he will drink to America, it is argued by many his glass should be filled with a typical product of his own country.

However, there are others who declare that champagne would be more proper. American wine is practically out of the question, and the situation has resolved itself down to a spirited controversy between the champions of Rhine and champagne. Meanwhile representatives of different wine houses are doing their share in behalf of their respective products.

From Depot to Auditorium.

The Committee on Arrangements has arrived at the "bulletin stage" of its efforts, and last night completed detailed plans for the Prince's reception at the Union Station and the trip to the Auditorium. The Prince's carriage will stop directly opposite the main gate at the station, and from the time he alights until he reaches his rooms in the hotel he will be practically surrounded by police. The entire space over which his carriage will pass in going from the station to the hotel will be guarded.

At the station a triangle will be formed with the gate as the apex and Prince Henry's coach as the base. In the hollow of the triangle Prince Henry will be received. From there two long rows of police will line both sides of Jackson boulevard and Michigan avenue to the hotel.

Cavalry Guard Decided On.

Immediately in front of the main entrance to the station a cavalry escore of fifty men, commanded by Colonel Young, will be drawn up at the west curb line of Canal street, and at the intersection of Canal street and Jackson boulevard a detail of West Park police will join the line of regular police in guarding the intersection. Another detail of mounted South Park police will await the coming of the procession at the east approach of the bridge in Jackson boulevard and will precede the cavalry escort to the hotel, where they will form a line across Michigan avenue at a point about midway of Congress street.

The order of carriages and their occupants has not yet been decided on, but will be announced within a few days. Printed copies of the details will be placed in the hands of every one having anything to do with the reception of the Prince so as to avoid confusion.

Prince Henry will ride to the hotel amid a blaze of red fire. One thousand ex-German soldiers under August Eschemann, L. Tanzer, and Martin Gass will line up between the policemen guarding the way, and will burn red fire torches as the Prince's carriage passes. In addition lights will blaze from business houses along the way.

The committee agreed yesterday that no dinner should be given for the Prince after the ball. It is probable a simple buffet supper will be served to all guests at the ball, and the Prince and other distinguished guests will join in this.

Want Decorations for Armory.

Those who are more particularly interested in the First Regiment Armory German-American demonstration than any other feature of the entertainment planned for Prince Henry are in a quandary over decorations. They complain of being short of funds and will appeal to the Finance committee for more money. They at first thought $600 would be sufficient to decorate the Armory in fitting style, but this has been found to be inadequate, and they are complaining that too much money is to be expended on the Auditorium to the neglect of the armory.

PRINCE'S VISIT TO CONGRESS.

Kaiser's Brother to Be Entertained by Both House and Senate Next Monday.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Arrangements have been completed for the reception of Prince Henry when he comes to the Capitol next Monday afternoon. The Prince will be accompanied by Ambassador von Holleben and the members of his staff. The party will arrive about 4 o'clock. A committee of members of the House will be in waiting to receive him, as the visit to the Senate will have to be made later, owing to the taking of the vote on the Philippine bill at 4 o'clock. Representatives Grosvenor and Hitt and one Democratic member, probably Representative Dinsmore, will constitute the committee. The Prince will be escorted first to Speaker Henderson's private office, and later to the Speaker's reserved seats in the gallery. One of the appropriation bills will be under consideration at that time.

Later Prince Henry will occupy the Ways and Means committee room for a time in order that members of the House may be presented to him in person.

At the conclusion of the presentations of members to Prince Henry, the committee will escort the Prince to the rotunda, where a committee of Senators will meet him and give the visitor the courtesies of the Senate.

At McKinley Memorial.

On the following Thursday, when Prince Henry attends the McKinley memorial exercises in the House of Representatives, he will occupy a seat immediately alongside of President Roosevelt, who, with his Cabinet, will be in the area to the left of the Speaker. On entering the chamber the Prince will be announced as "Prince Henry of Prussia, Admiral of the German navy."

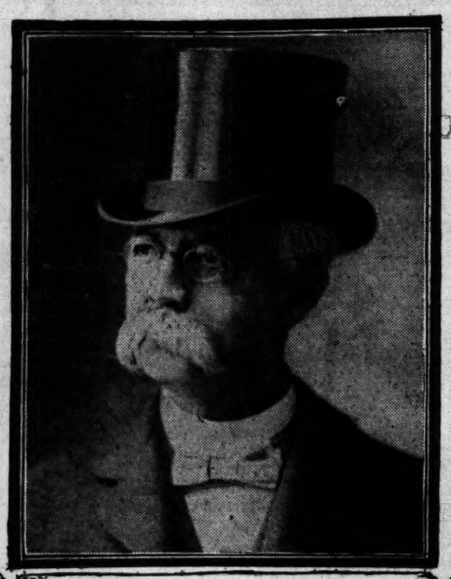
Meet in New York Today.

A meeting of the President's delegates, Assistant Secretary Hill of the State department, Adjutant General Corbin, and Rear Admiral Evans, will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York City tomorrow afternoon. Prince Henry will make his first appearance to the American people in the capacity of an Admiral in the imperial German navy and will wear the uniform of that rank. General Corbin and Rear Admiral Evans will appear in full dress uniform on all formal occasions.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book, containing 116 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud, and other noted chiefs; Custer's battle ground; and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes, dating back to 1800. Price 25 cents per copy. On sale at ticket office, Chicago and Northwestern Railway, 212 Clark street.

PARSON-SHERIFF SPEAKS HERE TOMORROW.



SAMUEL F. PEARSON.

Mr. Pearson left his pulpit in Portland, Me., to run for Sheriff on the prohibition ticket, and surprised Republican and Democratic politicians by his successful campaign. His crusade as Sheriff against liquor dealers developed many interesting conditions, and he will relate them at the Minnehaha club's Washington birthday celebration.

POLICE ATTACK A CITIZEN

FOUR MEN OF EAST CHICAGO AVENUE STATION ACCUSED.

H. F. Travers Says He Was Stopped by Quartet of Detectives While on His Way to His Residence, and Because His Answers Were Unsatisfactory Was Brutally Beaten—Will Appear at Roll Call This Morning and Attempt to Identify His Assailants.

Four detectives of the East Chicago Avenue Station are charged by H. F. Travers, 196 La Salle avenue, with having made an unprovoked attack upon him. The policemen are not known to him. He will be asked to identify his assailants at 9 o'clock this morning, when they are in line for roll call.

Travers ran into the police station at about 4 o'clock yesterday morning with his head and face covered with blood. He complained to Desk Sergeant Otto Schifter that he had been beaten by men who claimed to be policemen in the alley between La Salle avenue and Clark street. He said he was on his way to his home when he was halted.

Halted and Attacked.

"I have been here only a short time from New York," he said, "and had been out with some friends. We had a few drinks, and I was hurrying to my room. The first thing I knew I was stopped and turned about. I was asked who I was and where I was going.

"The answer did not seem to satisfy the men, and I asked what right they had to stop me. Then they said they were policemen and one of them showed me a star. I told them I was going home, and one of them, a tall man, slapped me in the face and said to go on. I objected to such treatment, and the result was I was beaten over the head and face until I could not see because of the blood."

Says He Can Identify Men.

Travers was told to report the matter to Captain John Revere, and he did so last night. He said he could identify the men, and was asked to come into the station and pick them out this morning. He said he would do so.

Travers claimed to be a newspaper man, until recently in the employ of New York papers.

FEAR ICE GORGES IN RIVERS.

Danger of Great Flood and Heavy Loss in Allegheny, Monongehela, and Ohio Valleys.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 20.—A sleet-storm tonight, with rapidly moderating weather and two days of rain predicted, threatens great danger from gorges of ice in the Allegheny and Monongehala Rivers. The obstructions are of the most serious character and menace river craft moored between this point and Wheeling. Should the rains bring down the heavy snows from up-river points the flood is likely to be a record-breaker.

The gorge in the Allegheny extends from Pittsburg seventy miles up the river, and varies in thickness from five to sixteen feet. The ice is frozen to the bottom of the river in many places and is damming the water.

The gorge in the Monongahela is not feared so much because the numerous dams will serve to break the ice.

The situation was made worse today by the formation of a gorge in the Youghiogheny at Versailles.

KANSAS POPULISTS MEET TODAY

Party Split in Two Factions, One Favoring Surrender to Democrats, Other the Present Alliance.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Five hundred Kansas Populists have arrived in Topeka for the State conference to decide upon the future policy of their party. An informal meeting was held in Representative Hall this noon with speech making the principal feature. The conference will convene for business at 10 a. m. tomorrow.

For a month there has been a fierce contest between one faction, headed by Jerry Simpson, which wants to deliver the Populist party to the Democrats. The other faction, led by State Chairman Ridgley, wants the party to go it alone in the future.

A conservative element has lately sprung up which suggests a compromise that perhaps will be adopted. United States Senator W. A. Harris, who has been allied with Simpson, arrived from Washington today and cast his lot with the conservatives.

REFUSE TO AID M'KINLEY FUND.

Illinois Miners Hiss Loudly at Suggestion That $50 Be Contributed Toward National Memorial.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—A storm of hisses was brought forth from the floor of the convention hall this afternoon when a motion was introduced into the United Mine Workers' convention to appropriate $50 for the fund which the trades unions are raising for the erection of a memorial to the late President McKinley.

The proposition was defeated almost unanimously, and tonight the explanation is being offered that they were not hissing President McKinley's name, but the man who introduced the resolution.

$25 to California and the Northwest

Via Chicago and Alton Ry., the Pioneer Tourist Party Route. Twice a week sleeping cars in charge of special managers through to California make the way attractive and secure. See display "ad." elsewhere in this paper, and if interested in a Western trip send name and address to R. Somerville, G. A. P. D., Chicago and Alton Ry., 101 Adams street, Chicago.

ILL HEALTH LEADS TO SUICIDE.

Chicago Man Ends His Life in Sanitarium—Lack of Work Causes Another to Shoot Himself.

Telegrams from Alma, Mich., yesterday reported the death by suicide of Herman A. Breytspraak, who lived at 2929 Cottage Grove avenue. He had been in ill-health for some time, and four weeks ago was taken to the Alma Sanitarium.

Mr. Breytspraak had been with A. C. McClurg & Co. for twenty years and was a buyer for the stationery and fancy goods department. A widow and four children survive him. Despondency over ill-health is thought to have caused him to kill himself. He was 50 years old.

His wife's appeal for funds, which he was unable to supply, it is thought, caused Charles Neuchterlein to commit suicide in the warerooms of Tyler & Hippach, 78 Van Buren street yesterday. He had applied for work there without success. Then he placed a revolver to his left temple and fired. Death was instantaneous. The act evidently was premeditated, for on a letter received from his wife bearing the postmark of Lombard, Ill., Neuchterlein had written: "My father is at 106 Bridge street, Grand Rapids, Mich. My wife is at Lombard, Ill., with my 7-year-old daughter." The body was removed to Rolston's undertaking-rooms.

NOTED FRENCHMAN HERE TODAY

Baron 'Estournelles de Constant Will Speak at Union League Club's Washington Birthday Exercises.

Baron 'Estournelles de Constant, one of the three commissioners to locate the French industrial school and who will speak at the Washington birthday exercises of the Union league club, will arrive here today. He will inspect the University of Chicago on Monday, and will address the students on "Results of the Peace Conference of The Hague," where he was a representative of his government.

The Baron and M. Lazarre Weiller, another of the commissioners, will be guests at a dinner in the Auditorium Hotel given by Chicago business-men next Tuesday evening, the anniversary of Victor Hugo's birth. The hosts will be:

George E. Adams,	Marshall Field,
J. Ogden Armour,	J. J. Glessner,
A. C. Bartlett,	W. R. Harper,
Z. T. Brosseau,	Marvin Hughitt,
Arthur J. Caton,	Charles L. Hutchinson,
W. J. Chalmers,	Robert T. Lincoln,
Charles R. Crane,	Franklin MacVeagh,
James Deering,	Robert Mather,
A. J. Earling,	Cyrus H. McCormick,
J. H. Eckels,	Ferdinand W. Peck,
J. V. Farwell Jr.,	A. A. Sprague.

TANGLE IN POLICY SHOP CASES.

Circuit Court Asked to Prohibit Justice Underwood from Taking Jurisdiction of the Hearing.

The Circuit Court has been asked for a writ prohibiting Justice Underwood from taking jurisdiction over the policy shop cases in which there are over ninety defendants. Justice Underwood has been cited to appear before Judge Tuthill on March 4 to show cause why the writ should not be issued. When the cases were called originally before Justice Hall the defendants asked a change of venue. Justice Prindiville, the nearest justice, was out of the city, and the prosecution brought in Justice Underwood to preside in the former's court. The cases were then transferred to that docket. The defense, it is said, desired another justice, and denied Underwood's jurisdiction. To test the point the writ of prohibition was asked for, which serves as a further delay of the cases.

BRINGS AN ALLEGED DYNAMITER

Detective Thompson Returns George McFarland for Trial on Charge of Stone Yard Wrecking.

After a ride of 2,200 miles manacled to a prisoner, Detective Sergeant John Thompson of Central Station arrived in Chicago yesterday morning bringing George McFarland, former treasurer of a stonecutters' union, who had been captured at Boise City, Idaho. McFarland is wanted in Chicago in connection with the alleged conspiracy to blow up stonecutting machines in the stone yards of Patrick Edgerton & Sons, 3701 Stewart avenue, and the yards of Ernest Heidmeier, Cologne and Main streets. Frank Hardy was arrested at the time and subsequently, it is said, he made a confession. This implicated McFarland and Beck Moriarity, Michael Fitzgerald, and Louis Stilitzky.

OAK PARK HAS A GLOBE TROT.

Women of the Second Congregational Church Take Their Guests Around the World.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Second Congregational Church of Oak Park last evening gave a "Tour of the World." The first stop was at Boston, the residence of Mrs. B. W. Tirman, 506 North Elmwood avenue. Next the party visited Amsterdam, the residence of F. E. Ballard, 311 South Sixty-fourth avenue, and then came Pekin, China, the house of George Cuthbertson, 418 South Scoville avenue. Tokio was the name given to the residence of S. S. Rogers, which was the last stop. The tourists traveled on bobsleds.

Wants Seed for Truck Gardens.

Secretary E. P. Bicknell of the Chicago Bureau of Charities wants persons who receive packages of seed from their Congressmen and have no use for them to forward them to the offices of the bureau in the Unity Building. The seed will be distributed to the poor people who attend the truck gardens in the outlying districts.

Every One Who Has Ever

used S. H. & M. skirt binding is satisfied with it. No substitute equals it. Be sure you find the trade mark S. H. & M. on the back when you buy.

PARSON IN SHERIFF'S ROLE

PRODUCT OF MAINE PROHIBITION POLITICS TO SPEAK HERE.

Samuel F. Pearson, Who Came Down from His Pulpit and Surprised Republicans and Democrats by His Successful Campaign, Will Address the Minnehaha Club's Washington Birthday Celebration — Mementos of His Crusade Will Be Shown.

Samuel F. Pearson, the preacher-Sheriff of Portland, Me., who came down from his pulpit and made a successful campaign against Republican and Democratic candidates, will address the Minnehaha club tomorrow. The occasion will be a Washington's birthday celebration in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium, and at 3 p. m. the visitor will relate his experience in crushing the saloon in his county.

Sheriff Pearson is 59 years of age—a white-haired, faultlessly dressed, energetic little man with the pluck and determination of a giant. When he accepted the nomination of the Prohibition party for Sheriff of Cumberland County, little more than a year ago, the politicians laughed. The Prohibitionists had cast so few votes in the previous election that they were not entitled to a place on the official ballot. Electing a county officer with nothing but "stickers" had been up to that time unknown. The office of Sheriff was yielding a revenue of about $10,000 a year, and gradually the succeeding Sheriffs had been paying less attention to enforcing the prohibitory laws.

Surprise for Politicians.

In the fall of 1900 Mr. Pearson, candidate for Sheriff, went on to the stump. The incumbent, who was a candidate for re-election, took it for granted the 2,500 majority received at the previous election would insure his retention in office. Not until within two weeks of election day did he realize that the outcome was in doubt. It was then too late. The seeds of discontent had been well sown. Mr. Pearson swept the county and had several hundred votes to spare over the Republican and Democratic nominees.

Sheriff Pearson's first year of service has been a troublesome period for the liquor sellers. From about 300 the number of saloons has been reduced to about twenty-five in Portland, a city of 50,000 inhabitants. Liquor sellers have been driven to their wits' ends to devise ways of outwitting the Sheriff and his force. In one saloon nothing of an intoxicating nature could be found, but in the solid wall of a vacant tenement overhead was sunken a copper tank, to which was attached a small lead pipe, with an outlet concealed in a toilet room.

Horse Stall a Liquor Store.

A wholesale liquor dealer, one of the first to be driven out of business by the parson-Sheriff, had a secret storehouse beneath his horse stall. One day the officers backed out his span on the stable floor, and, finding a secret spring, manipulated it, and the whole stall swung on center hinges and showed a spacious liquor repository.

A water faucet in a Pleasant street tenement house which the deputies had frequently visited was found to be equipped with a secret shutoff and connected with a whisky tank in the top story. The tank was sunken in a chamber floor beneath a bed. In the same chamber was another hiding place, a hole in the floor, covered by a small stand on which reposed the family Bible.

Will Exhibit Relics.

The deputies have found a number of body cans. These are tin cans, crescent shaped, holding about a gallon each. They fit closely over the chest of the carrier, and can readily be concealed beneath his overcoat. Several of these body cans the Sheriff will exhibit to the Minnehaha club. He will also show a cane which was taken from a whisky peddler. The handle is a stopper, and a sheath within the cane holds ten drinks.

Sheriff Pearson is an interesting talker. He never hesitates to call things by their real names. He had been ill, but left his bed on Monday, and the following day started for a Massachusetts city to fill a lecture engagement. He left there for Chicago on Wednesday, and is due to arrive here this morning.

KENTUCKY DUEL MAY BE FATAL.

Alfred Witherspoon, President of Lawrenceburg Bank, Shot by Judge Porter Walker.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Alfred Witherspoon, President of the First National Bank here, is in a precarious condition at his home and Judge Porter Walker is under official surveillance as the result of a pistol duel today.

The bad feeling has been of long standing and when the men met Walker drew first and fired point blank at Witherspoon, who had ducked as if to dodge a blow. It appears that his revolver had fastened in his pocket and he turned to release it with his left hand when Walker fired a second shot, which grazed his shoulder.

Before he could bring his gun into play, however, Judge Walker had fired a third shot, which struck Witherspoon in the back below and to the left of the right shoulder. Walker gave himself up, but was released on his own recognizance. Witherspoon was removed to his home, where his life is despaired of. His brother, Horace Witherspoon, after killing two men, was himself killed by a man named Portwood.

INSANE NEGRO CAUSES PANIC.

Washington A. Hunt Creates Disturbance in Baltimore Before He Is Captured and Tied.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Washington A. Hunt, an insane negro, caused a panic in the shopping district today. After attacking four women, one policeman, several boys, and a number of men he was overpowered and taken to a police station, crying out that he saw two suns in the heaven and that he was commissioned to wipe out one of them.

He ran through Lexington street, throwing women and children off the sidewalk. He tried to hurl a boy through a plate-glass window, and, picking up a young woman, raised her above his head and was about to dash her upon the pavement when seized.

ILLINOIS SENIOR ELECTIONS.

Carl Lundgren of Marengo Chosen President for the Coming Year.

Urbana, Ill., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Carl Lundgren of Marengo, a senior in engineering, was elected President of the senior class today at the University of Illinois. Mr. Lundgren is Captain of this year's baseball team and is a football player. The other officers elected were, Vice President, Miss Luis; Secretary, H. A. Roberts; Treasurer, C. W. Malcolm; Sergeant at Arms, Frank Collins. R. P. Bundy was selected class orator, E. L. Poor was elected hatchet orator, Miss Emil Draper class historian, and Miss Ethel Dobbins class prophet.

QUITS THE FIREMEN'S UNION.

Frank Rolandelli of Cincinnati Says He Cannot Countenance Present Brewery Fight There.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 20.—Frank Rolandelli, Vice President of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, today sent his resignation to the national headquarters at Chicago. He declares that the pending trouble between the engineers and firemen and the Brewery Workers' union of this city is a conspiracy on the part of the stationary engineers and firemen to wreck the Brewery Workers' union and that he can no longer indorse the action of his union.

Chicagoan Guilty of Forgery.

Mankato, Minn., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—J. I. Moore of Chicago was found guilty of forgery today and sentenced to five and one-half years in Stillwater penitentiary. Moore sold some land to a North Dakota man last summer and forged the purchaser's note and mortgage, getting $400 by the transaction.

TRYING TO SOLVE TROSTEL WRECK.

Coroner's Jury Elicits Many Surmises, but Only a Few Positive Facts.

ELLICOTT ON THE STAND.

He Thinks Crude Oil May Have Been Incidental Cause, but Not Primary.

PINTSCH MAINS TESTED.

The Coroner's jury investigating the explosion in the Trostel market examined a number of the most important witnesses yesterday, but learned little of a positive nature. It was found that the examination of the four-inch main of the Pintsch company in Archer avenue amounted to nothing, for the reason that there was no gas in it at the time it was laid bare and tested for leaks.

City Electrician Ellicott gave a choice of three theories, comprising the gas and crude oil fumes in the sewers; the natural leakage of gas mains and its accumulation under frozen ground; and the broken service pipe found in Trostel's basement.

Superintendent C. H. Peterson of the Pintsch company told of the operations of its lines, and, in the face of numerous witnesses who had sworn to making complaints of leaking gas to the company, its employés testified that the only complaints received from the neighborhood of Archer avenue and Twenty-second street prior to the explosion were on account of "no gas."

Ventilation of Sewers Urged.

City Electrician Ellicott arraigned the gas company for not providing mechanical apparatus for ventilating the sewers and conduits. He had been laboring with the gas companies for three years in vain to have them adopt this preventive.

It is hoped to have a verdict tomorrow afternoon. Nothing positive has been told which would locate the blame for the disaster. It is believed the verdict of the jury will include a mention of the People's Gas-light and Coke company and the Pintsch Compressing company, which was shown to be an offshoot of the former concern in Chicago.

Mr. Ellicott began his testimony by saying that he believed the broken service pipe in the Trostel basement to have been cracked before the explosion, according to the appearance of the break. This would place the responsibility on the Trostels. If this crack should have expanded for any cause enough gas could have escaped to have caused the explosion.

Effect of Crude Oil.

Concerning the oil in the sewers, he said: "The oil found in the basement may have been an incidental cause, but it was not the primary. If I should be compelled to make a choice of the three theories I should choose the general and natural leakage of gas in all mains, which cannot be stopped. Under frozen ground the gas follows the mains to an escape into some basement or any place where a pocket can be formed. Then an explosion is likely. I believe the sewer department should trace the source of the oil, and I think this jury ought to recommend a system of mechanical ventilation for all sewers and conduits."

Pintsch Mains Cement Covered.

From Superintendent Peterson's testimony it was learned that Pintsch gas mains are covered with a thick coating of cement to guard against all leaks and prevent electrolysis. This gas is piped at a pressure of 140 pounds.

The company is using a two-inch pipe which runs in the rear of the Trostel place. A second two-inch pipe runs alongside of this one, but it developed a leak in Purple street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-seconds streets, after being used a few hours, and this was abandoned at once. He believed that owing to its construction there could not have been any leakage from the four-inch main.

Just what has caused the odor in Archer avenue has not been agreed upon. The witnesses for the gas company with one voice call it sewer gas, and others say it is crude oil, illuminating or Pintsch gas.

Franklin R. Gentry, chief complaint clerk of the gas company, testified that he handled all complaints for the company and had received no notice of leaking pipes in the vicinity of the explosion for a month before it happened. This was in direct conflict with other evidence.

PROF. PEARSON WILL LECTURE.

His Subject Is Announced by a Lyceum Bureau—Definite Dates Later.

Professor Charles W. Pearson of the Northwestern University has arranged, under the management of the American Lyceum bureau, to prepare and deliver a lecture entitled "The Bible and Modern Thought, or the Utility of the Higher Criticism."

The first lecture will be delivered in Evanston, the second in Chicago, during the week commencing March 2. Dates will be announced later.

The lecture will subsequently be delivered in nearly all the larger cities during the months of March and April.

In this lecture Professor Pearson will reply to some of his recent critics. He will spend the summer in Europe and resume his lecture season in the fall.

NOTABLE CASE UP ON APPEAL.

Counsel for Thomas G. Barker, Who Shot the Rev. John Kellar on Account of Mrs. Barker, Argues Case.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 20.—The appeal case of Thomas G. Barker, who was convicted in the Hudson County Court for the shooting of the Rev. John Kellar, came up before the Supreme Court this afternoon. The point raised by Barker's counsel was that the trial court erred in excluding testimony which was sought to be introduced at the trial to the effect that Mrs. Barker had told her husband of improper conduct toward her on the minister's part. Had this testimony been admitted, it was contended by Barker's counsel, it would have shown insanity. Chief Justice Gummere and the other members of the Supreme Court plied Mr. Kalisch, Barker's counsel, with questions and clearly intimated a disbelief that the excluded testimony would prove Barker's insanity.

ADD $88,000 TO HARVARD FUND.

Statement That $294,000 Was Needed to Secure Rockefeller Gift Results in Donations.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 20.—The publication of a statement that Harvard needed $294,000 to complete its medical school fund and get the $1,000,000 offered by John D. Rockefeller, resulted today in the receipt of contributions amounting to $88,000. This sum reduces the amount to be raised to complete the fund to $206,000.

WELL KNOWN PHYSICIAN KILLED

Dr. Richard Maurice Bucke Dies at London, Ont., as the Result of a Fall.

London, Ont., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Dr. Richard Maurice Bucke, superintendent of the London Asylum, and well known as an insanity expert and as the lifelong friend and literary executor of Walt Whitman, died this morning as the result of a fall.

SECRETS WOMEN KEEP AT THE PRICE OF SUFFERING.

A woman usually passes through several stages on her way to that condition of semi-invalidism which limits the activities of so many of her sex. For a time she suffers in silence and ignorance, not able to relate her sufferings to their proper cause—womanly disease. When, presently, she makes the discovery that her general health is related to the local womanly health, she casts about for help. She dislikes to see the physician, she shrinks from talking to a stranger of the intimate matters of her woman's life, and when at last misery drives her to the doctor, her modesty is up in arms at the faintest hint of examination, and she finds excuse to put the

matter off and goes home to endure another period of suffering.

It would seem a strange thing if the sacrifice of modesty were necessary to the restoration of womanly health. Such a sacrifice is not necessary. Women suffering from womanly ailments in almost all stages have found a perfect and permanent cure by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

A FREE OFFER.

To those women who suffer from disease in chronic form, Dr. Pierce offers the privilege of *free* consultation by letter, thus avoiding the unpleasant questionings, indelicate examinations and obnoxious local treatments deemed necessary by some local physicians. All correspondence held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

This offer of free consultation by letter should not be confused with offers of "free medical advice" which are made by persons without medical knowledge or experience, and who are barred, legally and professionally, from the practice of medicine. Though these people cannot practice medicine, because the law would be prompt to punish them, they can offer "free medical advice." Anybody can give advice without incurring the penalty of the law. It is well to remember, that the "medical" advice of an unqualified person, man or woman, is worse than worthless; it is absolutely dangerous.

As chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has, in a little more than thirty years, treated and cured hundreds of thousands of weak and sick women. Write, therefore, to Dr. Pierce, and get the opinion of a specialist upon your disease.

"About two years ago my health became very poor," writes Mrs. Winnie Hamilton, of Akron, Plymouth County, Iowa. "I suffered with pain and soreness in left side of abdomen and such bearing-down pains across me. Could scarcely walk at times, and would have to go to bed until I felt better. I was told by a physician that my complaint was ulceration of the uterus, but I got nothing for it at the time, but as I gradually grew worse I began to see that I must do something, and having read a great deal about Dr. Pierce's remedies, I resolved to consult him in regard to my complaint. I did so, and received an answer advising me to try his medicines —'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I procured the medicines as soon as I could and began the use of them. I have taken four bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and used also the local treatment advised by Dr. Pierce. I experienced relief almost from the first, as it almost immediately relieved the bearing-down pains, and in about two months' time I felt that my health was wonderfully improved. I can most heartily recommend Doctor Pierce's remedies to anyone suffering from any similar complaint, and feel sure that if they will consult Dr. Pierce, they need suffer no longer."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It establishes regularity, dries disagreeable and unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It is the best preparative for maternity, giving mental cheerfulness and physical strength and making the baby's advent practically painless. As a tonic for weak, worn-out, run-down women and nursing mothers, "Favorite Prescription" is unsurpassed. It is a pure vegetable preparation and cannot disagree with the most delicate constitution.

DON'T PUT IT OFF.

Do not delay the use of "Favorite Prescription" if you have any symptoms of womanly disease. Why drag around for years, enduring useless suffering, when a remedy that has cured hundreds of thousands of weak and sick women is right within your reach? Get "Favorite Prescription," take it, and be well.

"When I first commenced using Dr. Pierce's medicines," writes Mrs. Geo. A. Strong, of Gansevoort, Saratoga County, N. Y., "I was suffering from female weakness, a disagreeable drain, bearing-down pains, weak and tired feeling all the time. I dragged around in that way for two years, and then I began taking your medicine. After taking the first bottle I began to feel better. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and one vial of the 'Pleasant Pellets,' also used one bottle of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Now I feel like a new person. I can't thank you enough for your kind advice and the good your medicine has done me.

"I have a sister who is taking your medicine, and it is helping her."

Whenever a laxative medicine is required, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets with "Favorite Prescription," as they assist the action of that remedy.

Sometimes a dealer, tempted by the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious preparations, will offer a substitute for "Favorite Prescription" as "just as good." Judged by its records of cures of womanly ills, there is no other medicine just as good as "Favorite Prescription."

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

The questions which many a woman longs to ask are answered fully and freely in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This great book, containing more than a thousand large pages, is full of wisdom for women, both single and married. It is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

KILLS GIRL: SHOOTS HIMSELF.

Philadelphia Man, Aged 19 Years, Murders His Sick Sweetheart and Then Attempts Suicide.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 20.—Confined to her bed with a badly injured ankle, the result of a fall last week, Miss Gertrude Gothie, aged 22 years, was shot and killed today by her lover, George Sutton, aged 19 years, who, with his mother, had come to the young woman's home in West Philadelphia to call. Still standing beside the bed Sutton sent a bullet into his own breast, but hospital physicians say he will recover.

DECATUR MAYOR NOT GUILTY.

Jury Finds That Charles F. Shilling Had No Knowledge of Gambling and Open Saloons.

Decatur, Ill., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Mayor Charles F. Shilling, indicted for misfeasance in office, was declared "not guilty" on all counts by the jury in Judge Vail's court this morning, and Shilling was discharged. On the first ballot the vote was eight to four in favor of acquittal. Today the Rev. S. H. Bowyer and Attorney Buckingham left for Springfield to confer with President Anderson of the State Anti-Saloon league.

When Eastern zero weather drives shivering caddies home, go to California, the sunshine land, and play golf all winter under summer skies.

Ideal links at Coronado, San Diego, Santa Catalina, Redondo, Santa Monica, Los Angeles, Pasadena, Riverside, Redlands, Santa Barbara, San Francisco and Del Monte.

California For Golf In Winter Santa Fe

Exhibition games at Principal California resorts this winter by noted eastern experts.

The California Limited, daily, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Best train for best travelers.

Visit Grand Canyon of Arizona en route, now reached by rail.

Illustrated books—"Golf in California" and "To California and Back"—to cents.

Ticket Office, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry., 109 Adams-st., Chicago.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

What this wonderful medicine will do for you must be gathered from what it has done in the past. It has restored thousands of sickly people to good health during the past fifty years, and will not disappoint you now. It is a specific remedy for ailments of the stomach, liver and bowels, such as **dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, dizziness, or sick headache.** We urge you to try it. The genuine has our private stamp over the neck of the bottle.

All the Qualities

that mankind loves music for are embodied in

THE

VOSE

PIANO

This gives to the Vose an envied preeminence as a musical instrument.

Sold on easy terms and rented.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.

246 Wabash-av.

DR. A. H. PARKER,

America's Leading Expert in the Treatment and cure of

RUPTURE

Dr. Parker has had the honor, through their representatives, of treating successfully the Czar of Russia and other crowned heads of Europe and thousands of people who yearly have been restored to their natural condition and strength without the use of the surgeon's knife bear witness to the great skill and absolute reliability.

Charges from $1 to $14 where only a truss is required. Examination Free.

Call or write for free treatise.

DR. A. H. PARKER, 98 State-st., Chicago.

HAIR

DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial massage, Electrolysis, Shampooing, Turkish Baths, Wigs, Toupees, Hair Tonic, Hair Dye, Hair Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 State-st.

TRIBUNE ADS BRING RESULTS EVERY DAY

MERGER DECISION BLOW TO STOCKS.

President's Move Against Northern Securities Company Hits Wall Street.

WILD SCRAMBLE TO SELL.

Morgan, Hill, and Other Financiers Prepare for Fight, and Many Criticise the Act.

COMES AS A BIG SURPRISE.

New York, Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Wall street experienced a startling surprise today. The instruction of President Roosevelt to Attorney General Knox to begin proceedings looking to a dissolution of the Northern Securities company was not anticipated. It was expected that the Supreme Court would render a decision in the case now pending before that body on Monday, and no other action in the matter was looked for before then.

The market closed on Wednesday near the highest point for the day, but as the result of the announcement of the President's action there was a sharp decline of values when the market opened today. The trading was the third heaviest of any day of the year.

Great Excitement in Street.

The greatest excitement prevailed in Wall street, especially during the morning hours. Brokers' offices were crowded with customers eagerly scanning the bulletin boards. Even before the market opened telephone orders to sell poured in, and when the Stock Exchange gong sounded for the opening of business there was a wild scramble to sell.

Brokers who were on hand early expressed themselves as being chased, incredulous, and indignant. There was a decided disinclination to talk for publication, but there was no hesitancy in expressing feelings denouncing the action of the President. Only one man of prominence approved the movement. This was a well-known constitutional and corporation lawyer. He said:

"It is a good thing that the President will institute these proceedings, because this will hasten the solution of the whole puzzle. The people of the United States want to know just where they stand. If these securities companies do not violate the law the President's action will enable them to justify their existence. It is a quick way to a final settlement."

Financiers Refuse to Talk.

Colonel W. P. Clough, Fourth Vice President and counsel for the company, said he could not express any comment upon the situation, because of his relations to the proceedings now pending before the Supreme Court and others which might follow.

Jacob H. Schiff, head of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., which was largely instrumental in forming the combination, likewise declined to talk. Louis Heineheimer of this firm said:

"I cannot say anything, but I do not believe you will find any difference of opinion in Wall street on the subject."

Cannot Prevent Merger.

One of the important interests of the First National Bank said: "There is no occasion for any alarm over what may be accomplished by the President's proposed action. The fact remains that, no matter what is done, this consolidation is going to become an accomplished fact in one form or another. If the present merger is contrary to law, a merger which obeys the law will be effected. It is absolutely impossible to stop these consolidations so long as they are formed for legitimate purposes."

Similar expressions of opinion were made by interests in the National City Bank and at J. Pierpont Morgan & Co.'s. Members of this firm refused to talk for publication.

Morgan to Fight Case.

Mr. Morgan was in consultation during all the day with lawyers and others interested in the Northern Securities company deal, and it was made known that every legal step against the combine would be stubbornly contested.

A banker closely allied to the Morgan interests made this remark: "The business of the country appears to be conducted at Washington now."

Others pointed out the fact that this was the first time in years, with the exception of Cleveland's Venezuelan message, when Wall street was surprised by action of the government at Washington. Heretofore some inkling of prospective moves has generally reached the street. Not so in this case, however.

News Comes as Surprise.

The first news of the Attorney General's announcement reached New York late on Wednesday night. There was a conference of lawyers and bankers at the home of J. Pierpont Morgan. This conference did not end until the early hours of this morning. Subsequently to it Charles H. Steele of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. said:

"The opinion of Attorney General Knox came as a great surprise to us all. After the proposed bill in equity is filed we will be prepared to outline our defense. At present we are wholly in the dark, but I will say that in the event of any proceedings a long legal battle will ensue."

Hill Surprised, but Silent.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—All efforts to get a lengthy interview from J. J. Hill have proved futile. "I have nothing to say," has been his reply to all such queries. However, he admitted he was surprised that the federal government should have decided that the Northern Securities company was existing in violation of the Sherman law.

"Nothing could be further from the intentions of the company," said he. "But I have nothing to add to what has already been said since the company was organized."

Mr. Hill was occupied with his attorneys nearly all day and was flooded with telegrams. It is estimated that the value of his holdings of stock decreased $1,000,000 in the last twenty-four hours.

Van Sant Is Pleased.

Governor Van Sant expressed great satisfaction at the decision of the federal authorities, and Attorney General Douglass said he was not surprised, for he has been in communication with Attorney General Knox and knew his views regarding the merger. Attorney General Douglass said:

"The federal suit will in no way interfere with the case brought by Minnesota. We were limited to defendants other than citizens of Minnesota; nor could we proceed under the Sherman law. The federal authorities meet none of these limitations. With the Northern Securities company they can bring in also as defendants J. J. Hill, J. P. Morgan, or any other persons who are connected with the merger."

Chicago Sells in New York.

Chicago commission houses sold stocks persistently in the New York market yesterday as a result of the Northern Securities decision. Brokers' offices were well filled during the entire day with people watching the course of the market, notwithstanding small lines of stocks are held in Chicago commission houses now.

The announcement of the action to be taken by the government had no effect on the Chicago Stock Exchange.

MERGER CASE EXCITES CAPITAL.

Government's Bill Not to Be Filed Until Next Week—Aimed to Prevent Stock Panic.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The government's bill in equity to test the legality of the Northern railway merger will not be filed before the middle of next week, and probably not much before the end of the week. The contemplated action of the President and Attorney General in this matter caused more talk in Washington today than any other current event. Nearly all the President's visitors, even those strangers in Washington who called merely to pay their respects, had some word of commendation to say for the court before the Schley case or the railway merger, or both.

Sought to Prevent Stock Panic.

Communications of various kinds on the proposed action in the merger case from persons in New York were brought to the President's attention, and it was evident at the White House and the Department of Justice long before noon that the decision to proceed against the Northern Securities company was not popular at the financial center of the country.

Far from being heedless of the effect on business interests, there are good reasons to believe the announcement of the government's intention was made at this time in order that the financial disturbance might be as slight as possible. Had the announcement been deferred until after the decision of the Supreme Court in the Minnesota case, granting that the court's decision will be a denial of jurisdiction, the probable upward movement of stock prices would have been sharply reversed by the government's intention to proceed against the Securities company. As it is now, the feeling exists that today's disturbance in Wall street will not be repeated after the Supreme Court's decision, which is expected next week, and that the present excitement is not as serious as it would have been if the government's announcement had been deferred.

Even if the Supreme Court should decide that it has jurisdiction in the Minnesota case and should render an opinion in favor of the merger, the government's action under the Sherman anti-trust act would not be affected in any degree.

The most the Supreme Court can do, in the case now before it, is to decide that the laws of Minnesota have not been violated by the railway combination. That case is held by the Attorney General to be quite distinct from an action such as the administration now contemplates. The Minnesota case is much smaller, involving only the affairs of a single State. The coming action of the government instituted by President Roosevelt's direction is to determine the applicability of a federal law to the case in question.

The Attorney General sees no essential principle in the merger case which differentiates it from other cases which have been adversely decided by the Supreme Court. A combination of interests which affords the power, whether the power be used or not, or whether it is intended to be used or not, to control rates or eliminate competition, constitutes a violation of the Sherman act.

The terms of the long and carefully prepared statement recently given out in St. Paul by James J. Hill may be conceded, therefore, without affecting the power of the government to proceed under the Sherman act, according to the views of the Attorney General. In fact, it is believed some of the representations made by Mr. Hill in that statement may be used by the government in prosecuting the case.

The political effect of the President's action was freely discussed by Senators and members of Congress and in official circles generally today. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that the effect would be beneficial. The belief was expressed that the administration's move would prove to be popular with the people of the country.

ST. LOUIS LOSES FIGHT TO RAISE TAX ON FRANCHISES.

Supreme Court Denies Writ of Mandamus to Compel State Board to Assess Corporations at Higher Rate.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The Supreme Court has denied the writ of mandamus asked by the St. Louis School board against the State Board of Equalization. All the Judges concurred in the decision.

Judge Rombauer applied for the writ for the purpose of compelling the Board of Equalization to assess the franchises of twenty-one St. Louis corporations at their full valuation rather than at one-third of their total valuation.

It is estimated that an increase of the assessments on the franchises of public service companies to their full valuation would add $300,000 to the annual income of the city.

MAY STAY AT GROTON SUNDAY.

Theodore Roosevelt Jr. Greatly Improved, but Due Care Will Be Taken to Avoid Relapse.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 20.—The condition of Theodore Roosevelt Jr., was pronounced excellent today. While the progress of the sick boy has been satisfactory in every respect, Mrs. Roosevelt is unwilling to take any step which might prove detrimental to him, and expresses a doubt if she will start for Washington before Saturday, and probably not before early next week.

COED LEADER AT UNIVERSITY PROMENADE.

MISS MADELINE HARDING

Scores of coeds in evening gowns will be formed into a huge "C" as the final figure of the grand march at Washington promenade tonight, the principal social event at the University of Chicago. Miss Madeline Harding will lead the college girls in the march and Lees Ballinger will direct the young men who will form in line at the side of the coeds in the final figure of the grand march. The dance, which is given each year on the eve of Washington's birthday or close to that date, is to be held at Bournique's. More than 100 couples will attend the dance, which is given under the direction of the senior class of the university. This will be the ninth successive Washington promenade given by the students of the University of Chicago.

TO BE JOHN DREW'S LEADING WOMAN.

MISS MARGARET DALE.

Margaret Dale, who is now playing a minor part in "The Wilderness" in New York, has been selected for the position of leading woman in John Drew's company next season, to succeed Ida Conquest, who is to create a new rôle in another production. Miss Dale's home is at Germantown, Pa. She made her début at the Girard Theater in Philadelphia three years ago, and achieved success as leading woman in Henry Miller's company.

DAWES RECRUITS AGAINST LORIMER

Club Formed to Boom Former for Senate and Fight Methods of Latter.

A. H. REVELL AT HEAD.

La Verne W. Noyes, Temporary Chairman, Announces Object of Meeting.

CALL FOR CONVENTIONS.

With a declaration of war against ex-Congressman William Lorimer, his methods, and his control of Governor Yates and the State government, more than 100 businessmen of Chicago and Evanston organized the Charles G. Dawes Republican Club of Cook County at the Palmer House yesterday afternoon. The battle for Mr. Dawes for United States Senator will have for its foremost object the stamping out of Lorimerism and the routing of the Lorimer-Yates-Hopkins political combine.

"Blond boss," "evil genius of politics," and director of the "worst element of the Republican party" were among the terms applied to the politician against whom the new organization has arrayed itself.

A. H. Revell Chosen President.

By unanimous vote Alexander H. Revell was elected President. Mr. Revell is now at Palm Beach, but will return soon to take up practical work. A political action committee will be named to arrange for public meetings, and the fight will be carried into every corner of Cook County and the State.

The meeting was called to order by Lafayette McWilliams. La Verne W. Noyes, temporary chairman, announced the object of the organization and its plan of campaign. He said that in 1896 Mr. Dawes aided in rescuing the State "from the worst element of the Republican party."

"In 1900," he continued, "it was resolved by a few of the public-spirited citizens of Chicago to try to wrest the State from this evil political genius again. A comparatively small band undertook the seemingly impossible task. The forces on one side were backed by our scandalous State government, and under the leadership of the blond boss, with an almost perfect organization and an abundance of funds."

"We were victorious in our effort," he concluded, "to dislodge the blond boss from his stronghold, however unfortunate we have been since in having him capture our guns and retake all that we had rescued from him. We have again to furnish the people a leader to make this fight. I know of no one who can take that leadership with such confidence and such certainty of success as Charles G. Dawes."

Vice Presidents and Directors.

Addresses along this line were made by Mayor Patten of Evanston, Curtis H. Remy, Graeme Stewart, and Frederick A. Smith. Clyde A. Morrison was elected secretary and D. A. Moulton treasurer, and the following Vice Presidents were named:

La Verne W. Noyes, James A. Patten, Frederick A. Smith, B. E. Sunny, Frank G. Logan, Edgar F. Soper, William H. Bartlett, Edward G. Pauling, Lafayette McWilliams, John S. Miller, John McLaren, E. S. Blackwelder, R. S. Lyon, Albert Reckel, George Dietrich.

The directors include Wilton C. Smith, Francis Beidler, Frank L. Gerwig, John A. Gouger, Edmond F. Dodge, J. L. Fulton, and Albert E. Dacy. Regular meetings will be held the third Thursday of each month. Permanent headquarters will be established, probably at the Palmer House.

Call for the Conventions.

The Republican County committee during the afternoon issued the call fixing the Aldermanic and town primaries for Friday, March 7. The basis of representation was fixed at one delegate for each 200 Republican voters, with but few exceptions. In the Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Twentieth, and Thirty-second Wards the Aldermanic delegates will be selected on a basis of one to each 100 Republican voters. The Thirty-fourth Ward, Chairman Lorimer's home district, and the Twenty-seventh were allowed one delegate to each fifty Republican voters.

Aldermanic conventions will be held as follows:

Ward.		Ward.	
1	March 10, 8 p. m.	19	March 12, 9 p. m.
2	March 10, 8 p. m.	20	March 8, 8 p. m.
3	March 8, 8 p. m.	21	March 10, 8 p. m.
4	March 10, 8 p. m.	22	March 10, 8 p. m.
5	March 10, 8 p. m.	23	March 10, 8 p. m.
6	March 5, 10 a. m.	24	March 10, 8 p. m.
7	March 8, 8 p. m.	25	March 7, 8 p. m.
8	March 8, 8 p. m.	26	March 7, 8 p. m.
9	March 8, 8 p. m.	27	March 7, 8:30 p. m.
10	March 15, 8 p. m.	28	March 7, 9 p. m.
11	March 15, 8 p. m.	29	March 10, 8 p. m.
12	March 10, 8 p. m.	30	March 7, 9 p. m.
13	March 7, 9 p. m.	31	March 8, 8 p. m.
14	March 7, 9 p. m.	32	March 7, 9 p. m.
15	March 7, 9 p. m.	33	March 8, 8 p. m.
16	March 7, 9 p. m.	34	March 8, 8 p. m.
17	March 7, 8:30 p. m.	35	March 10, 8:30 p. m.
18	March 10, 8 p. m.		

Town conventions will be held as follows:

South—Arlington Hall, March 8, 10 a. m.
North—North Side Turner Hall, March 8, 8:30 p. m.
West—Bricklayers' Hall, March 8, 10 a. m.
Hyde—Grand Crossing Turner Hall, March 10, 8 p. m.
Lake—6142 South Halsted street, March 8, 4 p. m.
Lake View—Lincoln Turner Hall, March 7, 9 p. m.
Jefferson—Jefferson Park clubhouse, March 7, 8 p. m.
Cicero—Morton Park clubhouse, March 8, 2 p. m.

Democratic Committee to Meet.

The Democratic County committee will meet this afternoon and name March 8 as the day for the Aldermanic and town primaries. The proposition to create a "City Central committee" is expected to pass.

ALDERMAN TO TRY NEW THEORY

W. J. Brennan Will Refuse Party Nomination and Run Independently on Principle.

That members of the City Council should not be elected to that body as candidates of any political party but as absolute "independents" is the proposition advanced by Alderman William J. Brennan.

"An Alderman elected on a party ticket," he asserts, "may profess to be non-partisan, but he still wears the stamp of the political party. If a public official discharges his whole duty to his constituents he cannot be popular with the corporations which operate under franchises, over which he, in a measure, has control."

Alderman Brennan proposes to set an example of this theory, and asserts that if his name goes on the ballot it will be placed there by petition. He takes this position in a formal letter sent to Mayor Harrison yesterday.

"I feel it my duty to take this advanced step in municipal politics," Mr. Brennan assures the Mayor, "and while I realize that I may be defeated if my friends insist on my running by petition, I feel that my defeat would be of small moment were it to bring about absolute non-partisan election of city officials."

Brennan is one of the Democratic Aldermen whom Mayor Harrison declares he will personally assist for reelection. The Mayor's political advisers say that Mr. Brennan can have renomination for the asking.

Republicans of the Twenty-fourth Ward assert that Alderman Ehlefeldt will be retired. John H. Fitcher is being pressed to make the race. The Democrats are urging ex-Alderman Schlake to make another fight. Michael C. Walsh is seeking the nomination in the Thirtieth Ward.

The report that Alderman Palmer will be sent to the State Senate, so that both Aldermen Goldzier and Minwegen can be returned from the Twenty-first Ward, is laughed at as impossible. The Voters' league has not given up hope that Mr. Goldzier will move to the Twenty-second Ward.

WILD ACT OF BANK ROBBER

AMERICAN KILLS MEXICAN CASHIER AND HIMSELF.

Well Dressed Stranger Enters Big Financial Institution at City of Mexico, Orders Official to Give Up Money, Shoots Him, and, Seeing Capture Is Inevitable, Commits Suicide—Crowd Sees the Attempt—Leaves No Clew to Identity.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—A daring attempt was made to rob the London and Mexico Bank, one of the strongest financial concerns in the City of Mexico, by an unknown robber, who, after killing the cashier and seeing that he would be captured, blew his own brains out.

At an hour when business was slack and when no one but employés was in the bank, the robber entered the building, and, unobserved, made his way to the vault, near which was the cashier, whom he covered with a pistol and demanded that he give up the money in his custody. Upon the cashier's refusal the robber fired, the bullet striking the cashier in the head, killing him instantly. Other employés made a rush for the robber, who fired three shots at them without effect, and, as the men continued to advance, and, seeing that his capture was inevitable, the robber turned his pistol on himself and sent a bullet through his brain, dying instantly in the bank.

The dead robber had no papers or any article on his body that would serve to identify him, other than that he was an American nothing of him is known. He was well dressed, wore a full beard well trimmed, and was about 45 years of age. His general appearance was that of a well to do businessman.

CORONER'S JURY BLAMES TWO MEN IN MYRTLE GALE CASE.

Dr. Charles Woodward and Walter Foster Accused in Connection with Northwestern Girl's Death.

Aurora, Ill., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The Coroner's jury in the Myrtle Gale case completed its seventh session today, and, after an all day's session, at which nine witnesses were examined, returned a verdict that Myrtle Gale came to her death by blood poisoning resulting from an unlawful operation, and holding Dr. Charles Woodward and Walter Foster. Both men have been indicted by the grand jury.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

GOOD LAKE VIEW. GOOD CHICAGO AVE. GOOD 14th ST. GOOD HYDE PARK.

Rogers Park, Central Park avenue, and Austin, good.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie avenue. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street, except the Stock Yards. The Rogers Park station supplies the district from Devon avenue north to the city limits.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE Chicago Postoffice today, Feb. 21, as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 12 m.

For Jamaica, via Boston, 12 p. m.

For Cuba, 5 p. m.

For Alaska, 6 p. m.

For Guadeloupe, Martinique, Barbados, and British Guiana, and for Dutch and French Guiana, via British Guiana, 4:30 p. m.

For Hawaii, Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, via San Francisco, S. S. Nippon Maru, 9 p. m.

For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, S. S. Etruria, 9:30 a. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Forecast:

Illinois—Fair in north, snow or rain in south portion Friday. Saturday fair with rising temperature. Variable winds becoming fresh south.

Ohio—Rain in south, snow in northern portion Friday. Saturday probably fair in west, rain in east portion, rising temperature Friday, light to fresh northeast winds becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Snow Friday and probably Saturday, light to fresh southeast winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Friday, except snow or rain in southeast portion. Saturday probably fair, variable winds becoming south.

Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa—Fair Friday, Saturday increasing cloudiness, light to fresh south winds.

Indiana—Fair in northwest, clearing in south portion Friday. Saturday probably fair, variable winds.

Missouri—Fair in northwest, clearing in southeast portion Friday, rising temperature. Saturday fair and probably warmer, variable winds, becoming southerly.

Nebraska, South Dakota, and North Dakota—Increasing cloudiness Friday. Saturday probably rain or snow, colder in western portions, variable winds becoming northwest.

Place of observation:	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation.	State of weather.
Time taken: Feb. 20, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	46	48	N.W.	....	Clear
Albany	24	32	N.	....	Clear
Alpena	32	38	Calm	....	Clo'dy
Atlanta	32	36	E.	.10	Clo'dy
Amarillo	44	50	E.	....	Clo'dy
Battleford	24	28	E.	....	Clo'dy
Bismarck	30	40	N.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	26	28	S.	....	Clo'dy
Boston	34	52	W.	....	Clear
Cairo	28	30	N.E.	.28	Clo'dy
Calgary	42	46	W.	....	Fair
Charlotte	28	32	N.E.	.06	Rain
Cheyenne	44	52	N.W.	....	Clear
Chicago	24	26	N.E.	....	Clear
Cincinnati	26	28	N.E.	.02	Sleet
Cleveland	24	24	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Concordia	30	38	S.W.	....	Clear
Davenport	24	30	N.E.	....	Clear
Denver	48	50	W.	....	Clear
Des Moines	28	32	S.	....	Clear
Detroit	26	30	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Dodge City	42	48	N.	....	Clear
Dubuque	26	32	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Duluth	28	32	S.W.	Tr.	Clear
El Paso	52	62	S.W.	....	Clear
Edmonton	42	46	Calm	....	Fair
Galveston	36	40	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Grand Haven	24	28	Calm	....	Clear
Green Bay	30	34	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Havre	40	48	W.	....	Clo'dy
Helena	42	50	S.W.	....	Clear
Huron	30	54	S.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	30	30	N.E.	Tr.	Sleet
Jacksonville	56	66	S.E.	.44	Fair
Kansas City	28	28	N.	....	Clear
Lander	42	48	E.	....	Clo'dy
Little Rock	34	34	W.	.32	Clo'dy
Los Angeles	60	72	W.	....	Clo'dy
Marquette	32	34	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Memphis	36	36	N.	.44	Clo'dy
Medicine Hat	38	44	S.	....	Fair
Minnedosa	30	46	Calm	....	Clear
Montgomery	46	50	E.	.51	Clo'dy
Montreal	22	26	W.	....	Clear
Nashville	30	34	W.	.38	Rain
New Orleans	48	54	W.	.03	Clo'dy
New York City	28	32	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Norfolk	32	34	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
North Platte	44	52	W.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	34	34	N.	.14	Clo'dy
Omaha	30	34	E.	....	Fair
Oswego	20	28	S.E.	....	Clear
Palestine	32	34	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Parkersburg	30	34	E.	.01	Rain
Philadelphia	32	36	W.	....	Clo'dy
Pittsburg	26	36	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Pueblo	44	50	S.	....	Clear
Qu' Appelle	28	42	S.	....	Clo'dy
Rapid City	44	56	N.W.	....	Clear
San Antonio	52	54	N.W.	....	Fair
San Francisco	56	56	S.E.	.52	Rain
St. Louis	32	34	W.	.08	Snow
St. Paul	32	34	S.	....	Fair
Salt Lake City	44	50	W.	....	Clo'dy
Ste. Marie	32	36	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill	24	28	N.E.	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo	26	28	N.E.	.70	Clo'dy
Vicksburg	40	46	W.	.20	Rain
Washington	34	36	S.	Tr.	Sleet
White River	26	30	Calm	....	Clo'dy
Williston	32	36	W.	....	Fair
Winnipeg	36	36	S.	....	Fair

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 44 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—7 a. m., 20; 9 a. m., 22; 10 a. m., 24; 11 a. m., 25; 12 m., 26; 1 p. m., 26; 6 p. m., 25; 8 p. m., 29. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.71; 6 p. m., 29.67.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
John T. Cassenbrock, Catharina Jargsdorf	22—19
Charles M. Ryan, Katie Mae	25—19
William Finucane, Therese Klein	25—19
Gilson Horton, Irene Hay	22—19
Thomas Templeton, Maud D. Wales	21—19
Frederick S. Challener, Toronto, Canada, Ethel White	31—28
Antonio Sebastito, Maria Musile	27—23
Harry Fornell, Ida M. Hill	27—23
Henry Otten, Nellie Kane	27—22
John Weingarten, Ella M. Kohlerman	22—19
John T. Flanagan, Morris, Ill., Mary E. Flanagan	43—38
Frank Lindh, Olida Peterson	23—18
Herbert Gran, Tessie Norton	24—18

DeMuth & Co.

Clearing Sale of Men's, Women's, Boys' and Girls'

SHOES.

Attractive bargains that will interest careful and economical buyers.

Men's Velour Box Calf and Vici Kid, Welt Soles, special	$2.97
Men's Velour Calf, double sole bals, reduced from $4.00 to	$2.47
Men's Black Russia Calf, double sole welt, reduced from $3.50 to	$2.47
Men's Patent Leather, Enamel and Box Calf, reduced from $3.50 to	$2.47
Men's Box Calf and Satin Calf, double soles, reduced to	$1.97
Women's Black Vici Kid and Box Calf, welt sole, lace or button	$2.48
Women's Box Calf and Black Kid, light and heavy soles, reduced to	$1.98
Women's Black Kid, patent leather tips, light and heavy soles, lace	$1.47
Little Boys' Casco Calf, double soles, good, serviceable shoes	98c
Big Boys' Casco Calf, double soles, good, serviceable shoes	$1.24
Little Gents' Tan Russia Calf, lace, reduced from $2.00 and $1.75 to	98c

The above are all solid leather goods and guaranteed to be exactly as represented or money refunded.

New Corner Building. State St. and Jackson Blvd.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Edwin B. Crabbe, Barbara Welk ..... 26—23
James M. Mullen, Isabella Smith ..... 26—26
William H. Kiaas, Ida Schwerin ..... 26—20
Carl Jooks, Julia Hettich ..... 41—30
Fred Wiseman, Anna Siewert ..... 22—19
Martin Schindler, Mary Nickler ..... 33—29
James Pierce, Nettie T. Hills ..... 19—16
Louis J. Conger, Bertha Seely ..... 27—26
Charles Bischoff, Meta Selle ..... 24—17
Henry Morrison, Anna Peterson ..... 32—28
Michael Cooper, Bertha Jenn ..... 21—19
Bernard P. Nordberg, Minnie Swanson ..... 29—24
George A. Smith, Lillian Morris ..... 23—20
George E. Fowler, Clara M. Moyers ..... 36—30
John Lamarck, Emma Kober ..... 25—20
Jessie E. Downs, Bell Calloway ..... 32—24
William H. Evans, Bessie Hilmore ..... 21—18
Arthur W. Stevens, Bertha H. Thomas ..... 30—26

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Addols, Antonia M., 28; 159 Bunker-st., Feb. 19.
Beltz, Gustav, 79; 167 Evanston-av., Feb. 19.
Coops, George A., 21; 2628 Harvard-st., Feb. 18.
Emi, Kunitaro, 37; 1154 Chicago-av., Feb. 19.
Earthman, Katie, 53; 2815 State-st., Feb. 19.
Feldstein, Joseph, 23; 154 Johnson-st., Feb. 19.
Gillen, Micael, 50; 1127 Chicago-av., Feb. 18.
Greenbaum, Bernard, 50; 3228 Prairie-av., Feb. 18.
Gerber, Jennie, 24; 616 N. Western-av., Feb. 18.
Goodwin, Mary A., 69; 143 Park-av., Feb. 18.
Hanlon, Jennie N., 40; 483 W. Madison-st., Feb. 18.
Hollenbeck, Isaac, 40; Cook County Hospital, Feb. 18.
Hicks, Clifford F., 15; 513 58th-st., Feb. 18.
Hendrickson, Sophia, 80; 1547 Wilcox-st., Feb. 19.
Hooker, Herbert L., 34; 6440 Minerva-av., Feb. 19.
Heintz, Edward, 46; 1806 Kimball-av., Feb. 18.
Heland, Augustus, 28; 611 Roscoe-st., Feb. 19.
Hinier, George W., 80; 5315 Superior-st., Feb. 18.
Hall, Marion C., 2; Chicago Beach Hotel, Feb. 18.
Kabitzke, Peter, 52; 164 Noble-st., Feb. 18.
Krueger, Carl, 43; 970 Winnemac-av., Feb. 18.
Lenks, Amelia, 60; 5044 Uhland-st., Feb. 17.
Larson, Anna, 50; 1723 Ridge-av., Feb. 19.
McGrath, James, 31; 22 Cedar-st., Feb. 19.
Mietz, Emilie, 46; 2842 Maplewood-av., Feb. 19.
McElligott, Ann, 72; 79 Lincoln Park-blvd., Feb. 19.
Mechlenberg, Julius F., 42; 1033 N. California-av., Feb. 19.
Mills, Edward J., 31; Chicago Hospital, Feb. 19.
McBreen, Catherine, 26; 1569 N. Leavitt-st., Feb. 18.
Moses, Rachel, 19; 122 Liberty-st., Feb. 19.
Netzel, Lorenz, 37; 80 22d-pl., Feb. 18.
Nielson, Hans, 56; 228 Michigan-av., Feb. 18.
Ohnstein, Isadore, 2; 3939 40th-st., Feb. 18.
Rinne, Alma, 23; 3507 Cottage Grove-av., Feb. 18.
Smith, John, 22; 482 42d-pl., Feb. 17.
Suerth, Anna, 57; Engelwood and 103d-st., Feb. 17.
Stroemer, Edw., 33; 237 Hastings-st., Feb. 19.
Schmidt, Ferdinand, 56; 1520 Claremont-av., Feb. 17.
Sell, Mary J., 50; 3847 Loomis-st., Feb. 18.
Sederfit, James, 36; 2207 Evanston-av., Feb. 19.
Salisbury, William H., 85; 687 Washington-blvd., Feb. 19.
Skalova, Marie, 80; 742 Morgan-st., Feb. 19.
Seneke, Mary, 16; 1014 W. 103d-st., Feb. 18.
Sullivan, Mary, 73; Harrison and Throop-sts., Feb. 19.
Schwartz, Sam, 8; 234 De Koven-st., Feb. 19.
Turnbull, Josie R., 40; 706 W. Madison-st., Feb. 18.
Walner, Emma D., 50; 91 18th-st., Feb. 19.
Wagner, Mary, 72; 724 N. Western-av., Feb. 18.
Winn, Margaret, 47; 155 W. 14th-pl., Feb. 19.
Wintermitz, Julius, 20; 3618 La Salle-st., Feb. 18.
Willard, Annie W., 70; 5555 Woodlawn-av., Feb. 18.
Zink, John, 72; 373 Aberdeen-st., Feb. 19.

DEATHS.

BREYTSPRAAK—Herman A. Breytspraak, dearly beloved husband of Kate L. Breytspraak, 46 years, Feb. 19, at Alma, Mich. Funeral at 11 a. m. Sunday, Feb. 23, from residence, 2929 Cottage Grove-av.

BEITZ—Gustav, Feb. 19, 1902, at 6 a. m., aged 79 years 7 months and 17 days, beloved brother of Julius and Augusta Beitz and Mrs. Johanna Mueller. Funeral from late residence, 167 Evanston-av., Friday, Feb. 21, at 2:30 p. m., to Graceland.

FISCHER—Annie Fischer, age 61 years and 8 months, beloved wife of Frank Fischer and mother of Charles, Frank, Tony, and Annie Fischer. Funeral from late residence at 2 p. m., Sunday, Feb. 23, 7531 Cottage Grove-av., to Oakwoods.

HIGBY—Mrs. Margaret E. Higby, Feb. 20. Funeral Saturday at 11 a. m. from her late residence, 122 Ashland boulevard. Burial at Ottawa, Ill. Ottawa papers please copy.

KEATING—At Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 12, 1902, Thomas F. Keating, beloved son of Catherine and the late Thomas Keating. Remains will be brought to above residence for interment. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LARSON—Louis E. Larson, Tuesday, Feb. 18, 7 o'clock, at La Grange, Ill. Funeral services today at 2 o'clock from late residence, 1723 Ridge-av., Evanston, Ill. Burial at Rosehill.

McDOWELL—William J. McDowell, at Charlton, Ia., aged 47 years and 6 months. Funeral notice hereafter.

MOORE—Francis H. Moore, Feb. 20, 1902, widow of the late Alden G. Moore, mother of James Hancock Moore. Funeral services Sunday, Feb. 23, at 1 o'clock, at her late home, 109 S. Sangamon-st. Interment at Rosehill.

MINTLINE—William J. Mintline, beloved husband of Lena Buehler Mintline, Feb. 20, 1902. Funeral Sunday at 12:30 p. m. from late residence, 220 Blue Island-av., to Rosehill Cemetery. Member of Arcana Lodge, A. F. & A. M.

PEDGRIFT—James, Feb. 19, 1902, aged 36 years. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 22, at 2 p. m., from parents' residence, 2507 Evanston-av., Edgewater, to Rosehill Cemetery.

SAWIN—Levi Heywood Sawin, the pioneer chair manufacturer, passed away at the home of his daughter, Mrs. R. A. Twichell, 1091 W. 12th-st., Feb. 19, 1902, at the age of 83 years. Mr. Sawin has been engaged in the manufacture of chairs since 1830 at Gardner, Mass., where his remains will be taken for their final resting place. Boston papers please copy.

WOODWARD—Feb. 20, 1902, Eliza A. Woodward, age 82 years, at the home of her nephew, W. Hayden, 1305 Hinman-av., Evanston. Funeral in Brooksville, Ky.

WIEBE—Christ Wiebe, Feb. 16. Funeral services from residence, 4 miles south of Arlington Heights, Ill., Saturday, Feb. 22, 10 o'clock. Conveyances will meet morning trains at Arlington Heights.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.

C. H. JORDAN & CO.,
SCOTT JORDAN. CADY M. JORDAN.
14 AND 16 EAST MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
135 EAST 3RD-ST., HYDE PARK.
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J. WHITTIER BUFFUM, (20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan), and A. E. PERRIGO, undertakers, 1722 Wabash-av. Telephone South 953. Active bearers furnished when desired. Private amb

SPALDING ASKS CLUBS TO MEET.

Tenders His Resignation as President Unless Support Is Pledged.

TIME FOR ACTION NEAR.

"Loyal Four" to Convene at Pittsburg Tomorrow to Decide Future Policy.

HICKEY OPENS OFFICES.

New York, Feb. 20.—[Special.]—A. G. Spalding has announced that, pending a meeting of the Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, and Chicago Baseball clubs, to be held on Saturday in Pittsburg, he had tendered his resignation as President of the National league.

There has been so much talk of late that there was a weakening on the part of the four clubs loyal to A. G. Spalding that Spalding believes it is time for those clubs to make a decision indicative of their stand in the future. With that object in view, a circular letter was addressed to Messrs. Dreyfuss, Pulliam, Rogers, Beach, Ebbets, Abel, Von der Horst, and Hart, calling for a general meeting of the four clubs. At this meeting the "Spalding Four" will declare themselves as to their future movements in the baseball fight.

If the four clubs decide not to stand by Spalding in any move he makes he will retire. He declares plainly that upon the decision of the four clubs his future movements will be based. In order that each club may feel at perfect liberty to exercise its best judgment, and he, personally, may not in any way be considered as an embarrassing factor in the decision, he has tendered his resignation to the present directors of the National league, coupled with only one condition—that before the resignation is officially presented the directors shall meet and decide that they deem it for the best interests of their respective clubs and for the National league itself to present this resignation to the Board of Directors.

Says Freedmanism Must Go.

In his letter to the officers of the four clubs Spalding makes a long introduction, beginning with his election last December, and rehearsing the principles he then enunciated, not forgetting to reiterate that Freedmanism must be eradicated from the league. He then says:

"I construe the suit now pending in the Supreme Court of New York, instituted by Mr. Freedman and those associated with him, was brought with the sole purpose of misleading the public and to make it appear that I had sought the Presidency of the National league for personal ends.

"Up to this point in the campaign no financial interests of any of the clubs in the National league have been affected, but as the playing season is approaching and as it will soon be necessary for the arranging of a playing schedule for the coming season, which will have a bearing upon the property rights of the different clubs, and as I am unwilling to assume the responsibility of deciding upon these financial matters, I now deem it my duty to refer this whole matter to the four loyal members of the National league for a decision and an outline of the business policy to be pursued in the future."

Brush Discusses the Action.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—When John T. Brush was shown the dispatch tonight regarding the resignation of A. G. Spalding from the Presidency of the National league, and asked if he knew anything regarding it, he said: "I do not enjoy the confidence of Mr. Spalding and, therefore, have no knowledge of his plans, purposes, or intentions. He has never stated his policy; in fact, has never indicated what it was to be. His ultimatum to me has been absolute and unconditional surrender, without conference or any discussion regarding its details, and the surrender carried with it the retirement of Mr. Freedman positively. Mr. Robison and myself probably. If it is true that he has decided to withdraw there may be no difficulty in the club owners getting together for the best interests of baseball, a position that in all fairness he ought to have taken last December. I do not care to discuss the situation further until I am better informed."

Conference in Pittsburg Tomorrow.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—At the suggestion of President Spalding by wire today President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburg club will call a meeting of the managers of the four clubs loyal to Spalding in Pittsburg Saturday, and if they cannot reach here in time the meeting will be held as soon as possible. It will be merely a conference in reference to the four clubs, and a schedule of games will probably be mapped out, as it is getting close to the time for playing. Spalding is prevented by the Brush-Freedman suit from acting in the matter, as are the plaintiffs in the suit, but it does not tie Dreyfuss and the club owners from getting ready to play ball. President Dreyfuss said the actions of Spalding had so far met with his approval and he was willing to give him a vote of confidence.

Location of Tebeau's Park.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Manager Tebeau's terms have been accepted and it is practically certain the American association baseball park will occupy the vacant block bounded by Fifth, Sixth, M, and N streets, nineteen minutes' ride from the center of the city. Arrangements have been made and plans are being drawn for the erection of a covered grand stand seating 3,000 and bleachers seating 4,000.

Hickey's Chicago Headquarters.

President Hickey of the American association yesterday opened permanent headquarters of his new league in the office at 610 Cable Building, and will hereafter direct the affairs of the association from this city.

Cooking Main Near Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—A successful cooking main between Findlay (O.) and Windsor birds was pulled off tonight just outside the city limits. In the first, second, and third fights the Windsor birds were killed outright. In the fourth the Windsor bird was declared out. The next two fights were won by Windsor birds. In the seventh, the hardest fight of the evening, a chance blow from the Canadian bird instantly killed the Findlay bird. The eighth fight was a decided victory for the Ohio men.

Marshall Wins, Pillsbury Loses.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MONTE CARLO, Feb. 20.—The eleventh round of the international chess masters' tournament played today resulted as follows: Eisenberg beat Pillsbury, Gunsberg beat Heggio, Teichmann beat Mortimer, Marshall beat Schlechter, Maroczy beat Wolf, Tschigorin beat Mieses. Drawn: Schlechter-Janson, Napier-Tarrasch, Marco-Albin, Byes: Janowski and Popiel.

Chicago Wrestler Defeated.

Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 20.—"Professor" Dwyer of New Haven tonight defeated Frank Gotch, the "German Hercules," of Chicago, in a mixed style wrestling match. A thousand persons witnessed the contest.

Harris Outplays Wessling.

Harris defeated Wessling in the thirty-ninth game of the Class A three-cushion tournament at Mussey's last night by a score of 50 to 43. Harris ran the game out in eighty-two innings. Tonight Avery plays Wessling.

Notes of the Turf.

There was no racing at Oakland yesterday.

Ed Weaver of the Worth track has returned from the South without having selected a secretary for the Piper Farm track.

William A. Pinkerton returned from the South yesterday with the excellent condition of the horses at the Memphis track. The Chicago strings of Hildreth and Dunne were in especially good condition, and when Mr. Pinkerton was at Memphis all of Hildreth's horses looked fine, but now here comes that The Unknown has gone wrong, and as a result Mr. Pinkerton is out a nice wad in the winter book on the Montgomery Handicap.

NO CHANCE FOR HARRIS

YANGER'S MANAGER DECLINES TO GO ON WITH BOUT.

Wordy Warfare Between the Rival Promoters Results in Declaring Off the Fight Altogether—Objection to Harry's Meeting Austin Rice Not Withdrawn by the America Club's Matchmaker—Rumors of Attaching Box Office Receipts Are Rife.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

The Benny Yanger-Harry Harris match, which was scheduled to take place at the America Athletic club on March 3, was again and finally declared off yesterday afternoon. John Hertz, the club's matchmaker, in a statement on Wednesday night, called everything off because Harris had been matched with Austin Rice. Later he decided to await Harris' arrival from New York and have him choose his first opponent. Harry arrived yesterday afternoon and said he would meet Rice next Thursday night and also Yanger at the America A. C. the following Monday night, win or lose with Rice.

This, however, was not agreeable to Hertz, as he wanted Harry to appear at his club first. A controversy, during which there was no mincing of words, followed. "You're afraid to let Yanger fight," and "You're easy picking for Benny" wafted through the room. Finally a proposition to post a forfeit of $250 came from the Harris party, agreeing to have the winner of the Harris-Rice contest meet Yanger on March 3.

This was turned down by Hertz, who said the members of the America club want to see Harry and Benny contest, and that Rice, even if he defeated Harris, would not prove a good drawing card. That reply brought forth more hot words, and the conference ended with Hertz's ultimatum:

"The match is off."

Abe Pollock, who is looking after Harris' interests, said his forfeit of $100, binding the match, had been up for some time and has never been covered, also that the articles do not prevent Harris fighting any one prior to the date set for his contest with Yanger. He is strong in his belief that Harry is Benny's superior, and yesterday, to back his opinion, placed $500 in the hands of Tom Hanton, which he will bet against $1,000, the prevailing odds.

The breaking off of the match is liable to cause trouble, as the Harris party proposes to force the America club to live up to its agreement and the articles. It was strongly hinted last night that the men behind Harris will attach the box office receipts on the night of March 3.

The America club is negotiating with Hugh McPadden and will probably secure him to meet Yanger instead of Harris.

There was a rumor afloat last night to the effect the Illinois Athletic club will discontinue giving boxing entertainments at Douglas Hall on Thirty-fifth street. The club had "Buddy" Ryan and "Kid" Broad matched for its next show, which was declared off by the management yesterday. What is behind it, and whether the club would secure more commodious quarters or not, but the supposition is it will. Broad will continue in training, as he has been promised a match with "Young" Mowatt, to take place in Denver about March 14. "Kid" Thomas, who is also under the management of Joe Macias, was matched yesterday to fight "Buddy" King ten rounds in Denver on March 4.

"Denver Ed" Martin, who meets Frank Childs at the America A. C. next Monday night, Billy Madden, his manager, and Gus Ruhlin, his trainer, are expected in the city today. Martin is reported in excellent condition, but will continue work until the day of the contest. Ed will do his gymnasium work at Harry Gilmore's.

Fits Leaves for Louisville.

New York, Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Bob Fitzsimmons, who is to referee the McGovern-Sullivan fight at Louisville on Saturday, left for the scene of the battle at 9 o'clock this afternoon. Fitzsimmons' thumb, which was bitten by a setter dog yesterday, is bandaged, but he says it does not pain him and only for a slight soreness is as good as ever.

Pugilistic Pointers.

"Kid" Broad and "Kid" Thomas will box six rounds at the Blue Pencil club tomorrow night.

Jack McClelland, the Pittsburg boxer, and his manager, Billy Corcoran, left for home last night.

The Eighteenth Ward A. C. has changed its fight nights from Wednesday to Saturday. Its next show will be held on March 1.

The Wabash Athletic club, the latest boxing organization in the local field, will hold its initial show on March 1 instead of on March 3, as previously announced.

Billy Gardner, brother to George Gardner, who recently lost on a foul to Jack Root, and Ole Oleson, also "Kid" Farmer and Joe Sherlock, were matched yesterday by the America A. C. Mike Shreck was promised a match with the winner of the Hugo Kelly-Jack Daly bout by the same club.

John Heriz, Dr. Davis, Ed Smith, Billy Roche, Joe Sullivan, Tom Hanton, Mike McNamara, Joe Choynski, Sam Fowler, Aaron Strauss, Harry Gilmore Jr., Fred Britton, and Joe Simon leave tonight for Louisville to witness the McGovern-Sullivan contest on Saturday night.

The Frank Erne-Martin Duffy match, which the Twentieth Century Athletic club of Detroit was trying to arrange, is off for the present because of Erne's large monetary demands. Duffy notified the club he would meet Frank the latter part of March or the first week in April under any fair conditions. Martin has a match on with George McFadden, and is also assisting Harry Gilmore in instructing young Chicagoans how to hit and get away.

Indoor Tennis Tourney.

New York, Feb. 20.—The championship indoor tennis tournament was continued today. Following are the scores:

Singles, first round—C. Cragin beat Dr. W. H. Bates, 6—2, 6—1; J. P. Paret beat W. H. Copp, 6—1, 6—4.

Second round—W. C. Grant beat C. Cragin, 6—1, 6—4; H. W. Warner beat J. D. Forbes by default.

Doubles, preliminary round—Bates and Remlap beat Forbes and partner by default. Leroy and W. C. Grant beat Warner and L. J. Grant, 6—3, 6—3; Mahan and McLaughlin beat Davidson and Mollenhauer, 6—1, 6—4.

First round—Williams and Le Doux beat Leask and Cheyne, 6—4, 6—4; Mahan and McLaughlin beat Homans and Schuyler, 6—4, 7—5.

Racquet Semi-Finals.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 20.—The semi-finals in the American amateur racquet championship tournament were played at the B. A. A. this afternoon. Quincy A. Shaw Jr. of the B. A. A. defeated Edgar Scott of Philadelphia, 15—4, 15—11, 15—12, while Clarence Mackay of New York defeated Austin Potter of the B. A. A., 15—9, 15—3, 15—8. The finals between Shaw and Mackay will be played on Saturday.

Horlicks, 3; Henleys, 1.

Racine, Wis., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The Horlick polo team defeated the Henleys of Richmond, Ind., tonight by a score of 3 to 1, winning the series by a score of 6 to 2.

WISCONSIN KEEPS COACH PHIL KING

Noted Tutor of Badger Victories Decides to Return to Madison.

WILL BE ON HAND SEPT. 10

Fred Pabst of Milwaukee Donates a Shell to the Cardinal's Crew.

IOWA MAN VICE COMMODORE.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Professor R. M. Bashford, chairman of the Executive committee of the Athletic board, announced tonight that Phil King had been secured to coach the Badgers next fall. King will be back to start work on Sept. 10 and will take charge of the coaching for the entire season. Professor Bashford has been in correspondence with King for several weeks, and last night received a telegram from him giving his consent to assume charge of the football team for another year.

This announcement comes as a big surprise, as it was understood the famous old Badger coach had given up coaching for good, and that it would be necessary to change the system and secure a new man.

Soon after King left last fall he said he might arrange to return for several weeks and round the team into shape, and with his advice negotiations have been going on with the various candidates for his position on this basis. Within the last few weeks, however, he has made arrangements to leave his business interests in Washington during the fall, and at the urgent request of the Wisconsin athletic authorities he consented to lead the Badgers once more.

Football men, supporters of the team, and students are greatly elated over King's decision, and are predicting great things for next fall's eleven.

The crew men are equally jubilant tonight as the result of an announcement that Captain Fred Pabst of Milwaukee has donated a new shell to the crew. The old shell has been used for two years, and is in no condition for another big race, and Captain Pabst's donation comes as a welcome surprise.

Coach O'Dea is not ready to give out at present his plans for the construction of the new shell, but it is understood several changes are being contemplated. The first shell ever owned by the Wisconsin crew was donated by Captain Pabst, and he has always been a strong supporter of the crew.

The Athletic board met tonight and among other business elected Hudson B. Werder of Charles City, Ia., vice commodore of the crew.

MOLONEY MAKES NEW RECORD.

Lowers Midway Gymnasium Mark for the Seventy-five-Yard Dash by One-Fifth of a Second.

Fred Moloney, Captain of the maroon track team, broke the record for the university gymnasium yesterday for the 75-yard dash. The former record of :08 3-5, made by Fred Merrifield and ex-Captain Bill Moloney, was lowered by one-fifth of a second. The time is regarded as remarkably fast, since it takes in a double turn on the varsity track. The world's record in the straightaway is :07 3-5.

Ernest Quantrell, who holds the State and Cook County interscholastic records for the pole vault and the Cook County interscholastic for the high jump, has joined the maroon track team after a siege of hard luck with an injured knee. His leg is now almost entirely well, and he may be able to compete in the A. A. U. meet, and is almost certain of going in all the spring meets with the maroons.

He has a record of 5 feet 8½ inches in the high jump, which is the weakest department of the maroon squad. He will rank next to Magee in pole vaulting.

YALE SEVEN BEATS HARVARD.

Crimson Hockey Team Is Outplayed by Score of 34 to 21—Eli Takes Lead at Start.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—In the intercollegiate championship game at basketball here this evening Yale defeated Harvard, 34 to 21. Yale had the lead from start to finish, the score at the end of the first period standing: Yale, 16; Harvard, 10. Kingsmith was a particular star for Harvard, and Colton and Captain Lockwood did the best playing for Yale. The victory gives Yale first place in the Intercollegiate league. Lineup:

Yale.		Harvard.	
R. F.	Hyatt	Kingsmith	R. F.
L. F.	Colton	Breton	L. F.
C.	Lockwood	Randall	C.
R. G.	Weymouth	Brown	R. G.
L. G.	Moorhead	Fosdick	L. G.

Goals from floor—Lockwood (3), Weymouth (2), Hyatt (3), Colton (5), Kingsmith (5). Goals from foule—Kingsmith (4), Brown (2), Colton.

Farley to Coach Crimson Eleven.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—J. W. Farley of the Harvard Law School has been selected as head coach for the crimson varsity eleven next fall. Farley was a substitute on the '98 and '99 eleven and won his "H" in the game with Yale in '98. He is a Brookline boy and has played football for many years. Last fall he was head coach for the University of Maine.

Keeler to Coach Harvard Nine.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The Harvard baseball management has secured William Keeler, the Captain of the Brooklyn club, to coach the baseball candidates in batting and base running. He will report at Cambridge next Monday and will call out the candidates for practice on the following day.

Beloit's Track Team Selected.

Beloit, Wis., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—A tryout of the candidates for the Beloit College track team today resulted in the choice of the following: E. Merrill, A. Merrill, Beaton, Crane, McRae, Porter, Slater, and Terris. It is likely Heath, Plumb, and Warner may be added later.

Medill, 34; West Division, 15.

The Medill High School indoor baseball team last night defeated the strong team of West Division by a score of 35 to 15. The Medill team batted, ran bases, and fielded in good form and Kolar pitched good ball.

California-Harvard Meet Is Off.

Berkeley, Cal., Feb. 20.—The athletic meet arranged between the University of California and Harvard has been canceled. A letter from the manager of the Harvard team says other engagements will prevent the program scheduled.

BASKETBALL CHAMPIONSHIP.

Play in the National Events Begins This Afternoon in the Central Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium.

Basketball teams from Kenton, O., and Stevens Point, Wis., reached Chicago last night and will engage in the national championship events, which begin this afternoon in the gymnasium of the Central department of the Young Men's Christian association.

The opening game this afternoon will be between Stevens Point and Armour Institute, play beginning at 4 o'clock. Tonight, beginning at 8 o'clock, there will be three games, as follows: Central Y. M. C. A. first team against Wheaton College, Kenton (O.) against West Side Y. M. C. A., Fond du Lac against Central Y. M. C. A. second team.

Tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 the semi-finals will take place between the winners of today's matches, while the winners of the semi-finals will meet tomorrow night.

Refuse $50,000 for The Commoner.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—It is reported that General Jackson has refused an offer of $50,000 for The Commoner.

MAKES THREE NEW MARKS

HOWARD BREWER, THE CALIFORNIA SWIMMER, BREAKS RECORD.

At the Sportsman's Show He Covers 700 Yards in 10:02 3-5, 800 Yards in 11:31 1-5, and Half Mile in 12:39 1-5—Performances of French, the English Expert, Are Surpassed—Bartelme of Lewis Institute Captures the Contest at Sixty Yards.

Howard F. Brewer, the Pacific coast swimmer, broke three more American middle distance records at the Sportsman's Show at the Coliseum last night. In the 800-yard race against Fred Weiland of the Central Y. M. C. A. and Fred Wenck of Yale University he lowered the records for 700 and 800 yards and the half mile.

He made the 700 yards in 10:02 3-5, beating the record of 11:04 4-5, which was held by Stanley B. French, the English swimmer, and had stood since 1896. He covered the 800 yards in 11:31 1-5, clipping one minute and forty-four seconds off the record, which was also held by French, and defeated Weiland, who was second, by fifty yards. Wenck was ten yards behind Weiland.

After beating the record for 800 yards Brewer continued in an effort to smash the half-mile mark of 12:45 2-5, which was held by himself, and succeeded in making it in 12:39 1-5.

William Tuttle of the Illinois Naval Reserves made a trial against time at sixty yards in an attempt to lower the record of :36 3-5, held by J. Scott Leary, but failed to reach the record by one-fifth of a second. Kehoe and Deitzsch, also of the Naval Reserves, swam with him.

The only water polo contest on the schedule was that between the Red and Blue teams of the Naval Reserves. The game resulted in tie at 1 to 1. Lineup:

Reds.		Blues.	
C.	Elliott	Goetz	C.
R. F.	Lawless	Kehoe	R. F.
L. F.	Slocum	Johnstone	L. F.
Goal	Stone	Tiffany	Back
Goal	Dallas	Broughton	Goal
		Elliott	Goal

Referee—Sterrett. Goals—Lawless [1], Kehoe [1]. Time of halves—5 minutes.

The sixty-yard swimming race in the afternoon was won by Bartelme of Lewis Institute, with Loewenthal of Armour second and Stein of English High third. The time was :46 2-5.

In the 100-yard amateur swimming race Johnstone of Canada won, with Lawless second and McAssey third.

The wrestling match between John J. Rooney and Fred Russell resulted in a victory for the former after 8 minutes and 11 seconds' work.

The feature of tonight's aquatic events will be the 100-yard open race, in which Leary, Wenck, and Weiland will start. E. Carroll Schaeffer will probably leave this morning for his home in Philadelphia. He says he is not in good condition, and takes his defeat by Brewer much to heart. It is possible, however, Manager Sterrett may induce him to remain for tonight's event.

GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

Avenue Rollers Twice Defeat Worden's Men, Who Lead in the Star Tournament—Other Results.

In the Star league last night the Avenues succeeded in winning two games from the leaders. Worden's men went fast in the opening game and won by over 100 pins. The remaining games were easy for the Avenues. Scores:

STAR LEAGUE.

Wordens.	2.	3.	Avenues.	1.	2.	3.
Worden	178	171	212	Langmeyer	177	204	192
Lewis	214	180	172	Johnson	158	225	178
Pasdeloup	198	184	174	Hess	193	151	189
Walker	161	146	120	Delaney	174	194	170
Geroux	202	159	194	S. Slawson	147	175	173
Totals	954	840	872	Totals	849	951	932

PHOENIX LEAGUE.

L. Royals.	1.	2.	3.	Centrals.	1.	2.	3.
Beckwith	196	235	181	Quincy	125	163	161
Wilkes	171	167	209	Walsh	164	190	174
E. Veroux	176	137	169	Negley	125	147	164
Malone	144	165	181	Fehrman	154	137	178
Lee	202	201	188	Jordan	171	173	161
Totals	889	905	938	Totals	749	810	838

SOUTH END LEAGUE.

Cowboys.	1.	2.	3.	White Sox.	1.	2.	3.
Martienthal	156	157	191	Fountain	171	168	148
Bernard	152	192	192	Kinney	149	169	168
Healy	139	148	154	Bruener	159	162	151
Thomas	150	137	156	Taylor	150	144	170
Melody	168	191	206	Rooney	198	167	164
Totals	765	825	899	Totals	824	788	800

UNITY LEAGUE.

B. Stars.	1.	2.	3.	Wentw's.	1.	2.	3.
Friedeman	185	159	187	Lamb	180	104	129
Browning	146	133	162	Pepper	183	171	158
McGuire	170	200	160	Graham	168	137	138
Lundquist	165	158	153	Wilson	201	163	155
Bruck	169	142	180	Kellogg	168	170	115
Totals	838	813	842	Totals	900	811	725

MARINE LEAGUE.

Vincennes.	1.	2.	3.	Shamrocks.	1.	2.	3.
White	155	185	201	Parke	141	140	156
Kelly	156	187	181	Keefer	145	112	129
Williamson	173	157	160	Moses	202		150
Foulds	190	151	147	Cohen		150	150
Hell	142	177	154	Meyers	140	141	147
				Greeneb'm	137	167	179
Totals	868	837	843	Totals	685	719	761

GARFIELD LEAGUE.

Tractions.	1.	2.	3.	Douglas.	1.	2.	3.
Casion	189	149	154	P. Keogh	176	170	135
Coughlin	182	222	161	J. Keenen	175	183	182
Kaiser	155	200	181	F. Keogh	135	130	150
Sullivan	138	151	139	J. Twoo'y	134	117	102
Hoffman	152	216	202	J. Feeney	174	161	146
Totals	816	938	837	Totals	804	758	662

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

Eskimo.	1.	2.	3.	Olympia.	1.	2.	3.
Urban	163	148	181	Ernst	142	122	152
G. Gellert	182	178	158	Wing	130	147	160
Sage	198	193	183	Cook	184	184	155
Fitzgerald	185	194	194	Engelhardt	185	188	180
L. Gellert	179	211	189	W. Hoeft	153	176	226
Totals	911	923	905	Totals	794	817	870

JEWELERS' LEAGUE.

Hardy.	1.	2.	3.	Wendell.	1.	2.	3.
Davis	184	171	203	Wirtz	171	157	163
Boiskou	201	194	150	Mattie	165	163	154
Capouch	163	196	194	Keliang	116	109	148
Medinus	183	190	144	Remich	184	201	191
Hall	199	195	185	Strand	156	130	160
Totals	929	909	850	Totals	789	820	816

WEST SIDE CLUB LEAGUE.

Ashland.	1.	2.	3.	Garfield.	1.	2.	3.
Clayton	183	131	193	Kunstman	184	131	153
Sunderson	159	128	158	Kehoe	174	143	132
Pyott	186	216	181	Cresswell	111	129	146
Dr. Drake	147	176	180	Hill	147	221	162
Eddy	233	146	122	Roberts	147	163	163
Totals	949	886	814	Totals	729	771	756

BANKERS' BOWLING LEAGUE.

First N. B.	1.	2.	3.	Metrop. Bk.	1.	2.	3.
Klingenb'g	188	153	177	Macalister	193	199	168
Ostenfeldt	149	213	145	Hayes	131	146	178
Heines	179	164	201	Rattig	152	168	149
Barker	212	195	144	Brandfield	195	224	183
Schaefer	185	169	178	Rolfe	202	223	159
Totals	913	897	845	Totals	843	950	815

Ill. Trust.	1.	2.	3.	American.	1.	2.	3.
Hiestand	163	188	187	Timm	164	169	149
Sullivan	131	178	180	Black	162	137	109
Gold	190	151	167	Peck	179	139	150
Boos	164	171	150	Schnell	149	142	112
Porch	176	181	176	Perkins	144	168	142
Totals	794	809	869	Totals	798	745	662

WEST CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Rivals.	1.	2.	3.	Empires.	1.	2.	3.
Stell	160	175	190	Payden	115	226	210
Beecher	183	190	191	Adland	179	139	168
Baker	227	177	128	Hehr	133	183	101
Schuhrke	145	140	152	Johnson	176	148	198
Hoskins	167	167	168	Northrop	149	148	178
Totals	890	849	827	Totals	752	874	853

NORTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Websters.	1.	2.	3.	Sheridan.	1.	2.	3.
Miller	198	157	150	Schpenck	176	139	160
Curtis	190	170	196	McRoberts	168	179	177
Ritchie	147	207	170	Sch'n'k Jr.	146	176	148
Lindeman	149	167	179	Ward	195	143	161
Teager	189	218	223	Clark	135	120	160
Totals	873	914	918	Totals	818	810	806

BOARD OF TRADE LEAGUE.

Logan & B.	1.	2.	3.	McReyn'ds.	1.	2.	3.
Shaw	167	183	177	Wheeler	207	189	172
E. Joyce	116	148	124	Barker	140	162	149
Levey	155	158	135	Forbes	115	101	138
C. Cole	172	145	128	Smith	191	179	189
Curry	173	202	137	Holmberg	155	189	180
Totals	784	836	701	Totals	808	820	829

UNION BOWLING LEAGUE.

Halls.	1.	2.	3.	W. Div.	1.	2.	3.
Totals	901	892	854	Totals	841	823	791

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.

Lawlers.	1.	2.	3.	C. P. Co.	1.	2.	3.
Totals	898	902	856	Totals	854	843	776

BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

Drug Trade	1.	2.	3.	Binders.	1.	2.	3.
Totals	871	811	802	Totals	732	754	797

Brokers.	1.	2.	3.	Cinco.	1.	2.	3.
Totals	796	825	758	Totals	845	842	886

WHITE CITY LEAGUE.

King Bees	813	815	775	Malcolms	744	776	790

LAKESIDE LEAGUE.

Joh'n Jr.	792	880	783	Transfer	799	832	842

Tennes	880	866	830	Kleinhaur	734	767	850

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

St., E. & Co.	822	840	870	Pr. & Co.	736	735	696

FIRE UNDERWRITERS.

Connecti't	777	845	771	Springfield	696	763	754

TOM COLLINS IS GOOD MUD HORSE

Fizer & Co. Make Mild Killing in Substitute Race at New Orleans.

HORSE HEAVILY BACKED.

Event Is Put On in Place of One Declared Off on Account of Scratches.

COURSE REMAINS STICKY.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The purse program provided here today was good enough under the conditions, as the track was deep and sticky. The fourth race, in which Andes and Tom Kingsley were to figure as contenders, was declared off on account of scratches and a new race substituted. In this race Tom Collins, at 115 pounds, gave away weight to all the others. But, with Odom up, he was played by the Fizer people from 5 to 1 to 11 to 5.

Small Jack was favorite and Ed Gartland II. at an outside price. Two or three times a year, when Tom Collins happens to feel right and the track suits him, he wins. These conditions prevailed today, for he got away well, led throughout, and won easily. Ed Gartland was away last to a poor start and made up a dozen lengths. Small Jack was there all the journey, but was a bit outclassed.

In the first race the Easterners bet on Albert Simon's Lou Rey, sending him to the post a favorite. The son of El Rio Rey ran up to his breeding for mud performances, but it was only Odom's determined finish that enabled him to win by a nose at the end from Lofter, the pacemaker.

May Allen, a filly by Dr. Rice, out of Mishap, recently purchased from Mr. Scoggan by S. A. White, was favorite in the 2-year-old event because of her "mud breeding." After leading to the last sixteenth she tired and Dark Planet, at 8 to 1, passed her, winning easily.

New Orleans Summaries Feb. 20.

Weather cloudy. Track heavy.

First race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $300, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
7-5 Lou Rey, 113 [Odom]	3	2½	2½	2h	1n
5-1 Lofter, 105 [T. Dean]	5	1½	1½	1½	2½
4-1 Algie M., 106½ [Landry]	8	4nk	3h	3h	3h

Time, 1:51. Fleetwing, 102 pounds [Boyd]; Lauratas, 108 [J. Miller]; Dutch Carter, 105 [Helgeson]; Palarm, 110 [Brennan]; Daikeith, 105 [Otis]; Lillian Reed, 105 [Munro]; Dramburg, 113 [Minder]; Jessie Bell, 105 [Gormley], finished as named. Winner, b. h., by El Rio Rey—Louise M. Start good. Won driving. Lofter was poorly ridden and taken into the deepest going.

Second race, 3¼ furlongs, purse $300, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
8-1 Dark Planet, 104 [J. Miller]	3	2h	2h	1½	1
8-5 May Allen, 105 [T. Dean]	1	1½	1½	2½	2
9-2 Monda, 96 [J. Waldo]	2	3h	3h	3h	3

Time, :48. Dinero, 108 pounds [Odom]; Offset, 101 [Lyne]; Frances Portar, 95 [Louden]; Black Patti, 100 [B. Rice]; and Queen Rex, 104 [Brennan], also ran. Winner, blk. c., by Lisak—Black Venus. Start poor. Won easily. Dark Planet turned short into the stretch and was going away at the end. May Allen was off running with a length's advantage.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $300, 3-year-olds:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
3-2 Amigari, 100 [Lyne]	2	1½	1½	1½	1
4-1 Prowl, 108 [J. Miller]	1	5h	2h	2½	2
6-1 O'Connell, 108 [Odom]	3	3h	3h	3h	3

Time, 1:18¼. Aleda, 100 pounds [Hope]; Sandflea, 108 [W. Waldo]; and Crescent City, 100 [Gormley], finished as named. Winner, b. f., by Albert—Marie, by Glenelg. Start good. Won easily. Amigari showed the most speed throughout. Gormley finished second on Crescent City at the start.

Fourth race, 6½ furlongs, purse $300, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fn.
1-5 Tom Collins, 115 [Odom]	2	1½	1½	1½	1½
8-1 The B. Demon, 97 [W. Waldo]	3	5½	4h	2½	2
8-1 Ed Gartl'd II., 102 [T. Dean]	9	7½	7½	3½	3h

Time, 1:20. Small Jack, 104 pounds [Otis]; Warren Point, 102 [Creamer]; Lady Contrary, 100 [Lyne]

BUDGET SCALED TO FIT REVENUE.

Council Finance Committee Spends Day in Cutting Estimates for Salaries.

PUBLIC WORKS AFFECTED

Fire Department to Be Given All Possible and Big Share of Contingent Items.

BEFORE COUNCIL MONDAY.

In spite of the decision to write into the appropriation bill for the current year "contingent items" to a total of $1,500,000, with the hope that increased assessments may bring this larger revenue when the tax is spread next summer, the City Council Finance committee yesterday issued further warning to department heads to practice strict economy. Public Works Commissioner Blocki's department was subjected to the scaling process during the session.

"In one hour," the Commissioner asserted, after he had made his plea for funds before the committee, "I could go over the assessment lists of the Board of Review and make additions to property valuations so as to bring the total up to $500,000,000 assessed valuation. And there would not be a word of complaint from the taxpayers affected."

"That may be true," returned Chairman Mayor; "but you will not have the power to spread the assessments. We propose to be on the safe side. We must expend money only against the amount which we are sure to receive as revenue."

"Contingent Items" to Be Added.

This is the policy the committee is following in drafting the budget. Salaries and maintenance expenses are being based on the assessed property valuation of $374,000,000 shown last year. About $1,500,000 will be added as "contingent items" to meet projected improvements. If this year's property valuation runs to $450,000,000 or $500,000,000 this "contingent sum" can be diverted to the various departments.

As a result of his session with the committee Mr. Blocki spent the afternoon shaving down his expense estimates. He intimated that even ward superintendents may be hit and one of these officials required to care for two wards. This would save seventeen salaries, or about $25,000. A cut of 20 per cent in the Street bureau forces may be made and a saving of $100 a day thus affected.

Musham Goes Away Pleased.

Fire Chief Musham met the committee for the first time during the morning.

"Ten new reserve fire companies are needed," he insisted, asserting that Controller McGann's estimate of $1,470,600 for his department would not be near sufficient. He asked for a number of new buildings for fire stations and funds to equip and man them. He asked, too, the establishment of a pipe line in the down-town district, by which the fireboats can pump water to fires some distance from the river.

"How much of an increase over the actual running expenses could you get along on?" was demanded.

"I should have $140,000 more at least than the Controller's estimate," insisted the Chief.

The committeemen promised that every cent possible would be allowed to the Fire department.

After hours of argument it was agreed that if increased property values bring in the additional revenue, thirty additional men will be allowed for the coming year and four new engines will be added at a total cost of $18,000. The men, in companies of six, will be stationed at the present houses in crowded districts.

If the revenue outlook warrants a number of new buildings will be begun, but no funds were set aside for equipping them. If the earnings of the water fund warrant the placing of the proposed pipe lines they may be undertaken.

"If the committee doesn't cut my allowance later," said Chief Musham, "I guess I can get along."

School Board Taken to Task.

President Harris of the Board of Education was taken to task for having disregarded the city's request that an item of $30,000 be incorporated in the school budget to pay the portion of paving improvements before school houses, causing the city to default on a number of improvement bonds. After a warm debate the committee wrote in an item for $50,000 to meet this debt.

Alderman Jackson made a plea for $13,563 for the Small Park commission. About $12,000 was tentatively allowed. Chief O'Neill was given every assurance that no men will be cut from the police force if the needed funds can be found in any way.

WILL COMPEL TRACK RAISING.

Mandatory Ordinance Prepared for Passage Unless Railroads Come to Time.

Trouble is in store for various railroad companies if they do not reach an agreement with the city for the elevation of their tracks. By the terms of a mandatory ordinance presented to the Track Elevation committee yesterday improvements at an expense of $2,500,000 will be imposed on all the railroads having tracks in the southwestern part of the city. It is the second mandatory track elevation ordinance ever drawn in Chicago.

The ordinance is aimed at the Burlington, Northwestern, Pan-Handle, Chicago Junction, Atchison, and Chicago Terminal Transfer companies. It probably will be recommended for passage by the City Council.

The section of the city affected by the measure is divided into three districts, with different time limitations for the performance of the work in each. The first district includes all the railroad tracks between Twelfth and Eighteenth streets, and Washtenaw and Western avenues, and the improvements planned are required to be completed by the end of 1903.

The second district includes the tracks between Eighteenth and Twenty-sixth streets, and Western avenue and Lincoln street, elevation to be completed by the end of 1904.

The third district includes the tracks between Twenty-sixth street and the Drainage Canal, and Lincoln and Halsted streets, improvements to be completed by the end of 1905.

SHIFTS THE DEPOSED OFFICERS

Chief O'Neill Assigns Heidelmeier, Hartnett, Kalas, and Ptacek to Stations Near Their Homes.

Former Inspector Max Heidelmeier hereafter will preside over the West North Avenue Police Station as a Lieutenant. Lieutenant Max L. Danner, who had command at the station, goes to the Desplaines Street station. In a general order which was issued yesterday, but has application since 7 o'clock Tuesday evening, Chief O'Neill makes assignments as follows:

Lieutenant John R. Ptacek (former Assistant Chief of Police) to Maxwell Street Station.

Lieutenant John J. Hartnett (former Inspector) to Halsted Avenue.

Lieutenant Max L. Danner, from West North Avenue to Desplaines Street.

Lieutenant Max Heidelmeier (former Inspector), to West North Avenue.

Lieutenant Luke Kalas (former Inspector), to Halsted Street.

Each of the reduced officers is brought near his home. (Lieutenant Ptacek lives in the Maxwell street precinct, and the others not far away from their places of resting.

ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY MEDAL RECEIVED FOR LIFE SAVER EGAN.

Captain William Wyndham, British Consul at Chicago, has received from the Royal Humane society of London the bronze medal awarded to Arthur Egan, who lives with his family at 1725 Belmont avenue. As far as is known, Egan is the only person to receive the medal for saving life in the United States, although Colonel Walter J. Fieldhouse was awarded one for a rescue off the English coast in 1871.

As has been previously reported in THE TRIBUNE, young Egan rescued a party of five who were drowning off Barry's bathing beach last summer. This brought the total number of persons whom young Egan had rescued up to twenty-three.

The Royal Humane society awards medals for rescues from drowning and suffocation all over the world. Although the number of cases it investigates and the number of certificates it issues for daring deeds in life saving is large, the number of medals awarded is small.

The society was founded in 1773 for the purpose of encouraging the resuscitation of persons threatened with death from drowning or suffocation. In addition to the award of certificates and medals the society distributes a great number of pamphlets on rescue from water, gas in mines, and smoke. King Edward VII. is patron, the Duke of Cambridge vice patron, and the Prince of Wales President of the society.

RECEIVE COOKS IN PARLOR

WILMETTE WOMEN START SERIES OF TEAS FOR SERVANTS.

Twenty-three Kitchen Girls Assemble in Residence of Mrs. James Pope—Mrs. John E. Davis, President of the Club, Mrs. Sarah Bunker, Mrs. F. H. Adkins, and Mrs. T. R. Adkins Act as Hostesses and Affair Is Voted a Success.

Twenty-three young women employed in the kitchens of the leading residents of Wilmette were received last night in the parlors of Mrs. James Pope's house, Tenth street, near Lake avenue, in that suburb. The avowed purpose of the entertainment of the domestics—to stir up a sympathy between employer and employé and to let the light of culture into the regions "below stairs"—was voted no failure.

Besides the housemaids, there were present at the party Mrs. John E. Davis, President of the Wilmette Woman's club; Mrs. Sarah Bunker, Mrs. F. H. Adkins, and Mrs. T. R. Adkins. During the evening the domestics formed a society and chose as their President Viola Tuttle, who presides in the kitchen at the Rev. William Walker's parsonage. May Bittle was elected Secretary, and a committee was named to draw up a constitution and by-laws. The young women disavowed any intention of "unionizing" domestic service in Wilmette.

Miss Tuttle made a speech to her friends, asking their loyalty in supporting the interests of the club, and depicting the benefits to be derived from such an organization.

Find Girls' Tastes Cultivated.

Aside from this formal business the program arranged and executed by the girls was of a character to impress the club women with the height to which domestics can rise on such occasions. There was no ragtime music, kitchen talk, or sentimental literature. The President proved herself familiar with Roberts' rules of order and knew how to put previous questions and when a motion to adjourn was in order.

The various girls gave readings from Charles and Mary Lamb's tales of the Shakspeare plays, and one member of the club executed difficult selections of classical music on Mrs. Pope's piano. Chopin's nocturnes found most favor and were most frequently applauded.

It was said in support of the claim that the housemaids of Wilmette are above the average of girls who work in the kitchen that one of the young women is educating herself this winter and expects to enter a university next fall.

Think the Problem Solved.

Mrs. Helen Gage in the afternoon explained some of the ideas at the bottom of the new organization. She said it was a difficult matter to get kitchen girls to stay in Wilmette, so far from Chicago, where there was nothing to attract them. As a means of giving them some amusement this club had been started and she hoped that it would give them better servants.

"I believe we have struck a plan which will settle one of the most important national questions of the day," declared Mrs. Gage. "Thus far our plan has met with success, and I believe it is feasible and will work to both the interests of the maid and the mistress. Our plan was to try it for six months, and if it works well we would be glad to give the public the results. So far it has been only experimenting."

Mrs. Adkins said: "We are trying to lend the girls a hand and make their employment considered as respectable and refined as teaching schools. This little plan of ours can accomplish directly little at most, but if we are successful it will be an example which other organizations will follow.

PROMOTES A HOME FOR GIRLS.

Mrs. M. J. Julian Offers the Site if Others Will Supply the Cash.

Servant girls out of employment may find a home open to them in Lake View before many months pass if the plans of Mrs. M. J. Julian of 1857 Aldine avenue reach a successful conclusion. It will, says Mrs. Julian, be a home where a nominal sum will cover the living expenses of each girl, and where the best influences will prevail. Mrs. Julian will provide a site for the building if she can enlist the financial support of those who are interested in the welfare of homeless and friendless girls.

"I have been reading appeals for help for homeless dogs and cats," said Mrs. Julian last evening, "and certainly there should be many persons interested in a home for human beings."

"It would not require a great amount of money to put up a building that would meet the requirements. I will provide a site, if the money is raised elsewhere for the construction. My plan is to erect a building, not a hotel, and make it a place where servant girls out of work may live at the lowest possible expense. There are many working girls in the city who are without friends or relatives, and who find themselves in desperate straits when they are suddenly thrown out of a position.

"I do not have in mind a refuge, as it is called, but a home similar to the one conducted in New York City for the benefit of the servant girls. Under the right kind of management I believe such an institution could be made self-supporting."

Mrs. Julian said that a number of women in Lake View had promised her their support as soon as the project advances to a definite stage. She is the wife of M. J. Julian, a Division street merchant, and has been identified with charitable work in Lake View for several years.

WOMAN FLEES FROM HOSPITAL.

Hannah O'Connor Escapes, Thinly Dressed, from St. Elizabeth's—Yale Graduate in Detention.

Hannah O'Connor, said to be suffering from dementia, escaped from the St. Elizabeth Hospital yesterday afternoon in scanty attire. Detectives from the West North Avenue Station and relatives went in search of her, but she could not be found. Mrs. O'Connor lived with her family at 2071 Howard street. She had been ill for several months, and two weeks ago was removed to the hospital for treatment.

His mind thought to be affected, William B. Bushnell, inventor, awaits at the Detention Hospital the decision of the physicians. At one time Bushnell was wealthy, owning ice plants on the Pacific coast. He invented several machines for manufacturing ice. He is a graduate of Yale.

REVIVE OLD STRIKE ISSUE

BUILDING CONTRACTORS WANT AN EXCLUSIVE AGREEMENT.

Ask the Bricklayers and Stonemasons, in Consideration of an Advance in Wages, to Work for No Employers Who Are Not Members of Their Association — Woman Almost Routs Leader of the Teamsters—Threatens to Drive a Wagon Herself.

For a second time since the collapse of the building trades strike in 1900 the contractors are asking the men to make an "exclusive agreement." Having succeeded in effecting such a compact with the tile workers, the bricklayers and stone masons have been informed that if they want an increase in the wage scale from fifty to sixty cents they must agree to work exclusively for the members of the Contractors' association.

The "exclusive agreement" clause, which prohibited members of the unions from working for any but members of the Contractors' association and the contractors from employing any but union men, was the primary cause of the building trades struggle and trade unionists are wrought up over the present negotiations.

The bricklayers and stonemasons have an agreement until May 1, 1903, at fifty cents an hour. The contractors offered an amendment to the scale, increasing the wage to sixty cents an hour if the bricklayers would agree to the "exclusive clause," but so far the committee representing the bricklayers has refused to do this.

The conferences have not been broken off, however.

Woman Awes Labor Leader.

Acting President Joseph Cote of the coal teamsters came near being routed yesterday by a woman. He had entered the coal yards of E. E. Patterson at Twenty-fifth place and Stewart avenue to call out the teamsters employed there unless the five teams belonging to C. Mager, 2433 Wabash avenue, were expelled from the yard. Cote had just signaled to the union teamsters to quit loading their wagons, when Mrs. Mager entered the yard.

"What do you mean by interfering with my men?" she cried.

"I am not interfering with your men just at present, madam," replied Cote, "but I mean to directly."

"Well, you'll not interfere with me," declared Mrs. Mager, climbing on a wagon. "I'll turn teamster myself and I'd like to see you stop my wagon."

At this moment the foreman entered the yard and Mager's five teams were ordered to leave.

"I hope I don't have to talk to a woman again in a case like this," declared Cote, later on.

Other Labor Affairs.

Committees from the teamsters, engineers, stationary firemen, coopers, and steamfitters will meet with a delegation of the brewers tomorrow night at 187 Washington street to confer on the question of jurisdiction over men whom the unions assert belong to them in the breweries instead of to the brewery workers.

Motormen on the Metropolitan Elevated roads have had their wages adjusted without a conference, but practically little difference is made in the scale. Acting head motormen will receive 22½ cents straight, while head motormen will get 25 cents an hour. No further alteration of the scale will be considered by the officers of the road until the annual meeting in April.

BIG FEE TO RECOVER TOLLS.

Adjustment Company Asks One-Third of Claim for Collecting Excess Rate Paid on Telephones.

Subscribers of the Chicago Telephone company who have paid excess tolls are being asked to intrust the collection of the same to the Chicago Telephone Adjustment company. The company which recently was formed to secure the relief for telephone users awarded in Judge Tuley's decision, offers to undertake the recovery of the excess charges for one-third the amount realized on the claim.

Circulars which have been sent every subscriber benefited by the decision contain an extract from Judge Tuley's opinion, and the subscriber is informed that the proceeding will be without expense to him. He is urged to "sign and return inclosed blank at once."

Among those to whom the circulars were sent was Herbert Hammond of the New York Life Building. He objected to the "contingent fee" of the adjustment company and favored some scheme whereby attorneys could be employed at stated fees, as "there seems to be a moral certainty of recovery."

"It is represented, I think," said Mr. Hammond, in reply, "that there has been collected in excess fees as much as $2,000,000. Why you should have a possible fee of one-third of this enormous sum for a service that would be amply paid for with from $10,000 to $20,000, is past my comprehension."

The telephone company filed its appeal bond yesterday in the case where Judge Tuley restrained the concern from interfering with the telephones of subscribers who refused to pay more than the franchise rate of $125 a year.

GET TOO MUCH ADVERTISING.

Liquor Dealers Ask Courts to Restrain an Enterprising Publisher from Booming Their Business.

Too much advertising is the basis of a suit filed in the Superior Court yesterday. The advertising itself is not so grievous as the bill for the same, which comes regularly each month. It is the financial end of it which caused John and Edward Hovorka, liquor dealers at 55 Fisk street, to bring action against John G. Hemmer, publisher of a weekly newspaper.

The Hovorkas signed a contract last September for advertising in Hemmer's paper, but say they retained the right to discontinue the "ad" at their pleasure. Their order to close the contract, however, was unheeded and a bill for $6 was presented. Payment was refused, and Hemmer sued and got judgment. The same proceeding was repeated at the end of the next month.

The Hovorkas have discovered that the contract binds them for thirty-six months and assert that Hemmer changed it. They ask the court to restrain the publisher from continuing the advertisement and from collecting any more money on the con

MAKING PLACE IN UNION DEPOT.

All Interested Parties Preparing to Admit Baltimore and Ohio on March 1.

NEW STATION PROJECTED

Terminal Transfer Said to Be in Vanderbilt Hands, with New Plans.

TWO TENANTS IN PROSPECT.

Executive officers of the roads occupying the Union Passenger Station admit that arrangements practically have been completed to have the Baltimore and Ohio use that station after March 1. All the interested parties have voted for the proposition, and only a few minor details have yet to be arranged before the official announcement of the change.

These details, it is understood, refer to some concessions that are asked of the Pennsylvania by the three Western roads owning the Union Station jointly with it. The principal concession asked is that the Pennsylvania shall remove as soon as possible the freighthouses just east of the Union Station to some other location, and thus provide more room for the passenger business of the roads using the station.

The plans of the Drainage trustees for the widening of the river contemplate the use of part of the ground on which the Pennsylvania freighthouses are located. The Pennsylvania, therefore, it is said, offers no longer any serious objections to their removal, and is understood to have arranged practically to use part of the extensive terminals formerly used by the Wisconsin Central and leased a year ago by the Baltimore and Ohio for ninety-nine years from the Chicago Terminal railway company. These terminals are conveniently located on Harrison street and the east side of the river. The Burlington freight terminals are on the opposite side of the river.

New Depot to Be Built.

The removal of the Pennsylvania freighthouses between Madison and Van Buren streets will lead, it is said, to the construction of a new Union Passenger Station on the site of the present one that will be adequate for the handling of the vast passenger traffic of the six roads that will use it. The roads occupying the Union Station will be: The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago, the Pan-Handle road, the Baltimore and Ohio, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and the Chicago and Alton.

As stated in THE TRIBUNE yesterday, the Baltimore and Ohio will use the Pennsylvania company's tracks from South Chicago, shortening the route of the Baltimore and Ohio into the city by nearly an hour, saving a trip around the West Side of the city.

Future Grand Central Tenants.

By the removal of the Baltimore and Ohio from the Grand Central Station, the only occupant of this fine station after the Lake Shore and Rock Island have moved back into their new Van Buren street station will be the Chicago Great Western. The refusal of the Chicago Terminal Transfer railroad company to make a longer lease with the Lake Shore and Rock Island for the use of the Grand Central than six months from last January leads to the surmise that it has other tenants in view.

There has been a suspicion for some little time that the Harriman syndicate has disposed of its interest in the Chicago Terminal Transfer company to the Vanderbilts, and the fact that the Alton consented to the Baltimore and Ohio coming into the Union Station strengthens that suspicion. The Vanderbilts, it is said, want the Chicago Terminal road and its Grand Central Station to provide independent entrance into the city for the Michigan Central and Big Four railroads. Both of these roads are using the Illinois Central Station, the Michigan Central using the Illinois Central tracks from Kensington and the Big Four from Kankakee. The Illinois Central, it is said, would not feel grieved if the two Vanderbilt roads were to leave its station, as its rapidly expanding business, and especially its large suburban traffic, needs all the tracks and accommodations at its command.

Changes in Lake Shore Offices.

Important changes in the passenger department of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad have been decided upon. C. F. Daly will be Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, with headquarters at Chicago, and will have charge of the passenger business of the company in this city and points West. Mr. Daly has been General Passenger Agent for ten years of the Lake Erie and Western, which has been absorbed by the Lake Shore. H. J. Rhein, General Eastern Passenger Agent at Buffalo, will be transferred to Indianapolis to take Mr. Daly's place on the Lake Erie and Western. Mr. John Daly succeeds Mr. Rhein at Buffalo. Mr. Byron, who has been General Western Passenger Agent at Chicago, will, it is understood, leave the service of the Lake Shore.

Transportation Notes.

It is reported that the Chicago Great Western will operate the new railroad which the Des Moines, Iowa Falls and Northwestern is now constructing between Des Moines and Iowa Falls. The new stretch of track, it is stated, will be completed before the expiration of the year.

Surveys have been completed for a line to run from Iowa Falls to Hampton, and as soon as the weather permits surveyors will continue north from Hampton as far as Osage.

The Executive committee of the Western Passenger association held a meeting here yesterday and decided to recommend that action be taken by the association for the adoption of uniform rules for the handling of labor business. At present each road has its own regulations.

The Santa Fé has let a contract to L. L. Summers of Chicago for the installation of an electric plant at its shops at Topeka, at a cost of $80,000. The object is to substitute electricity for steam power there.

AMEND NEW RAILWAY CHARTER.

Capital Stock of Securities Company Changed—Vanderbilts Control Peoria and Eastern.

New York, Feb. 20.—[Special.]—An amendment to the charter filed on Wednesday at Trenton, N. J., to make the authorized capital stock of the Railroad Securities company $10,000,000 each of common and preferred, instead of $12,000,000 common and $7,500,000 preferred, attracted attention mainly because the chief assets of the company consist of Illinois Central railroad capital stock, representing 80,000 shares. Officials said today the move was simply one of policy, and had no significance so far as the public was concerned.

It may be stated as a fact that Vanderbilt interests have bought a majority of the stock of the Peoria and Eastern railroad. For some time this road has been an important part of the Big Four system, nearly all of the income bonds being owned by the Vanderbilts.

The directors of the Peoria and Eastern today declared a dividend of 4 per cent on the income bonds. This dividend is payable on April 1, out of the earnings of last year.

Earlier Departure New Orleans Limited.

On and after Sunday, Feb. 23, the Chicago and New Orleans Limited fast vestibule train of the Illinois Central will leave Chicago at 5:40 p. m. daily, instead of at 6:10 p. m. Tickets at 99 Adams street. Phone 2705 Central.

E. Belmont
Clear Havana Cigars
"Are really excellent"
3 for 25c. to 3 for 50c.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Trend of Time.

It is some four or five years since Liza Lehmann, an English song writer and former singer of considerable prominence, won a goodly measure of success for herself and her publisher by setting to music for piano and solo quartet several of the best-known stanzas from the "Rubaiyat" of "old Omar," and giving them out as a song cycle bearing the title "In a Persian Garden."

The favor the work found with enterprising quartets and a small section of the public caused countless song cycles to make their appearance. Poems, descriptive or lyric, connected or disconnected, were set to music and published as song cycles, but it remained for the present season to bring forward a man bold enough to undertake the making of a song cycle out of the calendar. It required, in fact, two men to accomplish this mighty task, but the two were found in the persons of William Girard and Victor Kemp.

The former has written some prose and prosaic poetry descriptive of the twelve months in the year and Mr. Kemp has set it to music, the joint product bearing the title "The Trend of Time." It is doubtful if the song cycle craze has ever produced a more matter-of-fact, dull, and commonplace set of ideas clothed in trite language than Mr. Girard has manufactured. That Mr. Kemp's music lacks inspiration is not surprising—the surprising part of it is that it has turned out as good as it has.

The cycle received its first Chicago production last evening in Music Hall before an audience that was of good size during the first six months of the year, but dwindled noticeable as the winter season came on. The work had been carefully prepared under the direction of Mrs. Hess-Burr, who was at the piano, and who had the assistance of a quartet, consisting of Mrs. Maude Lindon Wells, soprano; Miss Adele Blauer, contralto; Holmes Cowper, tenor; and Albert Borroff, bass.

The text throughout is impossible from the viewpoint of musical adaptability, the least bad, being perhaps the February, April, and November divisions. The April is masculine in sentiment, however, and is set for soprano! The best numbers musically are the August solo for contralto, the September and July quartets, and the October aria for bass.

The most enjoyable feature of the evening was the miscellaneous program that preceded the cycle. Miss Blauer sang two songs, and in a duet with Mr. Borroff, and proved herself the possessor of a pleasing contralto, which she uses with considerable skill and effectiveness. Mrs. Wells has a small soprano voice of more than average sweetness and clearness. She sings the lighter genre of songs neatly and gracefully, her giving of Cowen's "Buttercups and Daisies" being especially graceful. Mr. Borroff is a young basso of good abilities and still greater promise. His voice has sonority, richness, and sympathy, and needs only further development and training, with careful avoidance of undue darkening of the tone, to become an organ of worth and usefulness.

Concerts Today.

The Chicago Orchestra will hold its public rehearsal of the fourth program in the Historical Series this afternoon at 2:15 o'clock. Mme. Bloomfield-Zeisler will be the piano soloist. The program follows:

Wedding March, Scherzo, "A Midsummer Night's Dream,".....Mendelssohn
Overture, "Melusina,".....Mendelssohn
Concerto for Pianoforte No. 2, F Minor....Chopin
Mme. Bloomfield-Zeisler.
Symphony No. 3, E Flat, "Rhenish"..Schumann

Tonight in the Congregational Church, Ravenswood, the Ravenswood Musical club, under the direction of P. C. Lutkin, will give its second concert. Edward Elgar's cantata, "The Black Knight," will then receive its first performance in America, the soloist being Holmes Cowper, tenor. The second half of the program will be devoted to the Coleridge-Taylor "Hiawatha's Wedding Feast."

The Beethoven club of Austin will give a part song concert tonight in the Library Hall, Austin. The club, which consists of 100 singers and is under the direction of Charles A. Knorr, will have the assistance as soloists of Miss Grace Ensminger, violinist; Mme. Anna Weiss, pianist; and Vernon D'Arnalle, baritone.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Poke Effect in Collars.
SEWANEE E. & W. TYLERsew

EIGHT-HOUR DAY IN EFFECT FOR POSTOFFICE CLERKS.

Sixty-four Clerks Added to the Pay Roll —Mr. Coyne Addresses the Force—Change in Handling of Mail.

Postmaster Coyne's new plan of an eight-hour day for the postoffice employés went into effect yesterday afternoon. Sixty-four clerks were added to the pay rolls of the office, making the total increase in the force since Mr. Coyne's appointment 170.

A few minutes after 5 o'clock these employés were called together in the mailroom by M. J. McGrath, superintendent of mail service, who read the postmaster's order stating that hereafter the employés would not have to work more than eight hours a day, but that there must be no mail left unsorted over night. There was loud applause when Mr. Coyne stepped up on a mailing table and briefly addressed the 500 persons present.

"I am convinced," he said, "that the new plan will work. Look back to the last time that I addressed you. Men were working here twelve and thirteen hours a day. I undertook to stand by you if you stood by me. Although we have not got all that we set out to get, we have advanced. I am going to insist that we get our due in the number of men employed and in salaries paid."

"Chicago deserves the same appropriation for wages in proportion to the receipts of its office as any other large city," Mr. Coyne explained later. "Salaries here amount to 16 per cent of the receipts; in San Francisco to 22.30 per cent; in Brooklyn to 21.50."

There is to be a change in the handling of mail. Mail from the West Side territory now tributary to Station U will hereafter be sorted there and that portion of it that goes out of the Union Depot will go direct without coming into the main office. All mails for the roads from the Union Depot will be dispatched through Station U.

STUDENT ORATOR WINS HONORS

B. G. Nelson Will Represent University of Chicago in the Northern League Next May.

The annual oratorical contest at the University of Chicago was won last night by B. G. Nelson of the senior college. Mr. Nelson will represent the university in the Northern Oratorical league in May, when many universities in the West and Northwest will compete. The first prize was $50 and a scholarship for three quarters. The second place was won by Harry G. Lurie, who receives $25 and a scholarship for two quarters. Herbert E. Fleming, who won third place, receives a scholarship for one quarter. There were six contestants.

A Coffee Sword and a Shield of Postum.

Coffee puts its sword into people first one place and then another. You may depend upon it, if you are a coffee drinker, and have ailments in some of the organs of the body, that coffee is doing its work. You may prove whether it is or not by leaving it off for ten days or two weeks, although it often takes from nine months to two years to recover from its effects.

Mr. J. W. Ashby, Mt. Airy, N. C., says "I was a coffee drinker for 25 years. About three years ago I suffered greatly with pains in the region of my heart and the pit of my stomach. These pains appeared about the same time each day.

"I wondered if coffee might not be the fault, so began the test of leaving off coffee. The pains ceased, but when I began to use coffee again the same old pains would 'bob up'. I have now been using Postum for some time in place of coffee and am entirely cured of the old neuralgia of the stomach and heart. Respectfully."

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
Station, Wells & Kinzie sts. Ticket Office, 212 Clark St. Tel., Central 721.
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.
Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Fox River points, Wausau, Stevens Point, Minneapolis, St. Paul.
3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Mankato, Minneota. Owatonna only.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneota, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM MINNEMINEE EX. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marquette, Menominee.
10.00 AM COLORADO & PACIFIC EX. One night to Denver. Fast time to Portland and San Francisco. Daylight Omaha, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
5.00 PM ASHLAND LIMITED. Fox River points, Wausau, Marshfield, Ashland, Superior, Wisconsin.
5.30 PM IOWA EX. Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha.
6.30 PM NORTH WESTERN LIMITED. Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis
7.00 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EX. Cedar Rapids, Sioux City, Mason City, Northern Iowa and South Dakota.
8.00 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. California on Union Pacific, Omaha, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM MINN. & DAK. EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, La Crosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis
8.00 PM NIGHT EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marquette, Menominee, Upper Country.
10.00 PM DULUTH & ST. PAUL EX. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Escanaba, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence.
11.30 PM CALIFORNIA EX. Mason City, Omaha, Fort Wells, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.
MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.
1.30 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.00 p. m., 3.00 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

PEOPLE WHO ADVERTISE IN THE . . . .
Help Wanted Columns
—OF—
The Daily Tribune
do not have any difficulty in securing desirable help. Thousands of work-seekers read these columns every day. The public's appreciation of the Daily Tribune's value as a reliable help-wanted medium is conclusively shown by the following:
DAILY (SUNDAY EXCLUDED)
During January, The Tribune advertised over
1,800
More Genuine Positions
under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper. Under all other classifications combined The Tribune printed nearly twice as many advertisements.

BEVERLY SHORE
MASS.
FOR SALE—One of the most desirable Sea Shore estates on this famous shore; the estate consists of about 25,000 feet of land; a beautiful home of eleven rooms, containing all the modern conveniences, and is fully furnished; the house faces directly on the ocean; the facilities for boating and bathing are unsurpassed, and only a ten minutes' drive to the Polo Ground at Hamilton. Beverly is famous for its beauty and wealth of summer homes. The estate will be sold at a reasonable price and easy terms. For further particulars address
L. LEFAVOUR, Room 6, 40 Milk st., Boston, Mass.

Resume of today's page advertisement.

The smart new peasant skirt. Sale of real lace handkerchiefs. Matinee luncheons in our tea rooms. Sale handsome lawn kimonos. Extraordinary sale of tapestry squares. Sale of Austrian china dinner sets at 10.95.

Established in 1855. Established in 1855.

Mandel's Daily Store News.

Careful attention given to all mail orders.

Special points of interest in Mandel's store.

You could easily imagine you had reached the Orient when walking through our spacious rug section inspecting the fascinating array of Oriental productions. Rug treasures that will delight all lovers of real rug art.

Weather indications: Threatening; slightly colder.

Mandel's editorial comment.

Friday, February 21st, 1902.

When you compare our prices with those elsewhere, do not forget to give due consideration to quality. That's the particular attribute that individualizes the Mandel merchandise; the essential that gives lasting service to every article and makes you satisfied with your purchase. We've solved the problem of making low prices without lessening quality. That's just why we merit your patronage at all times. That's why this store is always busy. Whenever we sell you anything it's with a view to making you a regular Mandel patron, and we look to it that everything you buy is right, and above all it must be right in quality. The name Mandel guarantees that.

The smart new peasant skirt.

A splendid assortment of smart, new pedestrienne skirts all ready for your spring outings, and priced to induce immediate buying, so you can enjoy them an extra month.

The new name for them is the "peasant" skirt —very picturesque and suggestive, isn't it?

It calls to mind in a twinkling the pretty little figure of the old-fashioned Brittany peasant, whose skirt is always well above her daintily turned ankle, giving her a graceful liberty of movement that is delightful.

It's just this graceful freedom in walking that is so gratifying to the Chicago woman who wears one of our smart peasant skirts today.

They're cut to fit with exquisite modishness, having the glove tight snugness above a sloping hip and the dainty, pretty flaring away beneath which give the wearer an inimitable grace.

No dust sweeping trains or skirt edges, and no heavy length to hold up with your hand. All is free, graceful, and convenient.

Our spring assortment is well stocked with both light and heavy weight walking skirts in styles to appeal to women of all tastes—all with the true Mandel quality in style and making, and the Mandel price—the lowest that's quoted on equally good garments.

Have your shirt waist made now.

The quiet Lenten season is the time many women take for planning summer wardrobes, particularly for attending to that most conspicuous adjunct of the smart woman's summer dress—the shirt waist.

They find the weather agreeable now to undergo the several fittings essential to the execution of a perfect garment.

We fit our waists like a glove, finish each with an artistic touch—as only artists can—and give the *tout ensemble* a smartly Parisian air.

There's an almost endless variety of exquisite fabrics to choose from now, and then, too, Lent has the additional advantage of special prices.

Real lace handkerchiefs. Exquisite handiwork of French convents.

Even the great Montaigne, who, in one of his brilliant essays, reviled the handkerchief as a mark of vulgarity, would be captivated with one of the Mandel real lace affairs.

The loveliest of handkerchief designs in the loveliest of all fabrics.

They come from over seas, from sequestered nooks in gray-walled, old cloisters, where they are wrought with a loving care and infinite patience by the deft fingers of sweet-voiced nuns.

Journeying across the Atlantic they flash out in the gorgeous pomp of a great wedding or a gay and glittering ball. What a romance for a handkerchief.

The prices are as much a triumph of progressive buying as the designs. Duchesse designs from 1.48 to $75. All point designs from $5 to $75. Charming combinations of rose point and point Venise, and many others of equal splendor, at **1.48** to **$75.**

Language study by phonograph.

Sprechen sie Deutsch? When you visit Europe it's a great pleasure to be able to converse in the language of the lands you're journeying through.

Best way to learn a language is to live right among the people who speak it, but few people are so situated that they can do that.

Next best is to get one of our phonographs and let your fluent French or German professor talk into it; then you can hear him over and over again and practice until you get the real foreign accent and intonation.

You'll be glad you did it when you're viewing the boulevards of Paris, or "doing" some quaint old town along the romantic Rhine.

Of course, you can have all sorts of fun out of the phonograph, too, for our supply of records has all the latest music and mirth-makers.

The very best phonographs at prices that make you feel you can afford to have the best.

Musical records, per doz., $5.

The improved corset waists.

Corset designs vary with the mandates of the fashion goddess; the only way in which the waist varies is in the development of greater and greater perfection in the fitting of a woman's figure.

It is also the easiest, most comfortable, practicable and hygienic way of sustaining the burden of clothing.

The corset waist is suspended from the shoulders, as all clothing should be, and has buttons conveniently arranged just below the waist line for the suspension of garters, drawers and petticoats.

The waist and hips are relieved of all the dress weight, which generally clings so heavily.

The figure retains every natural grace of movement and outline, with nothing sacrificed for conventional looks, in the way of a prettily curving torso and neatly indented waist line.

Coutil and Italian cloth in the less expensive models, silk or satin, lace trimmed, for the costlier styles.

Some with cords, some with fine whalebone in cases—removable if desired. Prices **$1** and up.

The Du Barry veil.

You've seen many lovely and graceful veils, of course, but you've no conception of the perfect loveliness and grace of a veil until you've seen our new French model, the Du Barry.

A veil you'll find only in Paris and at Mandel's.

It's the latest of the many fine, handsome spring novelties that we are showing.

Two and a half yards of fine thread net lace, drooping well over the front of the hat down upon the chest, one end caught up at the back, the other falling in a cascade.

Matinee luncheons in our delightful tea rooms.

Fourth floor.

The many matinee five course luncheons which we serve in our tea rooms have all the daintiness which effective, mellowed illumination, linen and table appointments as delicate as a snowflake, and service always deft, willing, and prompt can evoke.

And the viands themselves, how toothsome; Chicago has nothing more delightful to the palate.

There's the French room, whose dainty gorgeousness is a beautiful picture of the era of Louis Quinze; the old English room, which fairly breathes the sweet fragrance of a flower garden of Merry England; and the great main room, ample and stately—you can have your choice.

Isn't one-half the pleasure of the play in the picturesque stage setting, and isn't one-half the charm of the luncheon in the dainty beauty of the dining-room environs?

Not the least source of our pride in our tea rooms is the price list. You'll find if you compare our accommodations, including the long distance telephone, with those of similar places that we quite outdistance the others, not only in point of service, but also in the matter of reasonable rates.

The new silk striped waistings.

Have you seen them? They are the most bewitching waist fabrics we have ever shown in all our years of storekeeping.

But the best part of today's news is that you could not get fabrics to equal these in beauty and quality elsewhere for less than $1.

Silk strip and silk striped corded waistings—all-wool and silk and wool effects in 50 different shades—as beautiful as the petals of dainty flowers. Come in and see them—**50c.**

Handsome lawn kimonos at $1.

All women are buying them now, and buying them at Mandel's. Why shouldn't they come here, when similar qualities cost only about half the prices asked elsewhere?

We couldn't have marked them anywhere near so low were it not for the maker's concession, which left him nothing for the making.

But the kimonos themselves are exquisitely made, and you couldn't buy the materials and make them up so nicely for less than double.

We are showing them in a great variety of handsome fancy stripes. Borders of white impart a very charming effect to the garment, giving them all the style appearance of high-priced kimonos.

Kimono gowns, fancy stripes with white borders; also white gowns with pretty polka dot borders, all dainty and practical, washable colors, at **$1.**

On sale on third floor, bargain square, main floor, and in the economy salesroom, basement.

Extraordinary sale of tapestry squares, 19c.

Second floor, upholstery section.

An immense purchase of manufacturers' samples of rich tapestry and choice damasks at actually less than half the first cost of the materials.

As the pieces were cut in sizes suitable for sofa cushion covers we bought the entire collection for the benefit of our patrons.

It's a rare chance to secure a supply of beautiful sofa pillows, and no woman can have too many. There's always some little corner that will look the better for another pillow, no matter how many you may have now.

The variety of designs is one of the best features of this great sale; whatever your fancy, you'll find something to meet your desires.

The saving can be imagined when we tell you that off the piece this material would cost you from 75c to $10 per yard—today you choose from the entire lot at **59c, 39c, 25c** and **19c.**

Silk and wool crepes for smart spring costumes.

Those entrancing, soft, clingy materials that give a picturesque piquancy to the form—a fabric that lends itself to artistic folds, which under the touch of a skilled dressmaker becomes a smart costume of distinctive tone and inimitable, elusive style individuality.

We sell more of these thin, filmy crepes this season than any other fabric.

There's no place in all Chicago where you can choose from such a vast assortment. We've colors that rival the deep red poppy, others as delicate as apple blossoms, and some as soft and rich as a pansy blossom—all colors are here at **1.25.**

Wash hats for little girls.

Haven't you ever wished that you could take your little girl's pretty summer straw hat, after it has gotten all battered and mussed and soiled from weeks of out-door romping, wash out and iron it until it were fresh and fluffy once more?

Get her one of our beautiful new wash hats and you can clean it over and over again.

It won't cost you as much in the beginning as the straw hat does, and can always be made fresh and dainty with a very little work.

Regular little Gainsborough effects, saucy turn-up hats, rolling turbans and hosts of other charming juvenile conceits.

Ribbons in rosettes and startling pretty bows, exquisite laces, and posies enough to fill a flower bed, are put on very effectively by way of trimming.

It's not too early to think about hats, for you know how the summer heat bursts on one all of a sudden, and it's best to get everything ready while you have leisure to plan, and then, too, the prices are so very low—a beautiful hat at a **$1.**

Mandel's store gossip.

You will find bargains in abundance in our basement section every day in the week.

Have you noted the preference shown the Mandel millinery by Chicago's elite?

You'd think it was still Christmas, from the eager buyers that daily crowd our store.

Rich, clingy dress fabrics are universally popular, and our showing of all the new, soft materials is unparalleled.

One of the latest and most charming novelties from the French capital is the "gate" bracelet—so named from its mode of fastening. Shown in our jewelry section.

Those delicate, milky pearls in all their exquisiteness are shown here in profusion at moderate prices.

If you are undecided regarding your spring costume inspect the Mandel foulards; you will hesitate no longer.

Have you a George Washington hatchet? 2d floor.

What happier idea for a souvenir of the illustrious Father of our Country than one of these cute little hatchets?

They are very pretty little implements all clustered with cherries, delightfully reminiscent of the immortal tale about the little boy who could not tell a lie.

All kinds of hatchets on view—some of them so big you might almost imagine that they were twin brothers to the one the great George himself used, and others in toy sizes.

Hatchets from 15c up; bunches of cherries at **4c.**

Fine Austrian china dinner sets, 10.95.

Fourth floor.

A handsome ceramic, this Austrian china, adorned with floral designs in an exquisite pink.

101 pieces in the set, including soup tureen and large platters.

Surely at this price no one need go without a beautiful table service—per set. **10.95.**

Ready-to-trim hats.

Second floor, Wabash.

Perhaps you're one of those women who enjoy the fascination of creating their own millinery, and appreciate the saving afforded.

Then you'll want to see our beautiful new styles in "ready-to-trim" hats.

They're made on wire frames in very effective modes and are all ready to wear, save those little finishing touches of flowers, quills or pompons.

They're actually worth from $4 to $5, but we're not asking over 2.50 for any—some as low as **1.25.**

New spring tailor-made suits, 12.75.

They are the latest creations in these fashionable suits—just what you'll want when spring arrives.

$20 was the price, but we chanced upon a maker who was overstocked and couldn't wait for the natural outlet later, and actually bought them for about half.

They come in handsome plain and pebble cheviots, in the catchy blouse and graceful Eton styles—jackets are silk lined and faced with moire—regular price elsewhere $20, here today, **12.75.**

Washable rugs.

Second floor, Wabash.

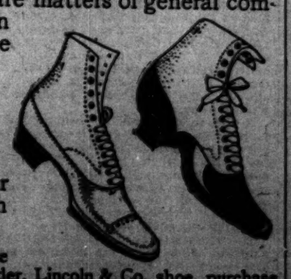
'Tis to Japan we owe this invaluable accessory to the bath room, but we've made decided improvements on the Japanese originals.

These cost less, too—we don't have to pay importation expenses.

We've numerous sizes at prices ranging from **4.25** for the 3x6 feet ones, to an 18x36 inch for **1.15.**

Entire regular stock of women's, misses' and children's shoes at 20% discount.

A bonafide discount of 20% from already the lowest prices quoted on high-grade footwear. The comfort and fitting qualities of the Mandel shoes are matters of general comment, and fashionable women who will not wear anything but an elegant appearing shoe prefer ours to all others because of the combination of style and ease which they afford the wearer.



It's all in the care taken with the details. A Mandel shoe has no secret defects; no faulty materials tucked away out of sight between layers of sole leather or in the body of the heel. They retain their shape when worn, and require no breaking in.

The 20% reduction applies to all shoes in our entire regular stock, and includes those famous bench-made shoes for which Mandels are famous.

BASEMENT: Here the bargain feature of shoe selling has never been more strongly emphasized. We are almost giving shoes away here. That great Batchelder, Lincoln & Co. shoe purchase is now on sale in the basement, and regular $3, 3.50 and $4 shoes are selling at 1.65, 1.45 and **95c.**

Remarkable bargains in the economy salesroom today.

This is right in the height of the bargain period of the year. It's not our time for taking profits. The new spring goods are beginning to arrive and the main sections are unloading in the basement all the goods remaining from last season. The time is very short to close them out, so the final reductions have been made, and lucky are those who reap the benefits of the saving advantages afforded now in every section and aisle of this great bargain center.

Sale mercerized petticoats at 95c.

Basement.

A splendid bargain opportunity in a staple fast black petticoat. The fabrics are all mercerized, and mercerizing, you remember, is the process that makes cotton fabrics look like real silk. Elegant mercerized percaline petticoats, in fast black only—excellent quality, elaborately trimmed with two full, deep accordion plaited flounces, each flounce edged with ruching of self—a real bargain at $2. You'll probably never see their equal produced again at **95c.**

Silk finished cashmeres at 18c.

Basement.

500 pieces silk finished wool cashmeres at less than they are wholesaled for in case lots, 38 inch widths, 48 new colorings—sky, tan, gobelin, red, mordore, old rose, white, pink, castor, cadet, cardinal, reseda, silver, ivory, turquoise, ecru, royal, wine, olive, slate, cream, heliotrope, golden, navy, cerise, myrtle, gendarme, Richelieu, plum, seal, marine, magenta, bottle, biscuit, mode, tabac, salmon, Napoleon, admiral, emerald, sapphire, amethyst, purple, scarlet, lavender, mousse, drab, black, etc.—sensational value—per yard **18c.**

Clearance suits and overcoats, 7.50

Basement.

For several weeks we've been selling handsome, stylish clothing at prices no other house in Chicago could duplicate, and the sales have been enormous, but we've still a lot of fine garments left that must go now within a few days. Winter suits and overcoats—many small lines sent down from the main section—the grandest bargains of the year in men's fine apparel. The opportunity will soon be gone to secure one of these fine suits or overcoats at **7.50.**

Fine made-up carpet rugs, 5.75.

Basement.

As an astonishing instance of the Mandel ability to provide sumptuous merchandise at economical prices, we mention these hundreds of beautiful rugs, made up from pieces of fine Brussels carpet. They are 6 feet 9 inches by 9 feet 9 inches in size and are very durable and satisfactory rugs—a splendid assortment of handsome patterns to select from—all priced very low considering the exceptional quality—**5.75.**

Sale knit underwear at 20% off.

Basement.

The immense throngs buying underwear in our economy salesroom are proof positive of the superiority of the values. One-fifth off marked price is a big discount when original prices were the lowest in Chicago. There'll be a lot of cold weather in the next few months, and winter woolens have an aggravating habit of wearing out before a mild temperature is firmly established, so it will pay you all around to buy a liberal supply now and save a fifth on the prices.

Taffeta silk waists at 2.59.

Basement.

A remarkable chance to secure a handsome taffeta waist at just about half price. These have been in our $5 stock all the season; are just as good as any we've sold at that figure, but we've determined to make a final clearance of this line, so down comes the price to 2.59. A great variety of beautiful shades and black—thoroughly up-to-date styles—prettily tucked and trimmed with hemstitched straps—handsome stock collar and tie—choice at **2.59.**

Spring tailor-made suits, 7.50.

Basement.

These are amazing values, for we got a hint of an extraordinary trade opportunity a few weeks ago and bought a lot of early spring garments at a tremendous price advantage. Consequently we are offering a grand assortment of handsome, well-tailored suits at just about the regular wholesale prices. Venetians and homespuns—castor, blue, light and dark gray—Eton or blouse jackets, silk or satin lined—skirts in flare or flounce styles—at **7.50.**

Great remnant sale wash goods, 5c

Basement.

An enormous collection of phenomenal values in wash goods; short lengths and odd pieces remaining from the greatest season's business ever transacted in this section. Remnants of every kind of wash goods, satin striped muslins and organdies, French dimities, dainty embroidered swisses, fine patterns in batistes, madras and cheviot shirtings, magnificent bargains in percales, ginghams, calicoes, printed wrapper flannelettes, outing flannel, silkoline, drapery, linens, etc., wonderful bargains at these prices—per yard **9c** and **5c.**

Annual sale of box hosiery.

Basement.

Our great February basement sale of box hosiery is the one grand opportunity of the year to provide for the season's needs—a sale of staple values at radical price reductions. We prepare for this sale months ahead by buying in large quantities from the manufacturers at the time when the lowest prices are obtainable. Hence, we can now offer you women's fast black cotton hosiery—extra value—six pairs in a box, at **95c, 75c, 55c** and **40c.**

Sale good quality toilet soaps at 5c

Saving advantages should not be confined to large purchases alone, as a little saved here and there on small items soon increases to noteworthy proportions. So we're offering an immense variety of exquisite toilet soaps, prettily tinted and diffusing the fragrance of the flower garden, at a price almost unheard-of for lowness. Every cake in the lot is worth at least double what we ask, which is just **5c.**

Travelers' samples of embroidery.

At this season manufacturers always close out their sample strips and travelers' samples to their largest customers at a mere fraction of their real value, for they have served their purpose and are of no further value to them. An enormous purchase of these samples came to us recently at prices that mean a great saving to you. Sample strips, short lengths and remnants of fine embroidery—some slightly soiled from handling—all to be closed out at less than half original cost—per yard, **10c, 8c, 5c** and **2c.**

New wash fabrics for waists and dresses.

Over 5,000 yards of handsome oxfords and madras shirtings. These goods come direct from the mill and are all of this season's newest fab ics—2½, 3, 3½ and 4 yard lengths. All white basket weave cheviot, mercerized white oxfords, fancy stripes all white madras, white ground with colored stripe madras, novelty weave colored madras and cheviots—strictly perfect, not an old pattern in the lot—excellent shirting and shirt waist styles—regularly 25c to 35c per yard—special at **12½c.**

EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES.

CATHEDRAL ALTAR ROBBED OF GEMS.

Thieves Enter Tiffany Chapel in Crypt of St. John's and Steal Jewels.

RESCUES FATHER IN FIRE

New York Man Lashes Invalid Parent to His Back and Carries Him Down Ladder.

GENERAL NEWS OF GOTHAM.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Feb. 20.

Steal Gems from Altar of Cathedral.

Seven of the precious stones in the altar of the Tiffany Chapel, in the crypt of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, on Cathedral Heights, were removed by thieves who broke into the chapel early on Wednesday morning, the fact becoming public today. After midnight on Tuesday the thieves, presumably two in number, gained access to the grounds from the entrance on One Hundred and Thirteenth street, opposite St. Luke's Hospital. They then broke a window in the crypt and had an easy approach to the altar.

The altar is of Carrara marble, faced with glass mosaics. The symbols of the four evangelists are done in mother of pearl and a central monogram is treated with gold, garnets, precious stones, and mother-of-pearl inlaid. Just above, at the rear of the altar, is a small tabernacle inlaid with colored marble and gems. Back of the altar, against the wall, is the reredos, of polished black marble, inlaid with mosaics.

That the thieves were familiar with the nature of the altar is evident, for they selected the most valuable jewels. The night watchman, it is supposed, was at the other end of his beat, which extends from One Hundred and Tenth to One Hundred and Thirteenth street, between Amsterdam and Morningside avenues. Caretakers were sleeping in a little wooden hut close to the crypt. It is believed that the thieves are the same who attempted to rob the crypt two weeks ago, when decorations of the altar, including the cross and two vases, were disturbed, but the robbers evidently were frightened away on that occasion.

Fire did extensive damage tonight in the machine shop, car sheds, and coal bins of the Fifth Avenue Elevated railroad line at Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets and Fifth avenue, Brooklyn.

Straps His Father on His Back and Rescues Him,

There were several stirring rescues during a bad fire which destroyed the Florence apartment-house on Kingston avenue, between Herkimer street and Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, early this morning. Eight families scantily attired were forced to flee from their beds and climb down the fire escapes. The blaze, which spread rapidly, was discovered by Sergeant Julius Heidler, who lived in the building.

Sergeant Heidler helped the members of his family to reach the street by way of an extension in the rear of the building, and then aided in arousing the other tenants and assisting them down the fire escapes. Soon after the fire was discovered a tank filled with oxygen used for medicinal purposes exploded in the apartment of A. H. Tift, on the first floor. The explosion added to the excitement and fear of the tenants. Several women jumped when they reached the bottom of the fire escapes and were caught in the arms of Policeman Leonard and other policemen.

Probably the most heroic act performed was the rescue by Rufus J. Suits of his aged father, a helpless invalid. The younger Mr. Suits, who is a clerk in the Brooklyn School board's office, lived with his family on the third floor. After getting his wife and children down the fire escapes Mr. Suits returned for his father. With a clothes line he bound the old man to his back and carried him down a ladder, which had been raised by the firemen. The old man fainted during the descent. He was taken to the home of friends, where he was attended by a physician.

Colonel Abraham Gruber, a prominent Republican politician, at the sixteenth annual dinner of the American Newspaper Publishers' association at the Waldorf Astoria tonight boomed Thomas B. Reed for President and said he and every liberty-loving American was ready to follow him.

Infantile Lothario Pleads the Baby Act.

"Women have been my ruin," was the explanation which 15-year-old Hyman Leech, a special delivery messenger in the employ of a Sixth avenue department store, gave for his downfall when he was arraigned today in the Jefferson Market police court on a charge of having stolen $44.50 from his employers. The "women" in his case were cash girls working in the same store, short-skirted slips of 12 or 13 years, who evidently already had developed the instincts of some older sisters.

The Leech boy told Magistrate Hogan a tearful tale about how they would come to him with petitions for candy and treats, because he had acquired the reputation of being quite a spark, and how his tender heart made it impossible for him to say no. His legitimate income of $4.50 a week being utterly inadequate for such purposes, he stole.

The climax of the boy's glory and the beginning of the end was a theater party which he gave last Tuesday to two girls and another boy. He stole the $44.50 in order to buy a box for the evening's performance of "Pere Grandpa." In the box he and his friends sat in state.

The next day the Leech boy was arrested. He told the magistrate that, while his first name was Hyman, his girl friends had persuaded him to exchange it for "Harold."

"Don't send me away, Judge," entreated Hyman Harold. "This has been a turr'ble lesson ter me. I'll never have nothin' to do wit' gulls again."

The boy was left in the temporary custody of the Children's society pending further examination.

Mrs. Sarah Cowell Le Moyne will produce Bleeding's "The Blot in the Scutcheon" at a series of special matinées during March and April. The play was brought out originally in London, during Macready's management, with Mr. Phelps in the rôle of Tresham. With this exception, Lawrence Barrett was the only actor who tested its possibilities for the stage.

General Wilson Sees Menace in Russia.

General James H. Wilson was one of the guests of the Delaware society at its twelfth annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria this evening and in speaking to the toast, "America in the Far East," said: "I do not know that I am revealing any great diplomatic secret when I say that the recent treaty which has been published with so much excitement of interest, the treaty between England and Japan, in which they have mutual objectives against Russia, was also framed as an American. I think that that treaty was drafted by Henry W. Denison, a cousin of Charles A. Dana."

After remarks upon other subjects General Wilson, returning, asked what of the significance of the publication of the England-Japan treaty and said:

"Ordinarily it would be taken as a bluff of the allied powers against Russia and her threatened aggression. Well, Russia has taken already about 6,000,000 square miles from China, and, in my judgment, there is no earthly power that can prevent her from taking more when she decides to do so."

In a fire at 60 East Sixty-seventh street this evening Mrs. Martha Marten, 40 years old, lost her life in a peculiar manner.

Bride and Groom Almost Snowbound.

Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop Rutherford, who were married at Grace Church on Tuesday, had an exciting experience near Hackettstown, N. J., late the same afternoon, when they attempted to drive to the Rutherford estate, six miles from there, over country roads drifted with snow ten feet deep in many places. They were met at the 5 o'clock train at Hackettstown by the coachman with a cutter, and, despite the fact that he told them the roads were almost impassable, they started.

In many places all trace of the road had been lost, and new roads had been broken across fields and over buried fences. In following one of these new roads in the gathering twilight the coachman ran into a large rock. He whipped up the horses, and in their efforts to pull the sleigh out it was upset, and both the bride and the bridegroom were thrown into a great snowdrift.

Neither was hurt by the fall, and both gained their feet, laughing heartily at the incident. The horses took fright and managed to free themselves from the grip of the coachman. He walked to Allamuchy and secured a new team, while Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford trudged across country to a farmhouse. The farmer's wife gave them seats around the kitchen stove and made them a cup of hot coffee. Here the coachman found them two hours later.

As soon as they reached Tranquillity Farm Mrs. Rutherford called up her father, former Governor Levi P. Morton, and told him the story over the long distance telephone.

To Combine Edged Tool Companies.

Negotiations are now under way for the amalgamation of the ax and edged tool interests of the United States. The combination will have a capital of about $25,000,000, unless present plans miscarry. It is planned immediately upon the formation of the company to effect unusual economies in production and to push the business into foreign countries as energetically as possible.

The companies which will figure in the combination are the F. P. Plum company of Philadelphia; the American Ax and Tool company of this city; the Kelly Ax Manufacturing company of Alexandria, Ind.; the Warren Ax and Tool company of Warren, Pa.; the United States Edged Tool company of Cattaragus, N. Y.; the Standard Ax company of Pennsylvania; the Mann Edged Tool company of Lewiston, Pa.; James H. Mann & Co. of New York; the Romer Ax company of Dunkirk, N. Y.; and other important concerns.

An odd feature of the negotiations in progress for the formation of the combine is that an agreement has been reached for the maintenance of prices pending the formation of the combine. The settled policy of the amalgamated interests, it is announced, is to keep prices at such a point that neither criticisms nor competition will be forthcoming.

"Manru" Is Performed for Second Time.

Paderewski's "Manru" was performed for the second time tonight at the Metropolitan Opera-House. To give a new work on an extra night without the solid support of the subscription list, and with the strong musical opposition of a Boston symphony concert, was to submit it to a test cruel in its severity. The result was a triumph for the composer, for the audience crowded the house and was enthusiastic in its approval.

Von Bandrowski, the Polish tenor, who was especially engaged for the title rôle, was heard again tonight. In addition to singing the leading part, Von Bandrowski devoted much time and labor to the staging of the work, with which he had become familiar in his European appearances in it. This imposed upon him a heavy burden, but he came out of the ordeal successfully. Mme. Sembrich sang well.

The Alliance Française celebrated the centennary of Victor Hugo tonight at the Berkeley Lyceum.

Funeral of Edward S. Isham.

Funeral services over the remains of the late Edward S. Isham of Chicago, who died here on Sunday last, were held today at the Brick Church on Fifth avenue. The services were conducted by the Rev. Sartell Prentice, a nephew of Mr. Isham, and were attended by a large number of relatives and friends. The Bar association of Chicago was represented by the following committee: Robert T. Lincoln, William G. Beale, Elbert H. Gary, Samuel P. McConnell, Howard Henderson, A. W. Green, Max Pam, and F. Parmalee Prentice.

The honorary pallbearers were John Bigelow, Robert T. Lincoln, Norman B. Ream, Franklin MacVeagh, William G. Beale, Edgar T. Welles, and John S. Runnells.

The interment, which will be private, will take place at Manchester, Vt., where Mr. Isham had a summer home. The body was taken there tonight by special train.

Mrs. Alice G. Vanderbilt, the widow of Cornelius Vanderbilt, today obtained an order from Justice Beach discharging her from the guardianship of her son, Reginald C. Vanderbilt. The young man came of age last September.

College Fraternity Convention.

The fifty-fourth annual conventiton of the Theta Delta Chi college fraternity was held here today. There were present sixty delegates, representing twenty-two colleges, besides 200 college students and resident members of the fraternity. The University of California and McGill University of Montreal were represented for the first time. Other institutions represented were Cornell, University of Michigan, Brown, Bowdoin, Harvard, Williams, Tufts, Boston University, Amherst, Lehigh, Hobart, Dartmouth, Columbia University, University of Wisconsin, University of Minnesota, Lafayette, Rochester, Columbian of Washington, Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., and the College of the City of New York. Tomorrow the election of officers will take place, and the business of the convention will be concluded in the afternoon. In the evening a banquet will be given.

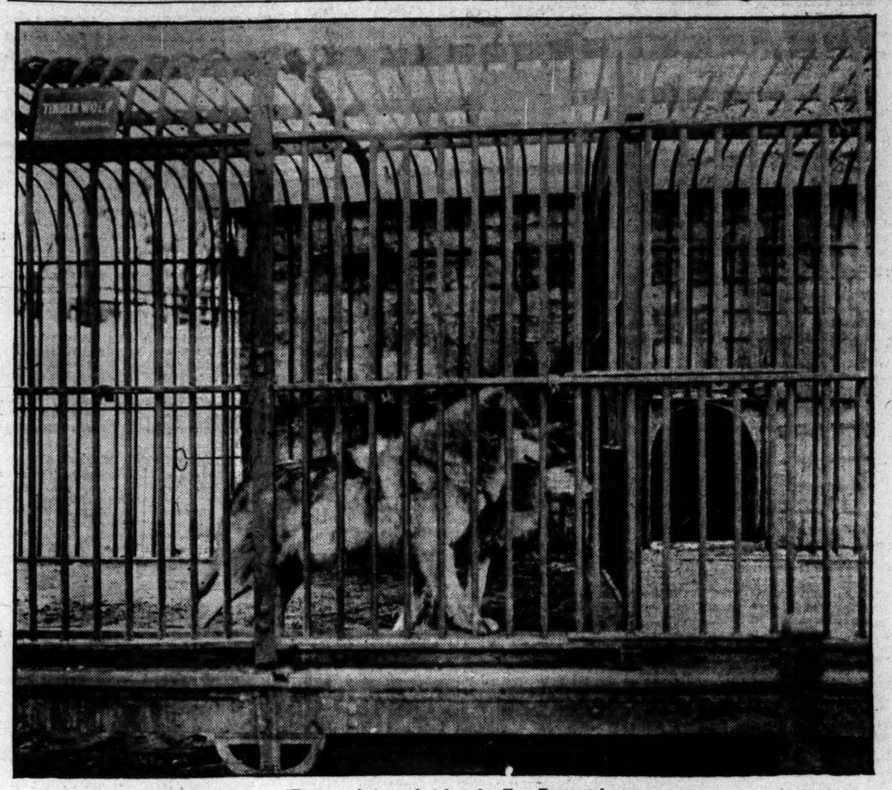
Police Conceal Facts in Death of McAuliffe.

For forty-eight hours after the mysterious death of James McAuliffe on Sunday evening last in Roosevelt Hospital the police of the West Forty-seventh Street Station concealed the fact that the man had been a prisoner in that station during all the night previous to the time he was found dying on the sidewalk. McAuliffe was an important witness in the trial of Edward G. Glennon, known as Devery's wardman, and he testified Glennon willfully allowed disorderly houses to flourish in the precinct.

It was given out by the police and at first accepted by the District Attorney's office that McAuliffe had a fractured skull when sent from the police station to Roosevelt Hospital, but the reports were contradicted. At Roosevelt Hospital tonight Dr. J. H. Russell, the surgeon who attended to McAuliffe on Saturday night, said:

"This man McAuliffe was brought here from the station. He was suffering from alcoholism. His arm was not paralyzed. His skull had certainly not been fractured at that time. When the man went back to the station, or when he left here, he had neither a fractured skull nor a paralyzed arm."

ZOO "BEDROOM" WHICH AROUSES INDIGNATION OF MME. LEHMANN.



[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

The timber wolves are shown in one of the Lincoln Park cages which have aroused the indignation of Mme. Lilli Lehmann. The cage serves the captives as parlor, dining-room, and bedroom, and the prima donna's voice is raised in protest because no better sleeping accommodations are afforded the animals. Not only the wolves, but the foxes and other members of the Lincoln Park family are objects of the singer's pity.

TELLS PLOT TO KILL RICE

MILLIONAIRE'S VALET DESCRIBES HOW HE WAS MURDERED.

Declares Patrick Laid Plans and He Carried Them Out—Aged Man Given Mercury and Iron Pills, but, Although Death Was Coming, Lawyer Decided on More Haste—Jones Confesses Administering Chloroform Which Completed Work.

New York, Feb. 20.—A dramatic point in the trial of Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, charged with the murder of the Texas millionaire, William Marsh Rice, was reached this afternoon. Charles F. Jones, the valet, had been relating the circumstances leading up to the death of Mr. Rice in September. Then, plunging at once into details, he held the attention of his audience to the end of his recital. Freed of minor points, his story follows:

In August Patrick grew impatient. Mr. Rice, although an invalid, was living too long to suit the lawyer's purpose. Patrick said he would come to the house and kill him if necessary. He suggested chloroform, and Jones said he would get some. The idea of chloroform as a means was suggested by a magazine article. It was determined on after Jones talked with a physician, who said a person whose heart was affected, as was Mr. Rice's, could be most easily killed with it, and that little trace of the drug would be left. Jones got a two-ounce vial of it by writing to his brother in Texas.

Weaken Patient with Drugs.

Jones then told of the alleged plan adopted to weaken the already sick old man. This was by giving him mercury and iron pills. The pills brought on diarrhœa. Then, unwittingly, a friend brought Mr. Rice bananas. Of these the old man ate nine. The fruit made him exceedingly ill, and the weakening doses of mercury were kept up.

By Saturday, being the eighth day of the last illness, Mr. Rice became delirious. This testimony brought the events up to Sunday, the day of death, and the witness had said that during these ten days of illness he had kept Patrick informed of the details personally and by telephone.

Decide to Kill Rice.

William Marsh Rice's quick death, the witness declared, was decided upon at a conference between Patrick and Jones, held on Saturday night. Jones had told the lawyer of the arrival of a draft for $25,000. Patrick told him it was time to apply the chloroform now that the draft had come and Captain Baker was coming, or they would lose all. Jones agreed.

Tells How He Killed Patient.

Jones here told his story of the killing.

"I made a cone of a towel saturated with chloroform, and placed it over my own face. I felt the effect and then put more chloroform on it and went into Mr. Rice's room. He was still sleeping. I put the cone over his face and ran out of the room. There was a violent ring at the door bell just then, and I looked out and saw some one. I think it was a woman, but I was too excited to be sure.

"I went back to Mr. Rice's room. He was lying just as I left him. I took the towel off his face and put it in the fire. It burned. Then I opened all the windows and telephoned to Patrick.

Tells Patrick of Death.

"Patrick had told me to say if all was over: 'Mr. Rice is ill,' and that was the message I gave. Patrick said he would come over, but that he did not want to get there before Dr. Curry arrived. They reached the house together. I met them and told them 'He is dead.'

"Patrick exclaimed, 'O, my God! That is the worst thing that could have happened to me.' He told me beforehand that he intended to say that to deceive Dr. Curry.

"The doctor said he would need an undertaker, and Patrick said, 'Yes, and a death certificate.' Dr. Curry made out the certificate and the undertaker was sent for. Patrick visited the room where Mr. Rice's papers were kept and took away with him all the papers he could find. Patrick talked to me in Dr. Curry's presence and gave no hint of anything wrong."

Obeyed Order of Lawyer.

Jones told of the happenings the day after Mr. Rice's death. He said Patrick called him on the telephone and told him he had made a mistake in the Swenson check. "If they call you on the 'phone,'" Jones said Patrick told him, "tell them the check is all right." They did call, and I did as he directed. Later Patrick told me if there were any more inquiries to say that Mr. Rice was dead."

Asks if Divine Child Was a Jew.

"Was Jesus a Jew?" will be the subject of a lecture by Dr. E. G. Hirsch in Temple Israel, Forty-fourth street and St. Lawrence avenue, this evening at 8 o'clock. Dr. Hirsch will deliver the lecture in German tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SURE HE CAN PROVE ALIBI

FLORENCE BURNS' LAWYER SAYS HE HAS VERIFIED HER STORY.

Will Bring Persons of the Highest Respectability to Show That She Could Not Have Been with Young Brooks at the Glen Island Hotel the Night He Was Murdered—Dead Boy's Mother Declares the Prisoner Threatened to Kill Brooks and Herself.

New York, Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Foster L. Backus, counsel for Florence Burns, who is in the Tombs charged with the murder of her sweetheart, Walter T. Brooks, will call on District Attorney Jerome tomorrow morning, accompanied by five witnesses who have made depositions tending to show that the girl was not at the Glen Island Hotel with Brooks on Friday night, and that her presence even in that vicinity was impossible.

Mr. Backus said this afternoon that this alibi covered fully every movement of the young woman on Friday night and bore out in all essential matters the statement she had made to him in regard to her whereabouts just before and after the shooting of Brooks. Mr. Backus says his object in presenting the alibi to the District Attorney in advance of the hearing is to test the good faith of Mr. Jerome's statement that he is as anxious as any one else to establish the innocence of the Burns girl if she is innocent.

Girl's Statements Verified.

"In this matter of an alibi for Miss Burns I have been careful," said Mr. Backus. "Miss Burns had told me her story of her movements on Friday night, and all I have had to do was to verify them. This I have done by persons of the highest respectability."

Mr. Backus made this statement after leaving the Tombs, where he had a long talk with the prisoner. His main object in calling was to find out if she knew two young women of Flatbush whose names are given as Marie Sturtevant and Maud Hyland. They gave it out today that on Friday night last at 8:30 o'clock they saw Florence Burns in Flatbush. Mr. Backus immediately went to the girl to find out what she knew of the women.

"I don't know them at all," said the Burns girl. "I never heard of them, and I am quite sure that I never met such persons."

She told her lawyer that she was content to stay in prison as long as he thought necessary to establish her innocence.

Wants Her Innocence Proved.

"But," she said, "I am innocent of this charge and I want it proved in such a way that no one can say that the only reason I escaped was because there was not enough evidence against me. I did not kill Walter, and I want that made certain to everybody."

A long interview with Brooks' mother regarding his relations with the Burns girl was printed this afternoon. It made Brooks out an innocent, led astray by a wicked girl, but the facts in it tended to show that the principal reason why the girl was ordered out of her father's house was because of her relations with Brooks and his friends.

Mrs. Brooks told how the Burns girl was brought to the Brooks house when ill, and how Mrs. Brooks herself nursed her through an illness. When she was well she was sent home, but her parents would not receive her. She said that the Burns girl frequently came back to their house to try to see Walter. One of these times, Mrs. Brooks says, the following conversation took place:

"Why don't you let my son alone. Why don't you go home and stay away?"

"I will make Walter marry me," she replied, "or I'll kill him. Mother and I are fine shots. We have practiced many times at the range."

Important Letter Is Found.

The most important thing brought out in the District Attorney's investigation of the case today was the establishing of the identity of Walter Brooks' friend "Ruth." It was known that Brooks had an intimate friend who signed her letters "Ruth." She lives with her parents in Sixth avenue, Brooklyn.

After a two days' examination the prosecution has obtained from her some important information about Brooks' relations with the Burns girl. She produced a letter from Brooks in which he declared that he had an engagement to meet the Burns girl that night (the night he was shot) and that after that meeting he was to see her no more.

The importance of the letter in the opinion of the District Attorney lies in the fact that here is a letter known to have been written by Brooks, showing that he intended on the night he was shot to death to be off with the old love that he might not be bothered in his attentions to the new.

"If you kill my boy I will kill you," replied Mrs. Brooks.

"You won't have that trouble," was her answer. "After I kill Walter I shall kill myself."

New Trust Company in South.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 20.—Announcement was officially made today of the organization here of the Southern Trust and Banking company—a $1,000,000 corporation.

SELF-TORTURE FOR ALMS

BEGGARS BLISTER THEMSELVES TO EXCITE PITY.

Acids Used on Cuticle to Draw Money from the Sympathetic—Police Raid Their West Side Rendezvous and Several Are Arrested and Fined Heavily — Spurious Injuries Shown in the Court of Justice Sabath—Pretended Blindness Another Plan.

Self-application of acids which burn and blister the body is the latest ruse resorted to by the professional beggars of the West Side as a means of getting alms from the tender-hearted persons whom they meet in the streets and public places.

According to the Maxwell street police there are scores of these persons who live in the neighborhood of Sangamon and Monroe streets. These beggars long have been playing on the feelings of the public, the police say, and the ones who are most skillful have acquired snug little fortunes.

Limp Out for Day's Work.

Every morning a careful observer can stand in the vicinity of the beggar rendezvous and see dozens of strong looking men and women limping down the street, some of them carrying their arms in slings and others being led by a child, with a large placard hung about their shoulders on which is printed the words, "I am blind," or "Please help the poor unfortunate blind man."

Other members of this beggar fraternity feign deafness or pretend to have lost their speech. These carry cards on which are printed crude verses designed to move the giver to pity.

A formal declaration of war was made on this colony of professional beggars yesterday by the police, and as a result two of the leaders were landed in Justice Sabath's police court. Their names were Joseph Howard and Frank Tappan. Both prisoners carried bandaged arms and wore a forlorn expression on their faces, but their apparent sufferings did not strike the emotional side of Justice Sabath.

"Bare your arms," ordered the magistrate, "and let me see how lame you are."

The prisoners reluctantly obeyed and held up their inflamed wrists for the inspection of the court.

Blister Themselves with Acid.

"Those men burned themselves with acid," declared Policeman Root, and, to confirm his statement, he tightly squeezed Howard's wrist. The latter did not wince with pain as was anticipated, but smiled and admitted that for years he had tortured himself in order to excite the public sympathy.

"Fifty dollars and costs," said Justice Sabath. Tappan, who is not so experienced in self-torture, was fined $15 and costs.

"My district is overrun with these professional beggars, and I have instructed the patrolmen to arrest every one of them," said Captain John Wheeler. "It is a great imposition on the public and I will put an end to the practice. These persons sit up all night scarring their arms and legs so that they will be able to appear as cripples when they go on their daily begging tours."

THREE LINES OF DEFENSE IN ETTLESON ARSON CASE.

Accused Men Rely on Denials, Alibis, and Contention That a Conspiracy Was Not Carried Out.

Three lines of defense were developed yesterday afternoon in the trial of Ben and Mike Ettleson, charged in Judge Baker's court with conspiring to defraud fire insurance companies.

The defense is that neither Ben nor Mike Ettleson was in any plot with Ed J. Disman, as stated by him, to stock, insure, and burn a store at 48 Thirty-second street; that neither of the Ettlesons was in the vicinity of the cigar store on the night of the fire; that even in the event the jury believed the story of Disman and others, the defendants must be discharged, for the reason that there was never any attempt made to collect the insurance of $4,000 which had been placed on the store.

According to Disman, the policies on the stock and fixtures of the cigar store were placed in the hands of an adjuster for collection the day following the fire. It will be contended that this adjuster never made any demand on the insurance companies for the insurance, and that, therefore, the alleged conspiracy failed. An attempt will be made to show that the alleged false bills of sale were secured for another purpose.

Dog Locked in a Cell.

A Great Dane dog occupied a cell in the Twenty-second Street Station last night. It rode to the station in the patrol wagon and will be held pending identification by Thomas Barry, President of the ship jibs bearing his name. The dog strayed or was stolen from Mr. Barry's residence at 420 East Superior street a month ago. It was found by the police in a saloon at Thirtieth street and Shields avenue.

SINGER'S PITY IS ECHOED

"ZOO" CROWDS DISCUSS MME. LILLI LEHMANN'S PROTEST.

Lincoln Park Visitors Inclined to Agree with the Prima Donna, Who Asserts Wolves and Foxes Should Have Better Bedrooms—Cy De Vry Repeats Statement That Beasts Are Well Cared For—Warder Says Relief May Be Given.

Mme. Lilli Lehmann's appeal in behalf of the wolves and foxes of the Lincoln Park "zoo" struck a sympathetic chord in the breasts of many visitors to the park yesterday. The pits in which the animals are confined were special objects of curiosity to a large number of persons who had read the prima donna's protest in THE TRIBUNE, and all kinds of suggestions were offered for the comfort of the beasts.

Superintendent Warder was inclined to take Mme. Lehmann's views seriously. Animal Keeper De Vry, however, insisted that the diva was talking about something of which she knew nothing, and was "allowing her sympathies to run away with her."

"How forlorn those poor foxes look," exclaimed an elderly woman who stood in front of the pit with half a dozen other persons. "Just think of sleeping on a hard board shelf these cold winter nights! I think Mme. Lehmann is right, don't you?"

"It does look as if they might be made more comfortable," replied the person addressed, a man of pompous appearance. "I'll speak to the superintendent about it."

Warder Pities the Beasts.

Superintendent Warder escaped, however, for he was busy figuring with engineers on a new boiler plant for the park, and could not be seen by the visitors.

"I sometimes think it is hard lines for the wolves and foxes," Mr. Warder said, "but what can be done? De Vry says they must not be given straw bedding, because they will become mangy. We probably will improve their quarters in the spring, for the question has been informally discussed by the board a number of times.

"There are a great many persons who believe it is all wrong to confine wild animals for purposes of exhibition, and they may be right in their views. But there is a public demand for a zoo, and if we must deprive the animals of their liberty it must be done so they can be seen."

De Vry and the Jaguar.

Animal Keeper De Vry became reminiscent as he recalled Mme. Lehmann's correspondence with him regarding the wolves and foxes. He recalled an incident which took place several years ago when he was removing the lions and tigers and other animals from their winter quarters to their summer cages.

"I had a fight with a jaguar when I went into its cage," said De Vry, "and I had to bat the beast over the nose with a club. I hit it hard enough to draw a little blood, and the next day a woman crank wrote me a letter. I wish I had kept that missive. It was four pages long, and it called me a cruel, hard-hearted wretch. Just because I swatted a jaguar over the nose to save my own life.

"Some of those women are awful tender-hearted. I ain't telling any lie when I say that a woman came to me one day in the animal-house and said it was a shame to keep the snakes in a glass case where they had no place to hide if they wanted to. That's about the limit, isn't it?

"Mme. Lehmann's all right, I suppose, but she doesn't know anything about the habits of wolves and foxes. Cold weather doesn't hurt them a little bit. They sleep in the snow when they're running wild."

"Happy Family" Goes Wrong.

De Vry had to put one of the lion cubs in the hospital yesterday as a result of a fight in the "happy family." A blow from the paw of an older cub during a fight over a choice piece of raw beef put the youngster out of business, and made his removal from the cage a necessity.

There were five lion cubs in the "happy family," and the fight is the first to mar their record for playfulness and good humor.

TEACHERS SAY THE SCHOOLS ARE ON THE ROAD TO RUIN.

Removal of the District Superintendents Causes Much Talk—Miss Haley Makes Some Remarks.

The sweeping decapitation of school district superintendents caused a whirlwind of talk among teachers yesterday. It was declared the schools "had been switched on to the road to ruin."

Superintendent Cooley spent an hour at his desk in the morning and then left to escape the protests and complaints, while the eight officials whose heads fell under the ax of economy refrained from discussing the action of the trustees. The fortunate six whose names were on Superintendent Cooley's list remained and received the congratulations of their friends.

At the offices of the federation Miss Haley declaimed against the reduction in the strength of the supervising force.

"The trustees sounded the death knell of the system," she said, "when they reduced the number of district superintendents. It is a blow at the efficiency of the schools."

"They want to keep the teachers in subjection," interjected Mrs. Frances C. Temple. "The trustees, no matter what the revenue, would not give the teachers an increase, simply because they want to show their power."

There is unusual activity among the members of the Teachers' federation in preparation for their meeting tomorrow.

THOUSANDS AT ICE CARNIVAL.

Douglas Park Lagoon Is Bright with Many Lights and Gay with Fancy Costumes.

Several thousand people crowded the ice on the Douglas Park lagoon last night at the fourth mask carnival. Besides the usual array of incandescent lamps many Chinese lanterns were strung about the pond, adding color to the scene. Fancy costumes were more in evidence last night than at any of the previous carnivals, and expert skaters amused the spectators.

Music was furnished by a band. A special program had been arranged by Superintendent Dwyer. At 10 o'clock the judges of the evening decided on the prize winners and sixteen prizes which had been given by business-men of the Southwest Side were distributed.

Ten special prizes were awarded children on their costumes and fancy skating.

Among the prize winners were Rose Kubb, May Ryan, Bessie Dalton, Christine Kosak, Ernest Hearge, Charles Dugan, Charles Nolan, and Walter Fischer.

JUDGMENT AGAINST A PASTOR.

Dr. E. E. Reininger Enters One of $2,823 Against L. A. Rockwell as Result of Mining Deal.

A purchase of stock in a copper mining company two years ago led to the entering of a confession of judgment yesterday before Judge Hutchinson in the sum of $2,823 against the Rev. Larkin A. Rockwell in favor of Dr. Edward E. Reininger of 353 Oakley avenue. According to Dr. Reininger Mr. Rockwell, who is the pastor of the Langley Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, organized the Rockwell Copper Mining company two years ago. Dr. Reininger declares that he bought $2,500 worth of the stock of the company with the stipulation that at any time he could withdraw upon giving sixty days' notice. He failed to get his money and the judgment is the result.

D. A. R. STIRRED BY WILES FIGHT.

Convention Hall Scene of Excitement Over Mistaken Zeal of Delegate.

ORDER HARD TO RESTORE.

Illinois Woman Nominated for Vice President by Mrs. Mary C. Hopkins.

STRIFE IS NOT YET ENDED.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The worst blow that has so far befallen Mrs. Wiles came today in the General Congress of the D. A. R. when one of her friends, in a mistaken moment of enthusiasm, nominated her for the office of Vice President General.

Mrs. Mary Chew Hopkins of Chicago made the nominating speech, and incurred not only the displeasure of Mrs. Fairbanks, President General, but also the decided disapproval of the House. Mrs. Wiles immediately withdrew her name, as she had said she would, but the harm was done.

Mrs. Hopkins introduced the personal elements in the State Regency fight, and it was that which brought forth a chorus of "Noes" from all parts of the house.

"I am nominating a woman," said Mrs. Hopkins, "who has been the victim of much that is a disgrace. I know she has been worked against here on the floor of this convention by people who had no right to be here, and I know she has been the object of personal attacks and slander."

At this point the speaker's gavel came down sharply while there was a scene of excitement in the house. Women were rising to protest, and Mrs. Wiles was pushing her way down the crowded aisle in a vain attempt to reach the platform.

Mrs. Wiles Forbids Use of Name.

Mrs. Fairbanks spoke first, and in a few words reproved Mrs. Hopkins for having introduced such matters into her speech. Then Mrs. Wiles gained the platform.

"I wish you to understand," she said in a clear voice, "that this is done entirely without my knowledge or consent, and as I have always said I am not a candidate, my name will not go upon the bulletin."

The Deere people realize that Mrs. Wiles had no part in the use that was made of her name, yet they have been saying all the afternoon that the nomination has been more unfavorable than anything they could have done against Mrs. Wiles.

"If Mrs. Wiles' enemies had lain awake nights since they came here they could have done nothing that would have had the same effective result in separating from her the support of the congress," said one of her opponents from Chicago.

Mrs. Jay Osborne Moss of Ohio was another candidate whom Mrs. Matthew T. Scott of Bloomington nominated as an anti-Wiles woman, should Mrs. Wiles' name be presented. The nominating and seconding of candidates, during which Mrs. Hopkins gained the platform all unnoticed, created a scene of confusion. More than a score of women charged the stairway leading from the parquet to the stage, anxious to present their nominees and have the name first upon the list.

Excitement ran high, and a number of women forgot to limit their conversation to conventional phraseology. Mrs. Julia Mills Dunn of Moline was talking with a man about her experience in being left behind by the Pennsylvania railroad, in the lobby. He was in some way held responsible. This was the final blow with which Mrs. Dunn crushed him:

"You are just the kind of man who, when he gets a little older and has more muscle, becomes a wife-beater."

Masculine vocabulary failed to suggest an adequate reply, and, as usual, the last word was woman's.

Monmouth Affair Is Now Up.

The Monmouth affair is all the Illinois women have left to keep up excitement in their camps now that the election is over and they no longer fear Mrs. Wiles. It has come out today that Mrs. John D. Sherman of Chicago is sitting quietly in Mrs. Deere's box instead of occupying the position of parliamentarian, as she had expected to, because of the Monmouth affair. Miss Fox is holding the position Mrs. Sherman came to Washington for the purpose of filling.

Last spring, the story is told, Mrs. Wiles recommended Mrs. Sherman to Mrs. Fairbanks for the position of parliamentarian at this congress. Mrs. Fairbanks considered the matter favorably. In the meantime Mrs. Sherman made a report on the Monmouth affair which, Mrs. Wiles says, took exactly the position she is holding. After this report came out, it is said a protest reached the President General against the appointment of Mrs. Sherman. This protest is said to have come from the Webster faction at Monmouth. Having resigned as a delegate because she would not vote for Mrs. Wiles Mrs. Sherman has no place but that of visitor.

The special committee appointed to investigate the Monmouth affair is holding protracted meetings at one of the hotels. Mrs. F. S. Nash, the chairman, said tonight they were examining documentary evidence which consists of several thousand letters, reports, and printed statements. Tomorrow witnesses will be called.

"We find this evidence resembles boarding-house coffee," said Mrs. Nash. "We have to drink a large amount of water to get a little coffee."

Mrs. Nash would not say whether one side or the other had been "watering" the evidence. It is evident the proposition is a tough one, and there is some doubt as to whether the present congress will have time before Saturday night to settle the matter.

DAUGHTERS HAVE A QUIET TIME.

Sip Tea and Chat in Chicago and Say Little Concerning Their Sisters in Washington.

In sharp contrast to the lively debates of recent meetings, the gathering of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the Fine Arts Building yesterday afternoon was one of peace and quiet. The usual literary program was given, after which the members chatted over their tea with no more than passing reference to the contest for the Regency.

Mrs. Mary Manning of the Sherwood School talked for an hour on "Historic Places in the East," and Mrs. Louis Campion sang two solos.

"It was such a relief to get away from those trying discussions once more," said Mrs. Charles H. Conover, who presided.

"We met together socially and not the slightest reference to the election contest marred our happiness. We did not even talk of our sisters in Washington."

Gong to Strike the Seconds.

Lieutenant Waldo Evans, in charge of the United States Hydrographic office in Chicago, has installed a large gong in the Masonic Temple, which is connected by wire to the official clock in the hydrographic headquarters, and which will strike the seconds for one minute before noon daily, excepting Sundays and legal holidays.

Lecture by Dr. Deutsch.

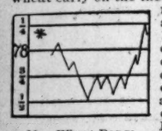
Dr. Deutsch of Cincinnati will deliver a lecture on Jewish history, entitled "In the Shadow of the Throne, 1648-1788," at Isaiah Temple, Vincennes avenue and Forty-fifth street, this evening.

WHEAT HAS LATE RALLY

REPORTS OF LARGE EXPORT SALES PUT SHORTS IN FLURRY.

Early Loss on Weak Stock Market, Larger Receipts, and Speculative Pressure Entirely Recovered—Corn Has Similar Experience, Closing with Small Gain—Not Much Increase So Far in Country Movement—Oats Quiet—Pork Sold by Packers.

There was enough professional selling of wheat early on the theory that a weak stock market ought to make a weak wheat market, to make a break of ⅝-¾c in the May delivery, which sold down to 77⅛c. This effort had the encouragement of indifferent cables, futures at Liverpool off ¼d, although the market here on Wednesday had closed steady, and Paris lost 1c. But as has always happened of late on any break, there was a fair commission demand, which checked the decline and turned the market up again. Country speculative holders are still confident, or stubborn, apparently, and while there was some stop loss selling on the break, it was mainly for local account. The rally, once started, was given a generous boost by reports of a large export business at the seaboard on the decline, as much as 608,000 bu claimed, and pit shorts thought it wise to cover, in doing which they put the May back to 78¼c or ⅛c above the best opening figure. The close was a split under the top and unchanged for the day. July lost 1-16c, closing at 78½c.



May Wheat Range.

Export Demand.

The first reports of a larger export business came from Kansas City—claims of fifteen loads taken via Galveston. The New York houses reporting the largest business explained some of it was done late the day before, and some of it was Manitoban wheat. Most houses agreed on 400,000 bu but Lohrke confirmed but 120,000 bu. Exporters were working here on a round lot of spring wheat, but nothing was closed and shipping and milling sales were only 43,000 bu. There was not much that was especially encouraging to holders in the day's statistics. Northwest receipts were only 290 cars, compared with 351 a year ago, but primary points had 442,061 bu all told, compared with 429,533 bu. Clearances were only 109,588 bu. Stocks at Minneapolis and Duluth were estimated to increase 300,000 bu for the week, compared with a decrease of 73,000 bu last week. The Price Current said conditions were fair to good with four weeks of snow covering over the plant. The map showed still more snow in eastern Kansas, Oklahoma, Missouri, and Tennessee, and snow was predicted for Illinois, Indiana, and Missouri. There was some indication of selling for Northwest account, but there was nothing of striking consequence in the pit trade except the commission demand at 77⅛c for May, which, with buying against puts, was sufficient to turn the market.

Corn Has Sharp Rally.

In its main architectural details the corn market was a replica of wheat. There was a ¾c break early, in which some of the local sellers were more enthusiastic than discreet, and in the last hour a sharp rally in which all the loss was regained. There was more talk of larger country movement as a bear factor, but this large movement is still a matter of expectation rather than of realization. May gained ½c early, selling at 61⅜c, in spite of the opening weakness in wheat, in recognition of an advance of ¾-½d in Liverpool futures, spot in the English market, however, being ¼d lower. But there was further selling which looked like Patten and Bartlett, commission demand was poor, and the market marked down to 61c, where selling by Comstock and pit traders carried it to 60⅝c. There was a little selling by country commission houses, but it was on a small scale, and on scattered commission demand the market turned up, and as wheat grew strong offerings of corn grew scarce and there was a sharp rally to 61⅞-½c on buying started by Nichols and Lake-Leask, with trade much smaller than on the down turn, until the best prices were reached. Comstock covered his line late. May closed at the top, a net gain of ⅛-¼c. July gained ⅛c.

There was a small Eastern shipping demand, 45,000 bu, and 32,000 bu were taken at the seaboard for export, with better bids reported, factors which helped in the rally. Clearances were 66,485 bu. Local car lots were 77, none contract, with 110 estimated for today. There were some reports of better acceptances in Illinois and Iowa, but nothing large as yet. The Price Current reported a slightly increased movement. Primary points got only 251,294 bu, compared with 723,833 bu last year. The Southwest was weak, Kansas City reporting a poor demand, with cash off 1c, and after the close there was a break of 1c more.

Oats Trade Small.

Local traders in oats sold the market down in sympathy with the break in other grains, but it did not go down as easily, and rallied quite as buoyantly on a small commission demand and covering. May sold from 43½c down to 43¼c and up to 43⅝c, where it closed, a net gain of ⅛c. July and September each gained a split. Provision interests took a little July. The Price Current predicted an increase in oats acreage. Country offerings were not much larger. Sales to the East, 50,000 bu. Local receipts of 116,100 bu were more than double the shipments, 52,823 bu. There were 81 cars, with 20 contract, and 105 estimated for today. Withdrawals from store were 5,000 bu. Seaboard clearances, 20,405 bu.

Provision Prices Barely Hold.

Pork was a weak market yesterday, though other product held up fairly well, lard closing a split lower, while pork dropped back 10c. The May delivery opened 2½c higher, at $15.80. This was largely because of a 5c better market on hogs, of which receipts were 30,000. Estimated today is 28,000. The eight points had 74,800, against 117,000 the previous week, and 76,300 a year ago. Packing to date is reported at 605,000, against 625,000 a year ago. Since Nov. 1 6,630,000, against 8,555,000 last year. All through the session there was more or less commission house selling of product. In pork it began at $15.80 for May and continued until the price touched $15.60. There the decline was checked and a slightly better feeling set in, the market recovering to a close at $15.67½, 10c lower than the previous close. May lard dropped from $9.42½ to $9.35, recovering to a close at $7.40. Ribs sold early at $8.45 and fluctuated between that and $8.40, closing $8.42½@8.45. The commission house selling referred to was heavier in July than in other product. A considerable portion of it was said to be for packers. Liverpool prices were unchanged. Shipments of cured meats were 1,805,000 lbs, compared with 2,000,000 lbs a year ago. Lard shipments were 1,192,000 lbs, against 1,639,000 lbs a year ago.

Rye was weak and lower and rather inactive. May sold from 59½c to 59¼c, recovering and closing 59⅝c. July ranged ¼c under May, selling at 59c when May was 59¼c. Receipts were 2 cars.

Barley was quoted steady; demand being good and offerings moderate. The screening range was from 40@55c, and the malting from 57@63¼c. There were 22 cars on the inspection sheet.

Timothy seed was about steady, March called nominally $6.50. There were no buyers on the floor. Clover was 25c lower, March at $9.25. A moderate business was done in flaxseed at $1.72 for No. 1 Northwestern, $1.67 for Southwestern, and $1.73 for May.

Range of Prices.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Feb. 19.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Feb. 21.
Feb ...	75⅞	.....	.....	.....	.....
May ...	77⅞-¾	78½	77⅛	78¼-⅛	78½
July ...	78⅝-¾	79⅛	78	78½	78½
Sept ...	77¼	77¾-⅞	77⅜	77⅝	77⅞

CORN.

Feb ...	59	.....	.....	59¼	59
May ...	61¼	61⅝-½	60⅝	61⅜-½	60⅝
July ...	61¼	61⅝	60⅝	61⅜	60⅞
Sept ...	60	60½	59⅝	60	.....

OATS.

Feb ...	43⅝	.....	.....	43⅝	43⅝
May ...	43⅝	43¾	43¼	43⅜	43⅝
July ...	30½	30⅝	30¼	30⅜-½	.....
Sept ...	31⅛	31⅜	31¼	31½-⅝	.....

MESS PORK.

Feb ...	15.52½	.....	.....	15.42½	13.90
May ...	15.77½	15.80	15.60	15.67½	14.05
July ...	15.87½	15.92½	15.72½	15.82½	.....

LARD.

Feb ...	9.20	.....	.....	9.20	7.47½
May ...	9.40	9.42½	9.35	9.40	7.52½
July ...	9.52½	9.52½	9.47½	9.52½	7.57½

SHORT RIBS.

Feb ...	8.35	.....	.....	8.32½	7.02½
May ...	8.45	8.45	8.40	8.42½-5	7.07½
July ...	8.52½-5	8.55	8.50	8.52½	.....

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	4	1	...	5
Spring wheat	...	3	6	9
Corn	...	53	24	77
Oats	20	48	13	81
Rye	1	1	...	2
Barley	...	16	6	22
Totals	25	122	49	196

Inspected out: 21,000 bu winter wheat, 49,000 bu spring wheat, 7,000 bu corn, 500 bu oats, 5,000 bu rye. From unlicensed elevators: 3 cars and 16,500 bu winter wheat, 28 cars spring wheat, 19 cars corn, 1 car oats, 3 cars rye.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Dull and heavy. Winter patents, Southern, $3.80@4.00; spring, special brands, $4.10@4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.80; white rye, bris, $2.85@2.95.

WINTER WHEAT—Quiet and easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 18,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 3 red, 82@82⅝c; No. 2 red, 83¾c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 100,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3, 35,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: Not graded, 72⅝@74¼c. Billed through: No. 3, 75¼c.

CORN—In larger supply, weak, and ¼@½c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 45,000 bu on p. t., No. 3 yellow, 59@59¼c. On track and free on board: No. 4, 58@58½c; No. 3, 58½@59c; No. 3 yellow, 58¾@59½c; No. 3 white, 60@60¼c; ears, 62@66c. Billed through: No. 3, 58½c; No. 3 yellow, 59c; No. 3 white, 60@60½c.

OATS—Easy at decline of ¼@½c. Sales in store and to go: White clipped, 50,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4 white, 41½@44½c; No. 3 white, 44@45c; No. 2, 45¼@43½c; No. 2 white, 44@45c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 43¾c; No. 3 white, 44¼@44¾c; No. 2, 43¼c; No. 2 white, 44¾c. At the river: No. 4 white, 42@43c; No. 3 white, 43¼@43½c; No. 2 white, 43½c.

RYE—Slow. Sales free on board: No. 3, 59½c.

PROVISIONS—Easy. Cash lots mess pork, new, $15.45@15.50; lard, $9.20@9.22½; short ribs, $8.25@8.40, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Ash pork barrels, 85@87½c; oak, 87½@90c; lard tierces, $1.02½@1.05.

WHISKY—Basis finished goods, $1.31.

LARD OIL — Steady. Prime winter strained, 78c.

HAY—Steady. Receipts, 936 tons; shipments, 75 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $13.50@14.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.50@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $11.75; not graded timothy, $10.00; choice prairie, Iowa, $12.50; No. 1 prairie, Iowa, $10.00; not graded prairie, Iowa, $7.50@8.50. Free on board and switched: No. 1 prairie, Iowa, $10.00; not graded prairie, Iowa, $9.50.

Trade Gossip and 'Change.

Estimated arrivals for today are: Wheat, 15 cars; corn, 110 cars; oats, 105 cars; hogs, 30,000 head.

Henry Norton continues to find a better tone to the export situation at the seaboard. He wired his house from New York:

"Public cables quiet, possibly easier, but tone of private cables if anything better. There are continental export orders for wheat and rye here today at about workable prices. New York and Duluth No. 1 Northern wheat are selling for export equal to about 1c in store over New York May, this the best evidence of the actual situation."

Whenever the markets fail to follow the course which local sentiment generally maps out for them as the proper thing to do there is usually some one to advance the theory that they are being "worked" by some interest. If any one is working the wheat market in these dull times it must be the seaboard exporters. The daily breaks for some time have come in unison with their early advices that there is "nothing doing" in an export way, with bids for a few loads, but about ⅝c to 1c below the markets. However, after the local talent has merrily sold the market down perhaps ½c revised reports come in from the seaboard of a much larger export business than would have been considered possible from the tenor of the early advices, and while there may be some dispute as to the authenticity of the claims the shorts scramble to get their wheat back, deferring doubts and investigations to less anxious moments.

Oklahoma must be an ideal spot for a miller. While the Northwestern Miller quotes the mill feed situation in the Northwest as demoralized and prices the lowest in months, its Oklahoma correspondent declares that while wheat has declined 10c per bu in the last thirty days there has been no decline either in flour or mill feed.

January wheat and flour shipments from Oregon and Washington were the largest on record for the first month of the year. Total shipments from Portland, Seattle, and Tacoma from July 1 to Feb. 1 for the last four years compare as follows: 1901-'02, 22,638,667 bu; 1900-'01, 18,178,151; 1899-1900, 11,858,763; 1898-'99, 17,736,036; 1897-'98, 18,800,702.

"Missouri mills," according to the Northwestern Miller, "are feeling relief from the recent great wheat scarcity. For many weeks in midwinter merchant mills in the central and southwestern portions of the State were unable to get a sufficient supply of soft wheat, either in their own locality or by importation from Kansas, but the decline in prices is loosening up country elevator stocks, and mills now have more red wheat than they need. One miller said that in the last ten days he has located 250,000 bu that he can get without paying undue high prices. He is not even accumulating a stock, so great is his confidence in the future.

North Dakota Wheat Reserves.

The Fargo, N. D., correspondent of the St. Paul Pioneer Press under date of Feb. 18 gives some interesting views on the alleged small reserves of wheat in farmers' hands in that State which do not agree with reports of elevator interests. He says:

"There has been considerable discussion in the State over the reports of the amount of wheat on hand. Some elevator representatives are credited with the statement that at least one-third of the crop is still in the granaries, because the farmers have plenty of money and there is no immediate necessity of putting the grain on the market. The statement seems scarcely borne out by the facts and the amount of wheat in the State is perhaps smaller than usually thought. The crop was overestimated because of the acreage uncut. Many estimaters base the yield as shown by what was harvested on the acreage said to have been sown, which boosted figures beyond the actual yield. Private grain buyers assert that there is little more wheat in the State now than will be needed for seed, especially as established farmers will have to supply the wants of new settlers in the northwestern part of the State."

At the meeting of the Millers' club of Minneapolis a vote of thanks was tendered the Chicago packers and also the grain interests for their cooperation through Armour & Co. with the millers in the latter's efforts to have passed the amendment to the Harter act.

The Cincinnati Price Current in its weekly summary says: "Fourth week of snow covering for wheat. Condition not essentially changed, generally fair to good. Interior grain movement slightly increased. Prospective increase of oats acreage."

Furnum says: "The people here that are advising you to sell corn and who believe they are right are not selling corn. They are going short and will be good buyers the first chance they get. They couldn't buy it very well just now. You can expect constant bear advices now for a while; at any rate, until a lot of shorts get in. I believe corn should be bought, not sold."

"Illinois and Iowa dealers write us," say Richardson & Co., "that receipts will increase during the next ten days. Kansas City reports no demand and Texas dealers trying to cancel their cash purchases. Their trouble has just commenced and is bound to affect prices here."

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Feb. 20.—Credit balances, $1.15; certificates, no bid; shipments, 73,313 bris, average 77,568 bris; runs, 89,241 bris, average 96,106 bris.

To Build Paper Mill in Illinois.

Appleton, Wis., Feb. 20.—Contracts were awarded here today for the construction of a two-machine paper mill on the Illinois River at Marseilles, Ill., by a biscuit making concern. The plant will cost $150,000 and will make box board for the use of the con

GLUCOSE DEAL TO STAND

OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED THAT MERGER IS OPERATIVE.

Large Majorities of Stocks Are Deposited — Forecast of Today's New York Statement Shows Loss in Cash of $1,212,000 — Letter to Corn Exchange Bank Shareholders on Consolidation with Merchants' National —Manhattan "L" Loans.

Official announcement was made yesterday that large majorities of the stocks of the Glucose Sugar Refining company and the National Starch company have been deposited in New York for conversion into the stock of the new Corn Products company. The plan for consolidating these companies with the Illinois Sugar Refining company and the Charles Pope Glucose company, and the purchase of a minority interest in the New York Glucose company is therefore declared operative.

It was stated in Chicago yesterday that an extension of time will be granted for other stockholders who wish to deposit their holdings. Under the circular issued by the syndicate managers yesterday was the last day for making deposits.

Officers and directors of the Corn Products company have not been selected yet, but the elections will take place within a short time.

Bank Statement Forecast.

New York banks apparently lost in cash $1,212,000 in the bank statement week. The forecast of today's statement is as follows:

"The feature of the known movements of money this week is unusually large shipments of funds to Boston and Philadelphia, for which apparently there is no specific explanation.

"The banks in the four business days under review received direct from the interior $2,526,500, compared with receipts for five days last week of $3,427,901, and they shipped $3,030,100, against shipments of $2,279,100 last week, a loss on this week's movement of $503,600. In addition they lost to the Subtreasury $709,000, an apparent aggregate loss in cash of $1,212,000.

"The contingency of how the loan and deposit items will be averaged is also unusually mixed. Several banks have increased their loans and deposits; but one of the most prominent institutions which showed in the last few weeks heavy increases in the two items has this week also increased its cash and deposits."

Call money ruled in New York at nominal rates. At the close it was offered at 2 per cent, and the last loan was at that rate. The ruling rate was 2¼.

The Bank of England's minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent.

Corn Exchange Bank Merger.

The letter to stockholders of the Corn Exchange National Bank regarding the absorption of the Merchants' National gives the terms as outlined previously, and says in addition:

"The President and directors of the Merchants' National Bank have offered to the directors of the Corn Exchange National Bank an opportunity for the consolidation of the two institutions. It is unnecessary to speak of the high character of the personnel and business of the Merchants' National Bank. Your directors believe that the proposed consolidation will be of great advantage to the stockholders of both banks. They have, therefore, accepted the proposition of the directors of the Merchants' National Bank, subject to the approval of the Controller of the Currency and the stockholders of the Corn Exchange National Bank, and unanimously recommend its ratification.

"In order to consummate this plan it will be necessary for every stockholder of the Corn Exchange National Bank, of record now, to voluntarily approve this plan by waiving all rights to subscribe for the new stock, and instruct the directors to sell the same as proposed. We believe that you will readily approve the recommendation of the directors and sign and return the inclosed agreement at once."

The letter is signed by all the members of the Board of Directors.

Financial Topics.

A director of the Chicago and Alton road says: "The recent activity in Alton railway stocks can be attributed only to the fact that low priced stocks are being taken hold of. Nothing especial has happened to influence the trading. Mr. Harriman and others have been so busy with other matters they have simply allowed the stocks to take care of themselves. Earnings are gratifying, being approximately 3 per cent on the common stocks. Improvements are now beginning to show in earnings. Fully $8,000,000 has been spent on betterments since the reorganization.

The directors of the Peoria and Eastern railway company declared a dividend of 4 per cent on the income bonds, payable on April 1, for the fiscal year ended on Dec. 31.

The National Lead company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on March 15.

At the annual meeting of stockholders in Jersey City yesterday the retiring Board of Directors was reelected.

The Railroads Securities company has filed an amended charter in New Jersey making its authorized capital stock $10,000,000 preferred and $10,000,000 common stock. Originally the capital was $7,500,000 preferred and $12,500,000 common stock.

Treasurer Wood of the American Woolen company says that so far for the season business has been 125 per cent greater than last year.

An amendment to the constitution of the Chicago Stock Exchange has been approved by the Law committee providing that twenty members can name an opposition ticket before the annual election.

Wall Street View.

Edward L. Brewster & Co. had the following in their closing letter from New York: "The liquidation during the day was probably due as much as to the lack of understanding of the position taken by the President and the Attorney General on the Northern Securities question, the frequent and noticeable comment being a wonder why the President did not wait until Monday, when an opinion from the Supreme Court is expected. Late advices this afternoon suggests that the action of the Attorney General will be based upon the Supreme Court decision, but as far as the effect on the stock market is concerned the damage is done. The leading operator is supposed to have liquidated a considerable line during the day and small holders in the aggregate sold a large amount of stock.

"In various quarters there were supporting orders and the market at no time had an appearance of demoralization. The probabilities are that the return of the public to the Wall street arena has been considerably deferred by this situation. The securities, however, in the strength with which securities are held. They are in strong hands and will not be dislodged."

The Wall Street Journal says on Amalgamated Copper: "While there is a great deal of uncertainty as to the next dividend on Amalgamated Copper, expectation seems to favor the continuance of the present rate. Some interests assert, however, that in view of the company's position, the declaration of 1 per cent could hardly be construed as a bull argument. Figures are in circulation, the authenticity of which may be open to question, designed to show that the company has not been earning much money and that funds available for dividend purposes are not large. In other quarters the improving situation abroad is regarded as the great factor. With the revival of industrial activity in England and on the continent, it is asserted the consumption of copper will soon get back to high level and before long may even surpass anything known heretofore. Under these conditions the surplus would soon be cleared away, leaving a free market for all the product of the Amalgamated company. It is pointed out that a surplus which is large enough to demoralize a market when consumption is small might be almost essential to provide the industrial demands under better general business conditions."

Manhattan "L" Reduces Loans.

The balance sheet of the Manhattan Elevated road of New York of Dec. 31 shows outstanding loans on collateral of $7,641,478, a reduction of $3,711,538 from the statement of the previous year. The cost of the road rose from $65,840,585 to $70,932,738, or an increase of $5,092,153. In 1899 the company increased its capital from $30,000,000 to $48,000,000 for the purpose of installing electrical equipment, and part of this money has been loaned in Wall street pending the installation of the new system. The balance sheet, with a comparison, follows:

ASSETS.

	1901.	1900.
Cost of road and equipm't.	$70,932,738	$65,840,585
Cost of leases	14,014,000	14,014,000
Other permanent investments (real estate)	3,148,472	3,203,656
Supplies on hand	348,582	291,012
Due by agents	436	5
Due by others	9,097	9,935
Due by companies and individuals	222,460	218,067
Cash on hand	191,142	126,811
Prepaid insurance	16,790	21,331
Loaned on collateral	7,641,478	11,353,016
Est. Jay Gould, suretyship	300,000	300,000
Central Trust company, New York, trustee	4,592	4,521
Sundries	335,370	173,475
Total	$97,164,757	$95,588,181

LIABILITIES.

Consolidated capital stock	$47,999,700	$47,999,700
Subscription to increased capital	300	300
Funded debt (including $4,000 N. Y. 1st 7s called for redemption)	39,545,000	39,577,000
Manhattan 4 per cent bonds, special	300,000	300,000
Interest on funded debt	317,552	336,722
Dividends unpaid	17,358	7,358
Due for wages	101,620	85,395
Due on open accounts	62,649	74,688
Coupons due	60	80
Due for supplies, taxes, etc.	315,801	317,487
Convertible bond certificates	42,035	42,035
Taxes in litigation	3,058,870	2,945,711
Sundries	36,995	34,701
Profit and loss (surplus)	5,366,686	4,467,674
Total	$97,164,757	$95,588,181

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Second w'k Feb.	$ 309,906	$ 302,940	$ 7,966
From July 1	10,739,377	10,139,483	599,894

KANAWHA AND MICHIGAN.

Second w'k Feb.	$ 15,917	$ 15,455	$ 464
From July 1	677,720	564,209	113,511

TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WESTERN.

Second w'k Feb.	$ 18,778	$ 19,820	*$ 1,042
From July 1	730,007	743,667	*4,660

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC.

Second w'k Feb.	$ 97,586	$ 94,837	$ 2,749
From July 1	3,408,937	3,063,004	345,933

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT.

January—			
Gross	$ 272,158	$ 236,274	$ 35,884
Oper. expenses	132,419	115,223	17,196
Net	139,739	121,051	18,688
Surplus	63,723	50,222	13,501

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Second w'k Feb.	$ 376,558	$ 341,110	$ 35,448
From July 1	13,114,187	11,601,473	1,512,714

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN.

First w'k Feb.	$ 47,914	$ 46,343	$ 1,571
From July 1	1,515,814	1,350,220	165,594

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN.

Second w'k Feb.	$ 134,070	$ 154,778	*$ 20,708
From July 1	4,749,494	4,849,790	*100,296

COLORADO SOUTHERN.

Second w'k Feb.	$ 99,000	$ 88,794	$ 10,206
From July 1	3,443,212	3,030,155	413,057

MEXICAN INTERNATIONAL.

December—			
Gross	$ 547,038	$ 474,832	$ 72,206
Oper. expenses	361,976	268,068	93,908
Net	185,062	206,765	*21,703
For fiscal year ended Dec. 31—			
Gross	$ 5,960,824	$ 5,378,977	$ 581,847
Oper. expenses	3,543,730	3,208,282	335,448
Net	2,417,094	2,170,695	246,399

*Decrease.

Foreign Exchange.

Foreign exchange closed firm at the following rates in Chicago:

SELLING RATE.

Checks, Paris	515⅝
Cable transfers, London	487⅞
Checks, London	487⅛
Checks, Berlin	95 1-16
Checks, Holland	40¾-1-16

BUYING RATE.

60 days, London	484¾
60 days, London, documentary	484⅛
3 days, Paris	516¼-1-16
60 days, documentary	516⅝
3 days, Antwerp	517½-1-16
60 days, Antwerp	520
3 days, Hamburg	95 3-16
60 days, German, documentary	94 11-16
60 days, German, bankers'	94 13-16
60 days, Holland	39⅞
3 days, Holland	40¼

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	14⅝	15
Do pfd	56	57
American Hide & Leather	5½	6
Do pfd	38½	39
Bay State Gas	⅝	¾
British Columbia Copper	9¼	9½
Compressed Air	8	10
Electric Boat	25	28
Do pfd	45	50
Electro Pneumatic	1¼	1½
Electric Vehicle	1⅞	2¼
Do pfd	4½	5
General Carriage	⅝	1
Havana Commercial Co	11	13
Do pfd	49	54
Illinois Vehicle	⅝	1
National City Bank	590	600
Nat. Enameling & Stamp Co	30½	31
Do pfd	84	88
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans	13¼	13⅝
Northern Securities Co	102½	102⅝
Otis Elevator	29½	31
Do pfd	98	100
Pitts. Bessemer & L. E	36	37
Royal Baking Powder pfd	106½	108
Seaboard Air Line	24⅝	25
Do pfd	46⅝	47¼
Do 4s	84½	85
Standard Oil	640	650
St. Louis Transit	30	31
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	5½	6½
Do pfd	36½	38
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	82	83
Do 4s	89	89½
N. & W. Pocahontas new 4s	94⅝	94½
Corn Products Co	34½	36
Do pfd	83	85

Chicago Stock Market.

American Can stocks advanced in the Chicago market yesterday in the face of a declining New York list. They were bid up sharply on the curb in New York by Street & Norton and the market here followed the improvement in the East. The preferred closed here at 56½, an advance of ⅝, and the common at 14½, an advance of ⅝. Closing quotations in New York were 14⅝@15 for the common and 56@57 for the preferred. The company is said to have received an order involving $450,000.

Chicago Title and Trust stock has been listed and sold at 114½ and at 115, 800 shares being traded in. National Biscuit common was easier, following the weakness of the New York list. It closed at 46⅝, a loss of ⅞.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

Description.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	3,747	15⅝	13⅝	14½
Do pfd	740	57⅛	56	56⅝
Chicago City Railway	20	218	218	218
Chicago Edison	23	166	165	165
Chicago Title & Trust	1,400	115	114½	114½
Chicago Union Traction	660	14⅜	13⅝	14
Diamond Match	280	138	138	138
Lake Street Elevated	25	11¾	11¾	11¾
Metropolitan Elevated	10	39½	39½	39½
Do pfd	200	90¼	89⅝	90¼
National Biscuit	1,555	47	46⅝	46⅝
Do pfd [ex. div.]	184	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
Do pfd [cash]	19	108¼	108¼	108¼
National Carbon	510	21⅛	20	20
Do pfd	145	84⅞	83½	83½
Northwestern Elevated	168	88½	88½	88½
Street's Stable Car pfd	20	73½	73½	73½
West Chicago	116	98	96	96

BONDS.

$4000 W C cons 5s	100
1000 do	100¾
$8000 Met L 4s	101¼

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Feb. 20.	Feb. 13.
New York	225,951,384	$275,233,702
Chicago	25,429,781	38,623,729
Boston	20,235,854	16,827,387
Philadelphia	23,937,541	21,645,157
St. Louis	8,804,204	7,982,019
Baltimore	3,794,482	3,284,356

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, par; St. Louis, 10c discount.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 20.—Grain—Wheat—Spot No. 1 Northern, spring, firm, 6s 2d; No. 2 red Western winter, quiet, 6s 1d; No. 1 California, firm, 6s 4d; futures, quiet; March, 6s 1⅝d; May, 6s 1⅝d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 5s ½d; American mixed, old, 5s 2d; futures, steady; February, nominal; March, 5s 1d; May, 5s 1⅝d.

Provisions—Lard—American refined, in pails, quiet, 48s 3d; prime Western, in tierces, quiet, 47s. Linseed oil, 32s 2d.

Cotton—Spot, limited demand, prices 1-32d lower; American middling, fair, 5 1-16d; good middling, 4 25-32d; middling, 4 21-32d; low middling, 4 9-16d; good ordinary, 4 7-16d; ordinary, 4 3-16d. Sales, 7,000 bales. Receipts, 35,000 bales, including 19,900 American. Futures opened and close quiet.

Colorado Mining Stocks.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Closing quotations:

Acacia	108	Helen B	700
Argentum	5½	Isabella	22
Alamo	3½	Lexington	8½
Anaconda	20	Little Bessie	3½
B. H. Alex	3½	Little Puck	1
Calera	21	Mary Cashen	3
Central	6	Missouri	3½
C. C. & M	23	Mollie Gibson	12½
Coriolanus	3½	Morning Star	2½
C. C. Cons	8½	Pharmacist	3½
Dante	3½	Pinnacle	1
Doctor J. P	43½	Pointer	3½
Elkton	123¾	Portland	240
El Paso	57	Rose Maud	2½
Findley	5½	Rose Nicol	3½
Gold Dollar	53	Sedan	2½
Golden Cycle	6½	Sunset-Eclipse	13½
Gold Sovereign	2½	Work	6½
Gould	10		

IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.

There was another jump in the price of beef cattle, with the prevailing prices 30@50c higher than on Wednesday of last week. Hogs sold actively, at strong prices, with best sheep and lambs steady early and other grades lower from the start. Top cattle sale, $6.85; top hogs, $6.40, and best lambs, $6.65. Chicago's cattle receipts thus far this week decreased 600 compared with a week ago, and increased 5,700 compared with a year ago. Hogs decreased 43,300 compared with a week ago and increased 9,900 compared with a year ago. Sheep increased 11,800 compared with a week ago and 14,500 compared with the corresponding four days a year ago.

Stock-Yards receipts and shipments follow:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Feb. 17	21,300	512	39,375	22,691
Tuesday, Feb. 18	4,378	1,195	25,316	12,806
Wednesday, Feb. 19	17,430	1,213	40,180	20,080
Thursday, Feb. 20	9,500	500	30,000	12,000
Totals	52,608	3,420	154,821	67,077
Same time last week	58,340	3,422	197,502	55,439
Cor. time 1901	46,960	1,205	144,864	52,572
Shipments—				
Monday, Feb. 17	5,019	.....	12,616	1,166
Tuesday, Feb. 18	1,802	4	5,168	220
Wednesday, Feb. 19	4,119	10	8,827	533
Thursday, Feb. 20	3,500	50	6,500	2,000
Totals	14,440	64	33,111	3,919
Same time last week	15,642	312	30,797	5,258

Cattle—Again the demand was brisk, with prices strong to 10c higher, making 30@50c advance from the low point of last week. Receipts were small again, and the quality was poorer than usual, there being no choice beeves offered. The best cattle would sell around $7.50, but the best on sale sold at $6.85, with the bulk of 1,080@1,385-lb steers at $5.30@6.35. Some 1,146-lb steers and heifers sold at $5.90, with 1,140-lb stillers at $5.80. Few native steers sold below $4.75. Texas cattle ruled strong, selling at $5.15@5.50 for steers and $3.50@3.90 for bulls. Native butcher stock ruled firm with fancy cows and heifers as high as $5.50. Veal calves sold largely at $6.00@6.75. Stockers and feeders firm, with sales at $2.75@5.15.

Hogs—Prices ruled strong at Wednesday's best prices, or fully 5c above closing figures of that day. The market finished decidedly strong, with everything sold from first hands, yet 5,000 were left in the pens at the close. Packers acted indifferently early, but later bought freely, paying top prices of the day

WALL STREET HAS SHOCK

PRESIDENT'S DECISION TO TEST MERGER CAUSES RUSH TO SELL.

Announcement That United States Will Investigate Northern Securities Deal Results in Dismay Among Brokers, Who Unload Stocks—Prices Decline Sharply Through Entire List—Foreigners Offer Securities on Large Scale.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The financial community has rarely been subjected to more unpleasant surprise than it was this morning by the announcement that the Attorney General of the United States, at the instance of President Roosevelt, would shortly file a bill to test the legality of the transfer of ownership of Northwestern railway properties into the Northern Securities company. The shock was the more pronounced because of the fact that the Supreme Court, before which the application of the State of Minnesota for permission to file a bill of complaint against the company is still undetermined, reconvenes early next week.

The resulting dismay was great and the street had apparently failed to arrive at an analysis of its own feelings by the close of business. The larger financial interests were indisposed to discuss the matter, and the momentous issues involved preclude hasty generalizations on the subject.

There is no less confidence entertained that the merger is impregnable, and that, no matter what changes in legal forms might have to be made, the objects sought to be attained will be conserved. In any event the point has been made that there can be no confiscation of properties and that the security owners will continue to benefit by the advantages accruing from the prosperity of the country in every channel of trade and industry.

The securities markets were also depressed by the expectation of an unfavorable bank statement. The announcement by Attorney General Knox regarding the prospective action of the government against the Northern Securities company, however, obscured all other considerations.

The opening of the local exchange was preceded by cable advices of an active market for American securities in London and declines in prices in the internationally listed group extending to 2 per cent below the final figures at this center.

The local opening was excited, and in the first few minutes of business net declines ranging to over 5 per cent were sustained. Nearly one-half of the entire day's business was transacted in the first hour. In a majority of cases the early declines marked the lowest figures of the day, but despite fitful recoveries about midday and in the early afternoon the tone throughout was unsettled.

The volume of business was the largest recorded in some time, and dealings in the bond market approximated the record of the year. In this department prices might more fairly be described as irregular than weak.

At the outside declines were established extending to 5½ points in Great Northern preferred, 3½ in Union Pacific, 2⅝ in Southern Pacific and Missouri Pacific, 2½ in St. Paul and Tennessee Coal and Iron, while Sugar Refining dropped 2⅛, and there were other numerous declines of 1 to 1½ per cent and over.

Southern Pacific was considerably more active than any other stock, the dealings in it footing up nearly 153,000 shares. At a slight recovery from the lowest price it left off 2½ per cent net lower. Union Pacific ranked second in volume of dealings and finished 2⅜ per cent below Wednesday's final quotation. St. Paul came next in order of activity and sustained the largest extreme loss in the regularly active list, nearly 4 per cent. The closing was at a net decline of 2⅞ per cent.

Other stocks in which there was active trading included Tennessee Coal and Iron, Missouri Pacific, Sugar Refining, Amalgamated Copper, Manhattan railway, Atchison common, Pennsylvania, Reading common and second preferred, and the United States Steel stocks. The last mentioned left off only fractionally below yesterday's final prices.

Rock Island, on moderate transactions, closed only fractionally lower, but subsequently fell sharply an extreme 4¾ per cent and finished at a net decline of over 3 points. Its common, which was active, sold at the lowest price recorded in some time. On the other hand, Chicago and Alton, on an unusually large volume of dealings, enjoyed the single distinction of a net gain of 1⅜ per cent.

The depression in prices was in part due to fairly heavy selling in this market for foreign and principally London account, the orders from that center being estimated as high as 60,000 to 70,000 shares. In the afternoon the reactionary movement was renewed in selling largely for Western account.

Transactions in the curb market in Northern Securities company were on a large scale and the stock opened three points below yesterday's closing bid. The price was decidedly irregular thereafter and at one time showed an extreme decline of about four points. The closing was at nearly the lowest figure.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The announcement by Attorney General Knox that he had ordered the Northern Securities company infringed the anti-trust law, and that he would file a bill in equity in the Supreme Court, in accordance with instructions from the President, to test the question, overshadowed all other considerations in the stock market today.

The whole market fell away sharply under heavy liquidation, with only a few unimportant exceptions. Great Northern preferred lost 6¼, Northwestern 7¾, Rock Island 5½, St. Paul 3¾, Union Pacific 3¼, and Southern Pacific 2¾. Elsewhere in the list losses generally ran from 1 to 3 points. The close was active and easy, but not at the lowest for any important stocks.

There was enormous selling of some of the speculative bonds, especially the Wabash Debenture Bs, Baltimore and Ohio convertibles, Union Pacific convertibles, and Consolidated Tobacco 4s, which fell from 1 to 2 points at one time. Total sales, par value, $4,679,000.

Closing—Money on call steady, 2@2½ per cent, last loaned at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487⅞ for demand and at 484⅛ for sixty days; posted rates, 485¼@486 and 488@488½. Commercial bills, 484¼@485¼.

Silver, 55¼. Mexican dollars, 43⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing Feb20	Closing Feb19
Am. Tobacco	10,700	130	132⅝	125	130⅝	136
Atchison	109	119	119	119	119	119
Atchison pf.	1,000	91⅜	91½	91½	91⅜	91⅜
Balt. & Ohio	100	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
Brooklyn Transit	200	230	230	230	230	230
Canadian Pacific	1,900	46¼	45⅝	45⅝	46⅛	46⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	3,200	44⅝	44⅝	43⅝	44⅛	44⅝
Chicago & Alton	800	60	60	60	60	58
Chicago & Alton pf.	400	92	92	92	92	94
Chicago Great Western	100	5	5	5	5	
Chicago Great Western pf.	100	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜		
Chicago Ind. & Louisville	1,400	23⅜	25½	23½	23⅝	28¾
Chicago Ind. & Louisville pf.		58	58	58	58	
Chicago & Northwestern	700	177	177	177	177	177
Chicago & Northwestern pf.	21,400	176⅜	178	175	177⅜	
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	3,200	97	98¼	92½	97⅛	97½
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific pf.	300	33	33⅜	33	33⅜	35
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	53,200	69⅜	69⅝	66	69	69¾
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha pf.	100	170	170	170	170	
Chicago Terminal	1,000	84½	84	84	84	
Chicago Terminal pf.	100	95½	95½	95½	95½	95
Colorado Fuel & Iron	2,400	86¼	85	85½	87¼	
Colorado & Southern	300	17⅜	17	17⅛	17½	
Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	4,700	29½	29¼	29⅜	29¾	
Colorado & Southern 2d pf.	200				24½	
Delaware & Hudson	1,000	140¼	139⅝	140	141⅛	
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	10	192	192	192	194	
Denver & Rio Grande	400	282	280	280		
Denver & Rio Grande pf.	700	172	171¼	171¼	172	
Detroit Southern	500	43	43	43	44⅝	
Detroit Southern 1st pf.	700	92½	91	91	93	
Detroit Southern 2d pf.	100	38	39	39		
Distillers & Cattle Feeders	1,900	8¼	8	8	8¼	
Distillers & Cattle Feeders pf.	2,400	37½	37	37⅛	37⅝	
Distillers Securities	900	12	11⅝	11½	12⅜	
Distillers Securities pf.	1,700	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	
Diamond Match	100	136	136	136	138½	
Erie	32,300	38⅝	38¼	38¼	39⅝	
Erie 1st pf.	5,000	69	68¼	68⅜	69⅝	
Erie 2d pf.	800	56	55½	56	56½	
Erie & Texas	2,900	62⅜	61½	62	63	
Erie & Texas pf.	200	96⅜	96	96	97⅜	
General Electric	1,100	291	289½	289½	292⅝	
Glucose	700	44½	43½	43½	44½	
Great Northern pf.	1,700	195⅝	194¼	194½	196½	
Hocking Valley	800	67½	67	67	68	
Hocking Valley pf.	700	84	83⅝	83⅝	85⅜	
Int. Pump	200	53	53	53		
Illinois Central	4,400	140	139	139¾	141⅜	
Iowa Central	2,100	48	46⅝	47	48⅝	
Int. Paper	200	20⅝	20	20	20⅝	
Int. Paper pf.	100	75	75	75		
Int. Silver pf.	700	47	47	47	47½	
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	3,400	83	81½	83	83⅝	
Kas. & Mich.	100	37	37	37		
Kas. City & So.	100	21	21	21	22	
Kas. City & So. pf.	100	48⅝	48	48	48½	
Louis. & Nash.	9,600	104¼	103⅝	104	105⅝	
L. E. & W.	400	67⅝	67	67	68½	
Laclede Gas pfd.	100	105	105	105		
Met. W. S. Cl. pf.	100	90	90	90		
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	3,600	48	46½	46⅞	48¼	
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	1,000	106	106⅛	106	110	
Manhattan	22,800	133½	132	132⅝	133⅝	
M., K. & T.	1,000	25	24⅝	24⅝	25⅛	
M., K. & T. pf.	3,200	55	53⅝	54¼	55⅞	
Met. St. Ry.	1,500	169½	168	168¾	170⅝	
Mex. Cent. [Ltd.]	2,800	28⅝	28	28⅜	28⅝	
Missouri Pacific	33,100	102⅝	101½	102	104¼	
Minn. & St. Louis	100	109½	109½	109½	109½	
Mex. National	3,100	16½	16¼	16¼	16⅝	
National Biscuit	100	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	47	
National Biscuit pf.	200	107½	107½	107½	109	
National Lead	400	18	18	18		
N. Y. Central	4,700	163¼	162	162¾	164½	
Norfolk & W.	1,900	57¼	56	56½	57½	
Norfolk & W. pf.	100	90½	90½	90½		
North Amn. Co.	100	92	92	92	93½	
N. Y., Ont. & W.	6,500	34	33⅜	33½	34½	
N. Y. Air Brake	800	153	152½	152½		
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	800	40⅝	40⅛	40⅜	40⅝	
People's Gas	2,100	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	100	
Penna. R. R.	22,100	150½	149¼	149¾	151	
Pacific Mail	700	45½	44¼	45¼	46⅛	
Pullman	100	219	219	219	220	
Pressed Steel Car.	200	39½	39	39	39¼	
Pressed Steel Car pf.	200	83	83	83	83½	
Reading	68,300	57	55½	56	58¼	
Reading 1st pf.	10,000	85¾	82¾	83½	84½	
Reading 2d pf.	17,800	68½	66¾	67¼	69⅜	
Rep. Iron & Steel.	1,300	16½	15⅝	16	16⅜	
Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	1,000	69⅜	69	69½	70	
Rutland pfd.	500	118	116⅝	116⅝	117½	
Southern Ry.	1,400	33	32⅝	32⅝	33⅜	
Southern Ry. pf.	9,100	98	94⅜	95½	96½	
St. J. & G. I.	100	17	17	17	17½	
St. J. & G. I. pf.	500	72½	71	72	73½	
Southern Pacific	152,900	65	63¾	64⅛	66⅝	
St. L. S. W.	400	25¾	25¾	25¾		
St. L. S. W. pf.	2,100	58⅝	58	58½	59	
St. L. & San Fran.	4,200	60⅝	60	60½	61¼	
St. L. & San Fran. 2d pf.	2,900	72⅜	71⅝	72	73⅜	
St. Law. & Adair.	2,000	139	138¾	139	139½	
Texas Pacific	5,600	43⅜	40½	40½	42⅞	
Texas Land	1,100	45¼	43¾	43¾	47¾	
Twin City	400	110½	110	110¼	110	
Twin City pf.	100	150	150	150		
Third Avenue	100	130½	130½	130½	130	
T., St. L. & W.	1,300	21½	21½	21½	21⅝	
T., St. L. & W. pf.	3,300	40⅜	39½	40⅛	41⅜	
Tenn. Coal & Iron.	44,900	68⅜	66	67¾	70	
U. S. Reduction	300	40½	40½	40½	40⅞	
U. S. Reduction pf.	300	85	85	85	86	
Union Pacific	84,600	101⅝	100⅜	101¼	103⅞	
Union Pacific pf.	4,700	89	88	88½	89⅝	
U. Rubber	100	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	17	
U. S. Rubber pf.	1,500	15½	15	15½	15½	
U. S. Leather	500	55	53⅜	55	54½	
U. S. Leather pf.	2,500	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
U. S. Leather 2d pf.	300	81¼	81¼	81¼	81½	
U. S. Steel	40,200	44	43¼	44	44⅝	
U. S. Steel pf.	38,400	94¼	93¼	94	94⅝	
U. S. Express	300	114	113	113	114	
Va. Caro Chem.	300	61¾	61	61¾	62¾	
Wheeling & L. E.	1,600	19½	18½	19¼	20	
Wheeling & L. E. 1st pf.	6,100	56⅞	53½	56⅝	58	
Wabash	4,800	24	23½	24	24⅝	
Wabash pf.	11,500	42¾	42	42¼	44	
Wis. Central	1,100	20⅞	20¾	20¾	21½	
Wis. Central pf.	700	41⅞	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	
Western Union	3,000	90⅞	90¼	90¾	91	
Westinghouse	200	174½	174	174	176	
Westinghouse pf.	100	180	180	180		

Ex-div. 1⅜ per cent.
Total sales, 1,022,900 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	195	United States	113
American	225	Fargo	190

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, reg	105¾	U. S. new 4s, coup	139½
U. S. reg. 2s, coup	106⅝	U. S. old 4s, reg	112¾
U. S. 3s, reg	108½	U. S. old 4s, coup	112¾
U. S. 3s, coup	108½	U. S. 5s, reg	106½
U. S. new 4s, reg	139¾	U. S. 5s, coup	106¼

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$5000 Atch gen 4s	106¾	$9000 Man con 4s	106⅝
9000 MexCen 4s	82½		
$54000 do adjmt	93⅝	$8000 do 1st inc.	30½
23000 do stamped	93¾@94	$6211 do 2d inc	22
5000 AmSpir 6s	96	20000 do 2d inc	23
$2000 B-O 3½s	96½	2000 MK-T 1st 4s	99¾
5000 do 4s	100¾	2000 do 2d 4s	83
$8000 do 5s	100¾	$2000 MoP 5s	101¾
75000 do cons 4s	102¾@103	2000 do con 6s	124
15000 do PLE-W Va 5s	100¾	2000 MetEl 6s	113¾
3000 do PJ-M 3½s	91½	12000 NYG-E 4s	107
22000 do W Va 3½s	90¾	2000 N-W con 4s	103¾
4000 BR-P 4s	119½	1000 NYS-W gm 5s	106
7000 Bklyn U Gas 5s	117¼	1000 do fund 5s	115¾
11000 BklynEl 4s	100¾	3000 NatStarch 6s	100
1000 CanSo 1st	100	6000 NYC-StL 4s	107¼@
$8000 CG-A con 5s	111	3000 NYC-LS 3½s	96
35000 do 1st inc	70	10000 NPac 3s	67¾
50000 do 2d inc	35	20000 do SoDak 4s	103
11000 Chne 4s	101¾	4000 do trml 1st	116
159000 CB-Q joint	96@96¼	2000 NC-StL 4s	117
16000 do reg	95¾	2000 OSL con 5s	117¾
2000 Keo con 7s	120	4000 do con 4s	102¾
13000 do Neb Ex 4s	111½	10000 PaCo 3½s	98
45000 C-A 3½s	84½@	2000 Peo gen 4s	99@
129000 ConsTob 4s	67¾	2000 StLer 4s	94¾
19000 ColoMid 3-4s	65¼@66	28000 do 4s	94@
7000 ColoSo 4s	94¾	10000 StL-SF 4s	97¾
11000 ChiTmls 4s	88¾	17000 StLSW 1st	88½
5000 CFI 5s	103½	16000 do 2d	79@
25000 CRR-B Co 6s	108¼	41000 SoRy 4s	94¾@
21000 C-NW cons	138⅝	32000 SoRy 5s	110@
1000 CNJ gm 5s	136½	3000 StJ-GI Div	100
20000 CNJ-No 5s	130¾	3000 StJ-GI 3-4s	97¼
3000 CM-StP cons	184	3000 StPM-M con	139½
10000 do Termi 5s	113¼	4000 SLS-W 4s	100
10000 do 5Mim 5s	110	2000 do inc	8⅝
10000 DM-M 1s	84½	9000 TexP 1st 5s	120¾
4000 DistAm 5s	88¾	58000 StAve 4s	101¾
5000 D-WA Co 1st	106	20000 TStL-W 4s	65¾@
3000 D-SW 5s	89¾	2000 UP 4s reg	105
3000 ErieJ-BS 5s	102¼	1762000 do conv 4s	105¼@106¾
15000 Erie gen lien 4s	88	2000 Wab 1st DeM Div	109¼
13000 Erie 1st pf.	85½	1464000 do Deb BN	71¼@72¾
5000 FtW-RG 1st	80	76000 WisC 4s	89¼@9
27000 FtW-DC 1st	112	10000 W-LE 1st	113¾
2000 GH-SA 5s	114½	20000 do con 4s	93¼@9
2000 KCFtS-M 4s	92¼	7000 WS gtd 4s	112¼
19000 KCSo 3s	72¾@73	1000 do reg	113
1000 L-NC unf 4s	101¾		
2000 do P-A 1st	112		
1000 LI gen 4s	103		
1000 LV 4½s	110¼		

Total sales, $5,679,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—Aside from sympathetic movements in the arbitrage list the local market quite ignored the onslaught on prices in the Wall street market, which resulted from the action of President Roosevelt in the Northern Securities case. The undertone of the Copper shares was firm, with prices irregular.

Call loans, 3@3½ per cent; time loans, collateral, 4@4½ per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; Clearing-House loans, 2½ per cent.

Description.	Shares.	Opg.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	1,615	68½	69⅝	68½	69
Adventure	250	21½	21½	21	21⅛
Atchison	1,945	75⅞	76¼	75⅞	75⅞
Do pfd	710	96⅝	97	96⅝	96⅞
Ann. Pal.	322	157	157½	157	157½
Amn. Sugar	5,200	120⅜	130	120⅜	120⅞
Do pfd	95	119⅜	119⅜	119⅜	119⅜
Atlantic	240	26	26	25½	26
Agl. Chem. pfd	115	85½	85½	85	85½
Amn. Woolen	5	15½	15½	15½	15½
Do pfd	47	77⅞	78	77⅞	78
Baltic	1,600	41¼	41½	40½	40⅝
Copper Range	710	61	62½	61	61⅞
Calumet	38	625	625	625	630
Cons. Mercur	2,140	2	2½	2	2
Centennial	4,185	16½	17⅜	15⅝	15¾
Chic. Junct.	200	153	153	152	152
Dom. Steel	5,000	32½	33½	33½	35¼
Dom. Coal	4,035	74½	80¾	74½	80
Do pfd	5	118½	118½	118½	118½
Daly West	63	22	25	22	25
Erie Tel.	38	25	25	25	25
Edison Electric	30	253½	253½	253½	253½
Guanajuato	180	4½	4½	4½	4¾
General Electric	11	290½	290½	290	290½
K. C. F. S. & M. pfd	200	82½	83	82½	82½
Mass. Mining	590	17⅞	18	17½	17⅝
Mohawk	110	35	35½	34½	35⅜
Montana & Boston	100	3¼	3¼	3	3¼
Mass. Electric	1,540	36¾	37¼	35⅞	36½
Do pfd	288	99	99	99	99
Mex. Tel.	3,300	2	2	2	2⅛
N. E. Tel.	40	140	140	140	140
Osceola	500	78	78½	77½	78
Old Dominion	215	21½	21½	21	21⅛
Parrot	50	31½	31½	31½	31½
Pullman	2	220	220	220	220
Rutland pfd	22	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼
Seattle Electric	50	70	70	70	70
So. California	220	35	35	35	35
Tri-Mountain	1,554	96	96	92	93
Trinity	660	11¾	12	11¾	12
U. Shoe Machinery	50	43	43	42	43
Do pfd	177	39½	39½	39½	39½
U. S. Mining	735	18	18	17¼	17¾
Union Fruit	32	88½	89	87½	88½
U. S. Oil	15	12½	12½	12½	12½
Union Pacific	895	101	101⅝	100⅞	101
Do pfd	200	89	89½	89	89⅛
Victoria	5	5½	5½	5½	6¼
Wolverine	115	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞
Westinghouse	50	87	87	87	87
Do pfd	30	90	90	90	90
Western Tel.	200	27½	27½	27½	27½
Do pfd	37	93	93¼	93	93

BONDS.

$ 6500 N E Coke 5s	58@59	$ 1000 Dom Coal 6s	111
11000 Amn Tel 4s	90¼	5000 Eastern 6s	110⅝
26000 Atch adj	93⅝	10000 KCC & S 6s	106
1000 Gas 5s	85¼	1000 KCFS-M 7s	125½
5000 C B & Q joint	95¼	1000 N E Cotton Yarn 5s	103½

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The weakness in Kaffirs is likely to last until the settlement next Tuesday. All departments of the market are affected, but American shares are flattest. The market opened firm, but broke on the cable dispatch regarding the merger. Union and Southern Pacific led in the fall."

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The condition of the money market here was practically unchanged today, except that discounts were a shade harder. The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased £809,000; circulation decreased £193,000; bullion increased £616,068; other securities increased £2,124,000; other deposits increased £212,000; public deposits increased £2,721,000; notes reserve increased £756,000; government securities unchanged.

The portion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability is 47.18 per cent. Last week it was 48.24 per cent.

Closing stocks:

Consols, money	94 5-16	Nor. & Western	58
Do for act	94⅜	Do pfd	92
Anaconda	6⅝	Ont. & Western	34½
Atchison	77⅜	Pennsylvania	76½
Do pfd	99¼	Reading	29¼
Baltimore & Ohio	104½	Do 1st pfd	42¾
Canadian Pacific	117¼	Do 2d pfd	35
Ches. & Ohio	46	Southern Ry	33⅜
Chi. Gt. Western	25	Do pfd	97
C., M. & St. P	167¼	Southern Pac	65⅝
Den. & Rio G	44¼	Union Pacific	103⅝
Do pfd	94	Do pfd	91
Erie	39	U. S. Steel	44⅝
Do 1st pfd	70½	Do pfd	95⅜
Do 2d pfd	57	Wabash	24⅝
Illinois Central	144	Do pfd	44⅝
Louis. & Nash	106	Spanish 4s	77⅛
Mex. Cent.	27⅝	Rand	11⅝
Do pfd	57	De Beers	45⅝
N. Y. Central	167		

Bar silver, 25 7-16 per oz. Money, 2⅝@3 per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2⅞ per cent. For three months' bills, 2⅝@2⅞ per cent.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Prices opened firm on the bourse today and later reacted, became inactive, and closed heavy. New York selling in connection with the Northern Securities company difficulties, caused weakness. Offers of De Beers were renewed. Kaffirs opened firm and reacted on London selling.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation, decrease 20,875,000 francs; treasury accounts current, decrease, 4,350,000 francs; gold in hand, increase 25,325,000 francs; bills discounted, decrease 54,875,000 francs; silver in hand, increase 4,625,000 francs.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—At the opening of the boerse today local securities were maintained and internationals were firm. Americans were weak on Attorney General Knox's opinion regarding the merger of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroad systems. At the close prices were generally weak, on the decline of Americans.

EDGE OFF THE EGG MARKET.

Prices Let Down a Little and Not So Many Buying Orders—Butter Also Easier.

There was an easing off in egg prices yesterday, the buying pressure being much less pronounced. Receipts did not show up much better, being only 200 cases more than Wednesday, making 11,352 cases for the four days against 11,623 cases the same days of the previous week and 28,500 cases last year. Trade was in every way more quiet, all apparently recognizing the edge due to bring off the market. Fewer shipping orders appeared. Butter was also easier at ½@1c decline. Other product held generally steady.

A small consignment of peaches and plums was received yesterday, said to have come from Africa. The peaches were in boxes of twenty and brought $4.50. The plums somewhat resembled the Japan variety and sold at the same price as the peaches. There was also a consignment of Bermuda parsley on the street.

Quotations for round lots of produce were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, at mark, new cases included, fresh gathered, ext'a	33@33½	Butter, creamery, extra	28½c
City recandled	33@33½	Firsts	26@26½c
Cheese, Y. A.	11¾@12¾	Seconds	18½@22c
Cheese, Flats	10¾@10¾c	Dairies, Cooley's	24c
Cheese, fancy brick	11¾@12½	Do firsts	22½c
		Ladles	18@18½c

POULTRY.

Live turkeys	8@10c	choice	14½c
Do chickens	8@9½c	Do chickens	9½@10½c
Do geese, doz	$5.00@10.00	Capons	14@15c
Dressed turkeys		Do ducks	11@13c
		Do geese	8@10c

FISH.

Black bass, lb	12@13c	Pickerel	4@5c
Carp	4@5c	Pike	3@4c
Pike	5@6c	Perch	8@9c

GAME.

Ducks, mallard, doz	$3.00@5.00	Rabbits, doz	90c@$1.00
Do bluewing	2.00@3.00	Do jack, doz	$1.25@1.50
Do canvasbacks	$6.00@10.00	Do white	2.75@3.00
Jacksnipe, doz	$2.00	Sandsnipe, doz	25@30c
		Plover, golden, doz	$2.00
		Do grass	$1.75@2.00

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$3.00@5.00	Oranges, Cal., navels, boxes	$2.75@3.50
Apples, fancy	$5.00@6.50	Do seedlings	$1.50@2.25
Cranberries, Cape Cod, brls	$7.00@7.50	Bananas, bch	1.00@1.50
Do Jerseys	$5.50@6.50	Grapes, Malaga, keys	$4.50@5.50
Lemons, Cal	$2.50@3.00	Strawberries, Fla, qt	40@50c
Pineapples, doz	$3.50		

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, Ill., doz. small	$2.00	case	$1.25@1.50
Do heavy	$4.50@5.00	Onions, white, bu	$1.50
Beets, La., brl	$5.00@6.50	Do Spanish, crate	$1.50
Beans, navy, hand picked	$1.65	Tomatoes, Fla., 6-basket carrier	$2.50@3.50
Medium	$1.60@1.63	Lettuce, head, Fla., hamper	$1.75@2.25
Female peanuts, qt	3@4c	Do hothouse, per case	25@35c
Celery, Mich., 5-6 doz bchs	$1.50@1.75	Radishes, doz	40@50c
Cabbage, N. C., brls	$1.50@1.60	Potatoes, rural	75@77½c
Do tons	$17.00@20.00	Do red stock	67½@68c
Do La., new, crates	$2.75	New potatoes, Bermudas, brls	$4.50@6.50
Do Cal., ½ crates	$1.50@1.75	Sweet potatoes, Ill., brls	$2.50@4.50
Cauliflower, Cal.,			

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts 1902.	Receipts 1901.	Shipments 1902.	Shipments 1901.
Apples, brls	482	440	52	294
Beans, bu	2,800	1,622	4,500	2,750
B. corn, lbs	75,200		30,750	15,090
Butter, lbs	543,493	668,946	340,460	690,479
Cheese, lbs	284,573	276,000	135,500	133,085
D. fruits, lbs	222,000	50,100	1,000	32,462
Eggs, pkgs	3,763	5,750	937	3,248
Grass, pkgs		400		
Hay, tons	936	383	75	50
Hides, lbs	315,727	237,660	144,600	574,945
Hops, lbs			14,000	25,650
Potatoes, bu	20,666	10,185	3,507	2,220
Poultry, lbs	153,128	186,583	60,913	87,802
Poultry, coops	154	6	42	
Wool, lbs	164,123	11,200	42,000	30,910

DAY IN THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Federal Agents in Chicago Collect $20,880 on Imposts and Warehouse Withdrawals.

Collections at the Custom-House yesterday amounted to $20,880, imposts paying $8,204 and warehouse withdrawals $12,676.

The following goods arrived in bond: 57 casks colors, 1 case books, 1 bale matting, 180 barrels flint stones, 180 sacks seed, 500 boxes dates, 40 casks borax, 480

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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Daily, per week.....12 cents
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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1902.

Prosperity and New Buildings.

When the "certain rich man" of the gospel said to himself: "I will pull down my barns and build greater," he was setting a precedent which is at present exceedingly popular in Chicago. Old buildings are coming down on every hand and new ones are going up in their place. Famous corners in the downtown district are about to assume a less historic, but in every other way more satisfactory, appearance. Prosperity, aided by the removal of the height-limiting ordinance, is having its natural effect. When a manufacturer discards his old factory and builds a better and larger one, or throws out old machines to put in new ones, it is safe to guess that his business is good. In the same way with cities, when the business district partly wrecks itself in order to reappear in greater splendor, one may hazard the conjecture that things are doing pretty well. The First National Bank Building, the Montauk Block, and the other buildings that have been, are being, or will soon be torn down amount in total value to over $1,300,000. There are cities whose business-men would recoil at the thought of throwing on the "scrap heap" structures which had cost so much money. The business-men of Chicago have learned that there is no economy in keeping the poorer plant where a better plant can be obtained.

Alderman Jackson Will Run.

Every honest holdover Alderman, every prospective candidate for the coming election who desires official associates of integrity and force, and every citizen jealous for the city's public life will be gratified at the consent of Alderman Jackson to be a candidate for a fourth election to the City Council. His decision, definitely announced at a mass-meeting in his ward on Wednesday night, was made in deference not only to the earnest solicitations of his constituents, but also in deference to the cordial desire among his Aldermanic colleagues and on the part of the public at large that he should continue in that Council. The condition which he made—namely: that he should not be asked to do any campaigning, was a fitting one, and the fact that it could readily be accepted, because no campaigning will be necessary, only emphasizes the fact that the best campaigning which an Alderman can do is, after all, the steady and patient and judicious performance of his official duty. Alderman Jackson might naturally feel justified, after six years of service, in declining henceforth public burdens which, when performed according to his standard, are certainly exacting. His decision, however, to offer to assume them for another two years is a welcome exemplification of that idea of continuity in public service which particularly needs to find expression in American public life. Alderman Jackson is to be thanked and the public to be congratulated because of his decision.

THE CANDID FRIEND TO GOV. YATES

Governor Yates needs advice from a candid friend. Nothing has been so remarkable during the last few days, in which his administration has been subjected to severe criticism, as the fact that the defense offered for him by his pretended friends has been feeble and half-hearted. Apparently there are few men in Illinois who are satisfied with the administration of Governor Yates. Some pretend to be satisfied, but that is owing to the political relations they hold to him or to their occupancy of offices he has bestowed on them. They are governed by their interests, not their convictions.

There has not lately appeared anywhere a defense of the Governor which seems to spring from the heart. Many who defend him as a matter of form apparently think he is lacking in energy and in devotion to the duties of his office. There is a disposition in many quarters to question his good faith. His sagacity as a political leader can scarcely be demonstrated by any of his public acts. His year of office has been a year of disappointment for those who hoped that he might give the State a good administration.

Unless the Governor is taken in hand soon by wise counselors and has the grace to submit to their guidance he will go out of office at the end of his term with no prospect of a political future. He will find as his power of patronage diminishes that his influence in the party councils decreases proportionately. He will discover that the seeming friends he has made through the distribution of offices are for the most part time servers and that their interested devotion and attachment to him will lessen as his ability to satisfy their demands approaches exhaustion. Purchased friends are never to be depended upon. The Governor has bought for the time being the venal affections of a number of Illinois politicians. Their affections are notoriously fickle and untrustworthy, and never more so than when fixed on a man for whose judgment and vigor they have comparatively little respect.

Governor Tanner attached many persons firmly to him through his force of character. He had some of the qualities of the natural leader of men. Many hated him, some feared him, but few despised him. His political opponents had respect for his energy and will. He was not delicate in his perceptions. He was not sensitive to public opinion. He was fearless and resolute.

Governor Yates has few of the qualities which commended Governor Tanner to the favor of his followers, while he has many of those which aroused against his predecessor the antagonism of important elements in his own party.

What Governor Yates will do when he realizes that he has no political future and that he has attached to himself no considerable support in public opinion is an interesting question. He bids fair to be that most unfortunate of beings, a man of boundless political ambitions which he has no immediate means of gratifying.

THE PRESIDENT ON THE SCHLEY CASE.

The opinion of President Roosevelt in the Schley case is manifestly an effort to satisfy both sides, with the result that he will satisfy neither. He distributes praise and blame with an impartial hand. Certain of the parties to the controversy will think the praise was unearned, while others will look on the blame as undeserved.

The President's manner of dealing with a case which had been appealed to him on specified exceptions is an unusual one. He has not confined his attention to the exceptions. He has felt warranted in constituting himself a tribunal to retry the entire case and matters in controversy outside the case. He has not restricted himself to an examination of the record, but he has called before himself witnesses, and bases his conclusions on testimony given to him in camera, without affording opportunity for cross-examination to either side. This is a legitimate method on the part of a historian preparing to write an account of a sea fight. It is not the customary method when an appeal has been taken from a lower to a higher court and the record of the court below has been submitted as the basis of the appeal.

The President goes outside the record of the court of inquiry. He passes judgment not only upon the findings of the court, but upon the court itself. The Secretary of the Navy will not be gratified by the President's conclusion that the conduct of Admiral Schley prior to the battle of Santiago was not a proper subject for inquiry. The court itself will not accept this judgment as a testimonial to its own discernment. The friends of Admiral Sampson will object vigorously to some of the language of the President; especially to that in which he impliedly censures Sampson for incorporating the charge of "reprehensible conduct" in his dispatches immediately after the battle of Santiago.

The opinion of the President is at times confusing and bewildering. He states it as an admitted fact that Admiral Sampson left Admiral Schley "as senior officer of the blockading squadron on July 3 when he (Sampson) steamed away on his proper errand of communication with General Shafter." In another place the President says that "if Admiral Schley's actions were censurable he should not have been left as second in command under Admiral Sampson."

Yet the President finds that neither Sampson nor Schley was really entitled to any unusual or preëminent credit—that neither of them was in command except in a technical sense. Then he finds that both were in command, but that "the command was of merely nominal character. Technically Sampson commanded the fleet, and Schley as usual the western division," which was the only division in the fight after the first fifteen minutes.

This emphatic opinion is followed up in the next paragraph with the statement that "so far as the actual fight was concerned neither the one nor the other, in fact, exercised any command." Thus each was entitled to some credit, but neither was entitled to much credit. "It was a Captains' fight"—it fought itself. The "senior officer" was not in command, and was not a Captain, hence, we presume, he was not there. Still he was to blame for the "loop." Admiral Schley being present, but not a Captain, was responsible for his own conduct and that of nobody else, although if anybody else had erred and Admiral Schley had noted the error and had failed to correct it he might have been responsible for neglect of duty.

The President is honest in his conclusions. He has striven hard to be impartial and dispassionate. He is convinced that he has taken the proper view of this matter. But he set out with a preconceived opinion that this Santiago battle was "a Captains' fight," and it was reasonably certain that he would not depart from that opinion. It is not a new one with him. It was formed and expressed by him as long ago as the occasion of the presentation of a sword to Admiral Philip in New York. Mr. Roosevelt then made the presentation speech and declared in it that Santiago was "a Captains' fight," and that they alone were entitled to special credit for it. In the opinion delivered on Wednesday the President adheres to his original position.

Not attaching too much importance to the finely spun arguments of the President, his conclusions are generally adverse to Admiral Schley at every point. While the President travels outside of the record and censures the court of inquiry for not condemning Schley where it failed to condemn him, he also disapproves of the finding of the court in condemning him where it did condemn him. The President censures Admiral Schley even more pointedly than the court of inquiry did, because he implies, although he does not say it in so many words, that the outward turn or loop was inspired by timidity. The President's opinion is an imputation upon the courage of Schley. It partly justifies Maclay's statement that Schley "turned in caitiff flight." If the President believes that Schley was overcome by timidity at the moment of the loop why was Maclay dismissed from the navy? The court of inquiry found that Schley was "self-possessed" during the whole battle and by his example encouraged his officers and men to courageous conduct. The President finds that he was not "self-possessed" at the moment of the loop.

The President is a bit too sanguine in commanding peace on this question. It is not in the power of the President of the United States to say to the waves: "Peace, be still!" and exact obedience to his command. The American people will not accept the authority even of so exalted a personage as the President of the United States on a question of this kind. No authority is final except that which proceeds from the judgment of the people themselves in their collective capacity. The people have little respect for the findings of courts-martial and courts of inquiry. The procedure before such courts is so erratic and is based upon such rudimentary ideas of what constitutes evidence, and the verdicts arrived at are so often reversed by subsequent courts, that the people do not consider any question of military or naval history finally adjudicated until all the actors have passed from the scene.

If we are to judge from the cases of Fitz John Porter and Gouverneur K. Warren it is not inconceivable that this Schley case will linger before the American people for twenty years, or so long as Admiral Schley lives. General Warren was dismissed from command after the battle of Five Forks for conduct which General Grant disapproved of. He was at Chancellorsville. He had fought and been wounded at Gettysburg. He had served all through the Wilderness. He was at Spottsylvania, at Cold Harbor, and at Five Forks, yet he was practically disgraced for what was considered an error of judgment in the last moments of the last great battle of the war. Grant never forgave Warren and never changed his opinion about him, but twelve years afterwards a court of inquiry found that Warren's conduct had been exemplary, and that both Grant and Sheridan were mistaken in regard to him.

It may be that in a shorter period than twelve years Admiral Schley will be vindicated in the court of public opinion as fully as General Warren was.

ATTACKING THE "MERGER."

The declaration of the Attorney General of the United States that it is his intention, acting under direction of the President, to begin proceedings soon to test the validity of that great railroad consolidation aimed at in the organization of the Northern Securities company is an adequate answer to the charge that the national authorities are paying no attention to the railroad "trust" which is being created in the Northwest. It is not unlikely that the Attorney General would have announced his intention at an earlier day if the State of Minnesota had not anticipated him.

The Supreme Court has not yet decided whether it has or has not original jurisdiction in this Minnesota case. It may be inferred that the Attorney General is of the opinion the court will decide that it has not original jurisdiction. Should it hold otherwise then all the points which the Attorney General desires to make can be made at once in this Minnesota suit. It will not be necessary to begin at the foot of the judicial ladder and climb slowly to the top.

If the Supreme Court shall announce that it has not original jurisdiction, then the Attorney General will gain time by beginning on behalf of the general government the proceedings he contemplates and pressing them to a conclusion with all possible haste. But no matter how much he may do to expedite matters it will take a long time to reach a final conclusion. In the meanwhile, the organizers of the Northern Securities company will be in an uncertain frame of mind. Their lawyers tell them they have nothing to fear. The Attorney General, who is an able lawyer, is of the opinion that this railroad merger violates the provisions of the anti-trust act, an act which the Supreme Court has decided applies to railroads and which it has enforced against some powerful railroad combinations.

The suit which the Attorney General is to bring will be one of great interest. Financiers, railroad men, the men of the stock market, and the producers of the Northwest will have their eyes on it during its slow progress from start to finish.

THIS IS EXTRAVAGANCE.

The decision of the Drainage board on Wednesday, by a vote of 5 to 3, to let the contract for removing land acquired by the board to widen the Chicago River was of a character to excite pronounced public disapproval. According to the chief engineer's estimates there will be nearly $400,000 worth of this work to be executed during this year, and according to the decided opinion of the minority, as well as the admissions of the President of the board—who acted with the majority—the circumstances pointed unmistakably to a combination among the bidders to keep up prices. Not only was the lowest bid nearly a third higher than the cost of dredging work performed in or near Chicago during the last few years for the United States government but one of the present bidders made a tender of 17½ cents per cubic yard a year ago for the same work for which the lowest bid this time was 25½ cents.

Notwithstanding all these facts, however, and the further fact that there was no occasion for haste, the compact majority of the board refused to make any effort to escape being "held up" and defiantly awarded the contract on the bids in question. Trustee Carter moved that all bids be rejected, that new tenders be advertised for, and that at the same time tenders be asked for such machinery as would be necessary to enable the board to do the work itself. This thoroughly sensible and prudent proposal, however—which, in case of another combination by bidders, would have armed the board with an alternative resource—was evidently something which the compact majority wished to avoid, and it was promptly rejected.

That a body intrusted with such enormous spending powers as this board possesses should abuse those powers in such unmistakable fashion is cause for public indignation as well as distrust, and the event adds another count to the indictment against the majority element in that body.

FAIR PLAY IN CHINA.

The recent alliance, offensive and defensive, of Great Britain and Japan, to guarantee the integrity of the Chinese Empire and maintain the "open door," has been followed by a significant "note" from this country, both to China and Russia, conveying an unmistakable warning to both those powers and adding moral force to the Anglo-Japanese agreement.

It would not have been in accordance with the traditions or the policy of this government to be a party to any alliance between foreign powers or to bind itself to contribute physical assistance to them in case of war, but in its capacity as a world power it is legitimate for it to take account of what is going on in the world and to express its opinion, even if that expression should be a warning, where its interests are liable to be imperiled. This is all that has been done now, and the mere fact that the opinion tallies with the action of Great Britain and Japan and indirectly approves of it has no special bearing upon the subject. It was competent for the United States to sound this warning without reference to the pact between Japan and Great Britain. That it is in harmony with the object of the pact only makes the warning more emphatic and more likely to be respected.

The "note" has been so carefully worded that there can be no mistaking its meaning. China is warned that any special concessions or privileges granted in Manchuria to any person or corporation is a distinct breach of treaty provisions, a restriction of the rightful trade of the United States, and a source of danger to China also by impairing its sovereign rights, by interfering with its ability to meet its international obligations, and by menacing "the complete wreck of the policy of absolute equality of treatment to all nations respecting trade, navigation, and commerce within the empire's confines."

The Russian government already has officially announced that the Anglo-Japanese treaty contemplates a policy which it always has contended for and that it offers no objection to it. What may be concealed behind these pleasant assurances or to what extent they are merely diplomatic no one can say, but on the surface they are reassuring. As the Hay "note" entirely approves that treaty Russia can take no exceptions to it. The United States speaks clearly, emphatically, and boldly. It could not do less unless it proposes to abandon the advantages it has secured in China.

THIS Mr. Gourlay of Colchester, N. S., appears to be the Windy Wheeler of the Canadian Parliament.

THE gentleman from Indiana will oblige by not making a Crumpackerjack of himself.

A HORRIBLE suspicion suggests itself. Prince Henry may have a dim sort of notion that this Dangerous Person in Kentucky is the Duke of Paducah.

THERE is an opportunity now for the Maryland Legislature to retrieve some of its past mistakes by making the docking of horses' tails unlawful.

UNCLE SAM'S remark (in Russian) concerning the open door in China: "Hanzoff!"

"GOVERNORETTE YATES" may have feared he could not deliver the goods.

IF only 400 out of 1,300 boys in Kokomo, Ind., have been found who smoke the nasty little things the enumerators must have missed some.

JOE JEFFERSON was 73 years old yesterday. Und may he lif longer many years yet alretty.

SO FAR as the restaurants are concerned the cut in beef is not even a scratch.

IF Englewood heeds the warning it will take its valuables with it when it goes downstairs to its evening dinner.

SPEAKER HENDERSON needs to restock his thinking department.

THE dome of the Federal Building—when finished—will be a sky-piercer.

IN the matter of kidnaped missionaries you pay your money and you don't get your missionary.

IS IT going to be necessary to send a ransom for the relief of the other ransom?

WHAT may we expect from the Daughters of the Daughters of the Revolution a few years hence!

ALL quiet in Streeterville.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Strategy.

"Miss Pinkie," said Algernon, "if you love me the least little bit don't tell me so, but just give me one of your rare and beautiful smiles."

And how could she help smiling?

Metaphysical.

"If a building is destroyed by fire is it the fire or the building that burns?"

"The fire, I suppose."

"What does the building do?"

"Well, it burns, of course."

"What does the fire burn?"

"It burns the building."

"Then if the fire burns the building how can the building be said to burn?"

"It burns down, doesn't it?"

"Didn't you say a moment ago that it was the fire that burned?"

"Yes."

"Then how can the fire and the building both burn?"

"Why, when a building is on fire——"

"How can a building be on fire? Isn't it always fire that's on a building?"

"That is what I mean, of course."

"But isn't fire sometimes in a building?"

"Yes, of course."

"Then why did you say it was always on a building?"

"I thought that was what you said."

"On the contrary, I was trying to find out what you thought. Now if it is the fire that burns the building can the building really be said to be doing anything?"

"N-no, I suppose not."

"Then the building doesn't really burn, does it?"

"No."

"It simply can't be doing anything, can it?"

"I suppose not."

"Then if the building doesn't burn, of course, it is because it can't burn, is it not?"

"Yes; that seems reasonable."

"But if a building doesn't burn and can't burn how can it be destroyed by fire?"

"I—I don't know. That makes my head ache."

Miss Stone.

Perhaps she's reluctant
To leave Bandit Town
Until she has finished
Her going-away gown.

In Abeyance.

"Will the Prince visit your Stock-Yards while he is here?"

"We hope so, but we don't know exactly what the feeling is in Germany just now as to American pork."

Compensation.

"At the present price of eggs," said the guest at the restaurant, "how can you serve a steak and an egg for 25 cents?"

"Well," replied the waiter, lowering his voice, "we lose on the egg, of course, but we make it up on the steak."

Which the guest discovered a few minutes later to be true.

PERSONAL.

There are no cities dodging Mr. Carnegie's library building offers.

Lockjaw bacilli rage in the Senate Chamber, but they fight shy of Tillman.

It is said King Edward will not go to see plays in which sovereigns are burlesqued.

W. Jennings Bryan does not propose to compromise his political future by meeting Prince Henry.

Governor Savage of Nebraska is tender hearted, notwithstanding his name. He has pardoned many convicts.

Senator Stephen A. Elkins' son sold a tract of coal land to his father the other day and made $12,000 by the deal.

Senator Wellington broke out in the Senate the other day. As his day in the Senate is short no one minded it.

Mr. Schwab of the steel trust is about to corner the lecture platform. He will open at Trinity College, Hartford, Conn.

Delaware is still of the opinion that two vacant seats in the United States Senate are preferable to the impossible Addicks.

The epistles of St. Jerome have been purchased by Dr. V. G. Simkovitch for Columbia University. The manuscript is in Italian.

The Sultan of Morocco's coronation gift to King Edward will consist of copies of the most exquisite works of art in the Moorish Museum.

Congressman Grosvenor says Whitelaw Reid was President McKinley's choice as special representative at King Edward's coronation.

General Oates of Alabama predicts that before many years those aspiring to be editorial writers will be compelled to pass severe examinations as to their fitness.

Congressman Wheeler says he is receiving letters of approval, and the Memphis Commercial-Appeal says he ought to receive some compensation for having made a pale gray donkey of himself.

Not Broken Otherwise.

When Henry comes to town, we'll do
Our level best to please,
Our German studies we'll renew
To put him at his ease.

Since he, in friendly mood has set
Upon this jaunt to roam,
We'll welcome him, already yet,
And make him, once, at home.

And our display of wealth shall cut
Some figure in his eyes!
Our German may be broken, but
We're not broke otherwise.
—Washington Star

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

LIED OHNE MUSIK.

O, Mr. De Vry,
I wish you would try
To warm up the poor fox's den.
It gives me a pain
When he's out in the rain;
For what can the creature do then?

The north wind doth blow,
And we shall have snow—
Poor Reynard, alas! has no bed.
He hasn't a wing
Like a robin, poor thing!
And what shall he do with his head?

O, Mr. De Vry,
I wish you would try
Some sort of a mattress to get.
One made up of feathers
Is good when the weather's
Inclined to be chilly and wet.

LILLI LEHMANN.

JUMP in everybody, and suggest a name for Professor Triggs' baby.

BY request of Professor McGuire, editor of Beauty Unadorned, Senator Mason yesterday introduced a bill providing for a Department of Physical Culture. This has our hearty approval, and when the department is erected we recommend to the President that he appoint Professor McGuire as Secretary. Incidentally, Senator Mason would make a good punching-bag.

JOE NEEDS A GUARDIAN.

Joe Schmitt got his feet wet one morning this week.—Leonore (Ill.) Gazette.

TO the Illinois Association of Domestic Science and the State Farmers' Institute, in collaboration at Rockford: How many of you can make a decent doughnut?

ANSWERS FOR THE ANXIOUS.

M. J. R.—We saw their finish at the time.

Genevieve—How are you on doughnuts?

Nic Coldwater—Most certainly not. The proper highball for the next few weeks is an Unser Heinrich highball. Three of them make you want to clean out a Chinese laundry.

Dracia—For that pain you complain of take tonight the following pain-killer pousse café: Paregoric, one swallow; ipecac, one-half swallow; peppermint, nineteen sips; neats-foot oil, three gulps. Sit upright for eight hours. Let us know the result.

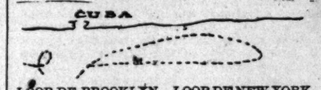
UP to date we are the entire membership of the Goshen society of Chicago. Is it possible that there is no other resident of Chicago that was born in Goshen, Mass.? If such is the case we shall be compelled to affiliate with the Ashfield, Chesterfield, Williamsburg, and Northampton societies of Chicago.

SEMINARY girls at Adrian, Mich., practicing fire drill, rose, dressed, and were ready to leave in less than five minutes. But were their hats on straight?

NOT THE LAUREATE.

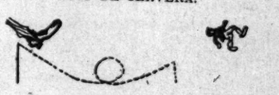
Dear Sir—The man found nearly frozen to death, and who we supposed was a Mr. Austin from London, is a gross impostor. He says he carries a bath tub to convey the idea that he is English. He tells me that as soon as he gets through seeing things he is going to start a pingpong class here.
Green Bay, Wis. M. E. RUFFOUS.

L'AFFAIRE SANTIAGO (IN LOOPS).



LOOP DE BROOKLYN. LOOP DE NEW YORK.

LOOP DE CERVERA.



LOOP DE MACLAY.

TO Miss Eleanor Ellenborough, 1701 Fine Arts Building, our thanks are due for a fine batch of doughnuts. Come again, Eleanor, and put some powdered sugar on the goods.

WHERE?

Leo, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bush, met with quite a painful accident a week ago last Sunday. He was sitting in a high chair near the stove when in some manner the chair was overturned, throwing him upon the stove. We know how to sympathize with the child in this painful accident, as the writer had the same experience when a small boy and carried a scar from the effects of a burn received in almost the same manner.—Earlville (Ia.) Phœnix.

OTHER college students have the beer, but they seem to lack the refining environments of Harvard.

DRIED PEACHES.

DURING twenty-two years on the New York police force Devery earned $59,000, out of which he saved over $500,000 to invest in real estate. His wife probably did her own washing.

YOU MIGHT MEMORIZE THIS, TOO.

Glück auf, prosit, du lieber Stein,
A frendt you alvays vas oaf mine!
Der durstig'n Seel', dem einsam'n Herz
Bringst du das Glück und den frölichst'n Scherz!

Ven you vas fool oaf foaming peer
Dees voridt for me vas fool oaf cheer;
Und ven you in you no more haf,
I call der Keliner, und I laf,
Und sag': "Noch eins! Und hol 'es schnell"—
Den vonce again I feel kvite vell.

Und eef I vas alone, I teenk
Oaf all mine frendts, und den I dreenk.
I dreenk to vimmen, frendts, und men,
Und den, py Himmel, I dreenk again.

Aber eef py dot saloon I sit,
Und all mine frendts vas dreenk me mit;
I dreenk der healt's, und mine, und den—
Py chiminy, I dreenk again!

Dot time I hobe he'll nefer pe
Ven you, mein Stein, I empdy see.
Und ven I died, you, too, shall go
Und hear me speak mit Mephisto:
"Before you proil me, Teufel mine,
Shust fill me oop vonce more dot Stein!"

Glück auf, prosit, du lieber Stein,
A frendt you alvays vas oaf mine!
Der durstig'n Seel', dem einsam'n Herz
Bringst du das Glück und den frölichst'n Scherz!
P. S. W.

QUESTION for New York's civil service blanks: If Devery made half a million, how much did Croker make?

LOVELY SCENES.

So clear quiet and beautiful the evening before, that hardly any suspicions of a colden time, but all the same it gradually dropped till everything tlagled. Soon as the sun was well up the frost on the trees glistened and shone like stars in the nether sphere, and beautiful beyond comparison. Towards noon the desirable in winter weather was supreme.—South Haven (Mich.) News.

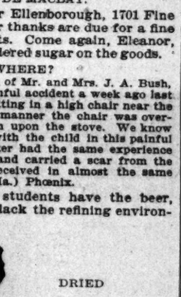
SO far 400 out of 1,300 schoolboys in Kokomo, Ind., are addicted to cigarets. And in Westfield, Mass., the young idea is addicted to onions. Switch 'em!

GREAT INTEREST IN NEW THOUGHT.

To Enamored Ed, J. K. L., A. V. R., Desperate, and forty others: We cannot reveal the address of Panamahatma Koochee Koo. Please do not ask us.

A DOZEN LESSONS AT LEAST.

Dear B. L. T.: I am becoming deeply interested in the New Thought ever since I saw the picture of Panamahatma Koochee Koo in The Line-o'-Type this morning. How far will I have to advance in the science before I can have an affinity like that?
G. A. S.
Frankfort, Ind.



Rear View of Panamahatma McGinnis.

ANOTHER TESTIMONIAL.

B. L. T.: Your Panamahatma Vibrations are all right. I have read a great many books on this line of New Thought, and I find your effusions the profoundest and most unintelligible of them all.
Chicago. KOOT HOO MI.

OYSTER forecast for today: No relief in sight.

SOCIABLE CHAP.

Fred Scott is preparing to move into Mrs. Gordon's house soon. He has a coal stove up already.—Polo Visitor.

MRS. WILES is still in the papers.

UNCLE SAM has German measles.
B. L. T.

TOLD BY THE OLD REPORTER.

The GREAT BANK ROBBERY

THIS is the true story of the great bank robbery at Momence, Ill., which created much excitement some eight or nine years ago.

The robbers were caught in the act, and several of them were sent to the penitentiary for various terms. If memory serves they all have been pardoned since. The story of how the robbery was planned and how the robbers were captured is interesting and somewhat important. It throws light on the methods by which some detectives acquire great reputations. It also illustrates how justice, which is proverbially blind, ought rather to be possessed of the secret of second sight.

One afternoon a fashionably dressed, keen eyed man, wearing overmuch jewelry, came up to the office and sent his card in to "the old man." The "old man" was the Managing Editor.

The card set forth that the caller was at the head of a detective agency.

"Tomorrow night," said the detective, "an attack will be made by robbers on the bank at Momence. We shall have a force of men stationed about the bank building. When the robbers appear we shall surround and capture them. If you would like to have a man on the spot send him over to my office at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon."

The old reporter was given the assignment. At the appointed hour he called at the office of the detective agency and was introduced to a big, broad shouldered man who may be called Harkness, and who was to be the head of the party whose duty it was to capture the robbers. The two went to the train together. Four other detectives were on the same train, and still others were already on the ground, lying under cover until the time for action arrived.

On the train Mr. Harkness grew unnecessarily confidential and boastful. He had been, formerly, a member of the Chicago police force, which he had left for reasons not altogether complimentary to himself. He carried a big revolver in each of the outside pockets of his ulster.

Presently he pulled from his trousers pocket a bunch of skeleton keys.

"Say," he said, with a knowing leer, "it wouldn't be such a bad thing to find a bunch of keys like this in the pockets of one of the robbers, would it?"

Such a find would, of course, make it appear that the man carrying them was a professional criminal. The remark and the display of the skeleton keys did not appeal to the old reporter. It began to smell like a "put-up job."

A mile or two this side of Momence the train stopped for a crossing. Mr. Harkness and the old reporter climbed off the train into a snow-storm. It was already growing dark. Presently the other four "operatives" appeared. They also had left the train. In a moment a seventh man came out of the shadows and approached Mr. Harkness. The two held a whispered consultation. Then the stranger vanished towards the town.

"That's our stool-pigeon," said Harkness to the old reporter. "Everything's set and we'll pull it off tonight sure. He's fixed it up fine. The gang leaves here at 7:30 o'clock in a sled. They are to drive six miles out into the country, where they are to blow the safe in a grain elevator where we have a lot of marked bills planted. While they are away we'll all get located ready for them when they get back to town. They are due about midnight, and will go at once to the bank building. A window is to be left open so that they will have no trouble in getting inside. The pigeon is to stay outside on guard. When we are all ready and have crept up close about the bank he'll give the alarm and run. Then the others'll come chasing out of the bank and we'll collar 'em."

"Will you have to shoot them?"

"Not for a minute. We'll do a lot of shooting in the air, but nothing more. They're a lot of stiffs and we'll just scare 'em to death. They ain't any of 'em dangerous."

Most of the party ate supper together in an upper room in the little hotel at Momence. Of course, no names were put on the register, and the detectives had gone into the hotel one by one at a side door. Nothing was done to excite suspicion in any way.

Presently the lookout reported that the sleigh full of robbers, with the "stool-pigeon" on board, had just driven by the hotel for their long ride into the country where the safe in the grain elevator was to be blown open and robbed. That gave plenty of time for a smoke before it was necessary to get into position.

About 10 o'clock, in order to provide against the possibility of accident, Mr. Harkness sent his men to get into place. It was bitterly cold and a terrific blizzard was howling through the town, so that when the party started out the streets were entirely deserted. By way of protection from the storm until it became necessary to go out into the night a big vacant hall on the second floor of a business block opposite the bank building, which was on a corner, was selected as headquarters. Here gathered, besides the detectives from Chicago, the City Marshal of Momence, armed with an enormous revolver, and several of the other town officials.

Shortly before 11 o'clock the detachments were posted, entirely surrounding the bank building. The old reporter was assigned to duty with the City Marshal, and they were stationed just inside the entrance to a stairway leading to the upper stories of a business block on one side of the bank.

It is possible, but in the memory of the old reporter, it does not seem at all probable that two men have ever spent a more uncomfortable two hours—for that was the time which elapsed before the robbers appeared. In the first place the thermometer was a good many degrees below zero. Then a blizzard which cut like a knife was blowing, and, since it was altogether uncertain when the robbers might appear, it was necessary to keep perfectly still. Before long numbness began to creep over the two watchers. The City Marshal, in addition, was suffering from a natural attack of stage fright.

"An' I'm only married three weeks," he stammered, his teeth chattering—with the cold. "I've got a premonition that somebody'll be killed tonight, an' I'm sure it'll be me."

But he was a brave man for all that, for when the attack finally came he clutched his big revolver in a hand numbed with the cold and charged across the street in the forefront of the attacking party.

INSTANTLY THERE WAS A CHARGE FROM EVERY DIRECTION.

It was 1 o'clock before the sleigh containing the robbers came silently up a side street through the deeply drifted snow. Everybody on guard plainly saw it. The sleigh stopped first at a blacksmith's shop, from which were taken a number of hammers and other similar tools, to be used in breaking open the bank vault. Then the team was put away and the robbers approached the bank building. The stool-pigeon knew of the open window and was quick to find it. He let all his dupes inside and then, when all was ready, closed the window behind them and gave the alarm.

"Run, boys," he yelled, "the police are after us."

Instantly there was a charge from every direction towards the bank, and a perfect fusillade of bullets shook the silence in which sleeping Momence was wrapped. But even then the detectives took no chances in risking their personal safety. They did not close in until the robbers had got well away from the bank and had separated. Then two or three followed each man and ran him down at distances varying from half to three-quarters of a mile. In the confusion the "stool-pigeon" entirely vanished, and so far as the public knew for some time afterwards no such individual was involved at all.

The old reporter followed the chase after a young man who was looked upon as a sort of ring-leader of the band. He was finally caught by Harkness, who threw himself in triumph upon the prostrate figure of the exhausted boy and presently, when a number of witnesses had gathered, proceeded to pull from the trousers pocket of his captive a bunch of skeleton keys, which in appearance was an exact duplicate of that which he had exhibited on the train coming down to Momence.

It developed some months later that the desperate "robbers" were in reality a gang of bad and wild young men, such as exists in many country towns. If left alone they would have probably confined their attention to the robbing of hen-roosts and watermelon patches. They were quick, however, to accept the leadership of a professional crook and criminal like the "stool-pigeon," and were easily led into undertaking the robbery of a bank, an enterprise which, without outside inspiration, probably would have been entirely beyond them. On the trial the bunch of skeleton keys found by Harkness was a telling bit of evidence, and, if memory serves, every one involved was sentenced to the penitentiary. Later the facts in the case were properly presented and pardons followed.

How to Be a Poet.

If you want to be a poet, you must buy a quart of ink
And some paper and a pen, and gently settle down to think.

With your paper and your pen you must settle down to think,
And every now and then insert your pen into your ink.

Rule the third you must observe if you'd rank with brilliant men;
Always put your pen in ink; never put your ink in pen.

Having put your pen in ink and having settled down to think,
Never stick your pen in mucilage when reaching for the ink.

Rule the fifth: You must not cut such an aggravating caper
As reaching for the ink not with you pen, but with your paper.

Now we come to rule the sixthly: When you've ink upon your pen
Let it dry up while you cogitate—and reach for ink again.

Rule the seventh: Chew your pen point as you settle down to think
That perhaps the little bottle isn't full enough of ink.

Take the bottle by the neck (or by the base, if you prefer),
Fill it up, and then go back and start again just where you were.

Having grabbed and filled the bottle with unsympathetic ink,
Take your paper and your pen again and settle down to think.

Having thunk, just keep on writing till you're paralyzed with cramps;
Then destroy the durned old poem and conclude to save your stamps.
—Baltimore News.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

The time to retire from business depends not so much on your age as your dollars.

The real meaning of competition is that somebody is after your scalp and you are trying to keep him from getting it.

A man who wouldn't kiss a pretty girl if he got the chance wouldn't take a peep into heaven if somebody left the gates open.

No woman would smuggle unless she were coming back from Europe.

Women will never understand that to a man a woman's gown looks pretty if she does, but that if she doesn't he can't see anything pretty in the gown.—New York Press.

Where Is Lamont At?

A leading financier is responsible for the story. The other evening, at a well known club, a group, of which former Secretary of War Lamont was one, was discussing the various factions that were growing up in the Democratic party, to all of which Colonel Lamont listened, but taking no part. Finally one of the group, turning to him, asked:

"What kind of a Democrat are you, Colonel?"

"I am a Tilden Democrat," he promptly replied.

Then, after a moment, he added:

"And he is dead."

The group is still wondering where the Colonel is at.—Brooklyn Eagle.

George Wasn't There.

It was the 22d of February and Adam was clearly angry.

"If George Washington had only been around our orchard with his hatchet," he muttered, "this blamed business would never have happened."

With a vicious kick at his pet ichthyosaurus he strode out of the room.—Judge.

It Might Tempt Her.

"They gave Ristori a bracelet on her seventy-fifth birthday with a diamond in it for every year of her life, and she is 80."

"Say, that's enough to make a woman want to be older than she really is, ain't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Now It's Different.

Molly—she alighted me many a year,
An' I said: "Since you're wanting another,
I'll be a stepfather to you, my dear";
An' I whirled roun' an' married her mother!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Sympathy for Chicago.

Recurring to the Cook County Democracy Marching club, Chicago has the sympathy of all the towns that organization visits. Chicago is its permanent abiding place.—Washington Post.

COMMENT OF THE EDITORS

VIEWS OF CURRENT NEWS EXPRESSED IN LEADING PAPERS.

Chairman Rowe's "Grief" at the Revelation of Villainy and Wickedness He Finds in Springfield and Chicago — Evidence That the State Administration Newspapers Are Becoming Tired of the Lorimer Part of Yates-Hopkins-Lorimer Alliance.

F. H. Rowe, chairman of the Republican State Central committee, has published a letter in answer to that of Senator Cullom asking Speaker Shuman to head a movement to purify the Republican machine from being used as a vehicle to put Congressman Hopkins in the United States Senate. Rowe swears that he is a pure soul. . . . It is a matter of great grief to Chairman Rowe that all this devilment should go on and be laid at his door when he is as pure and as guiltless of offense as a babe unborn. For our part we sympathize with Rowe. He has been raised in the highly moral atmosphere of Jacksonville and he is astonished and perplexed at the revelation of villainy and wickedness which he finds in Springfield and Chicago. It is something to which he is not accustomed. In his section people march up to the polls and vote and that is all there is of it. There is none of this meeting in dark alleys and the rear of saloons to plot and counterplot, to mine and countermine, to dig and overturn and set up jobs and perpetrate those acts of wickedness known as practical politics. No wonder that Rowe sheds bitter and scalding tears when he realizes what a devil's broth he now has to eat. It is a sad revelation to a tender and trusting soul, and we join our tears with those of Rowe over such baseness, such wickedness, such craft, such degeneracy. But let Chairman Rowe stand pat. Panoplied in virtue and trusting for protection in his own innocence the gates of hell shall not prevail against him, and he will stand forth a bright and shining light and example for all future time as that of a truly good man whose innate moral worth was his protection against all the machinations of the fellows who sought to compass his downfall.—Peoria Star.

Tired of the Lorimer Part.

There is evidence that the administration newspapers of the State are growing tired of the Lorimer part of the Yates-Hopkins-Lorimer alliance and the dread influence of the Chicago boss in administration politics. The Ottawa Republican-Times, an administration paper, is one of them. This is the position of the people of the State toward the Governor in the most favorable light. That they have been ready and anxious to support him in his administration so long as they can possibly do so goes without saying. The Springfield News gave him all the support in its power until the alliance with Lorimer was made and until there was a beginning of the course of conduct and administration policy on the part of the Governor which has been the scandal of the State and the humiliation of every loyal Republican in Illinois. It is well to recognize the fact that opposition to Governor Yates has not come in any spirit of factionalism. It has been compelled, it has been forced upon the loyal Republicans of the State as a matter of self-protection and the preservation of the party's record and its organization from the demoralising influence of Lorimer politics and administrative folly. The union of Republican leaders in behalf of the opposition is not a factional movement. It is a union of every element in the party but the Yates-Lorimer-Hopkins element for the good of the party; not for the arvantage of any candidate or set of men. This Ottawa paper intimates if Governor Yates had attended to his duties and performed each day the duties of that day and adhered to his anti-machine record and made good his anti-machine promises he would today probably have that respect and support from the people of Illinois which now unquestionably are denied him.—Springfield News.

Lack of Harmony.

There seems to be a lack of harmony between the management of some of the State institutions and the chairman of the Republican State committee. For instance, Superintendent Whitman of the Elgin insane hospital says there were no political assessments, and Chairman Rowe says the money received was perfectly legitimate, as State Central committees, like churches, must have money to pay expenses with.—Macomb Bystander.

Maybe.

The express company that refused to allow Governor Yates to frank his cow over their line will probably allow him to at least express an opinion.—Rock Island Argus.

OUR NAVY.

Destroyers Not Up to Speed.

An official board has reported that none of the destroyers and only a few of the torpedo boats authorized four years ago will fulfill the contract requirements of speed, strength, and displacement. The builders give various reasons for this failure to reach the standards set abroad, but are agreed that the initial defect must be attributed to the misleading plans and specifications furnished by the government. This contention is, however, sound only in part, as designs submitted under the law by individual contractors have, on trial, proved to be equally unsatisfactory. The truth is, we entered this new field with too much confidence and unthinking gayety of heart, and are now paying for our limited knowledge and our traditional eagerness to produce the fastest hull afloat, even at the expense of other vital qualities. In these days torpedo boat construction is so much a special business that only a few designers and builders of exceptional skill and experience have succeeded in turning out craft that combine sufficient strength, necessary lightness, and the highest practicable speed. Their designs are based on the known performances of many vessels, and for every advance they have the reinforcements of engineering precedents and practice.—New York Herald.

Civilians for the Navy.

The great need for additional officers in the line of the navay has led the general naval board to recommend that hereafter naval constructors be appointed from civil life. Under the present system the appointment to the construction corps is given to the three honor men of each graduating class, but this does not insure that men having special taste or aptitude for construction work are selected. Secretary Long disapproves of the recommendation of the board, but directs that graduates be appointed to the construction corps hereafter without reference to their class standing. If appointments from civil life were decided on, there is no doubt many graduates of technical schools would be found competent.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Going Too Far.

The Journal sympathises with every honest effort to keep the Charlestown navy yard and the other navy yards of the country fully employed, so that their skilled workmen may be held together at good wages. But the labor organizations are going altogether too far in their demand that Congress should compel the building of all or nearly all of our new warships in these national establishments.—Boston Journal.

AMERICAN POLICY FIXED.

What the Monroe Doctrine Is.

The Monroe doctrine does not tolerate the idea of the extension of the existing possessions of any European power in the American hemisphere, or of any new colonization establishment whatever by any European power. It is clearly and avowedly opposed to the transfer of American territory by its present foreign sovereign to another and new foreign sovereign. The attempted purchase of Cuba, for example, from Spain by England or France at any time during the last twenty-nine years would have been resisted as the manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States, and would have been resisted by this nation with all the resources at its command. To contain the supposititious case for the purpose of illustration, a French proposal to sell Martinique to Russia, or a British proposal to seize Vancouver Island to Japan, or a Russian proposal to deed Curacoa to Italy or Sweden would encounter the full force of the American sentiment behind the Monroe doctrine, not less than would a direct assay by one of the foreign powers at an armed seizure of Mexico, Venezuela, or Argentina. All this needs no elucidation. The fixity of the American policy is known to the world.—New York Sun.

However little our Canadian friends may like the Monroe doctrine, it will not wither away under the breath of their displeasure.—Duluth News-Tribune.

CLUB TO HONOR WASHINGTON.

Charlevoix Will Give a Banquet Tonight—Reception at Stewart Avenue Universalist Church.

The Charlevoix club, 6027 Indiana avenue will give a Washington's birthday banquet at the clubhouse this evening. The President, J. G. Condon, will preside as toastmaster, and the toasts will be responded to by Hugh O'Neil, John P. McGoorty, John R. Thompson, H. H. Gross, Edmund F. Bard, Frank E. Hartigan, T. R. Trieber, and L. A. Lavers.

The young people of the Stewart Avenue Universalist Church have arranged a unique entertainment for this evening in the form of a reception to General and Mrs. Washington, who will be impersonated by W. J. Rathje and Miss Ethel Brown. They will be assisted in receiving the guests by the cabinet members and their wives, impersonated as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jefferson, Earl Dodd and Miss Elizabeth Crabs; Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Hamilton, Fred McFarlane and Miss Esther Salter; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Knox, Arthur Kussmann and Carolyn Blackford; Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Blanchard. Wilbur Blackford will be the herald and the Rev. R. A. White will give a talk on Washington. There will be music and a supper and the guests will come in costume, each representing a celebrity of colonial times.

The Iroquois club will observe Washington's birthday at its noonday luncheon tomorrow. There will be an address by Judge Owen P. Thompson of Jacksonville. The speaking will begin at 1:30 p. m.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

Parramore's Burglars.

BY WILFRED MORRIS.

IT'S as dark as a wolf's mouth! Why will Craggs put up those accursed shutters? The street might be threatened with a nightly siege. There, my last match gone, too!"

Grumbling indignantly to himself, Richard Parramore, junior partner in the firm of Parramore & Sons, lawyers, stalked in at the glass paneled door which led directly from an unlighted passage to his private room in an old-fashioned suite of legal offices. He paused to thrust into a vest pocket the empty receptacle which had provoked his concluding observation, then groped towards an adjacent mantelpiece, hoping to discover thereon a box of the despised but often priceless tandstickor.

The entrance by which he had come closed behind him, thanks to a pneumatic "buffer," noiselessly; his own footsteps had been deadened by the substantial, if faded, Brussels that covered the floor of the apartment.

His search for the possible rather than probable matchbox proving ineffective, the young solicitor moved in the direction of the silent general office without. He found his way instinctively —the gloom was unrelieved by the faintest glimmer from the shuttered windows anathematized by the lawyer.

He drew open the door into the further apartment with a jerk, and halted, amazed. It was not empty, nor unmitigatedly dark. A small bullseye lantern threw a steady radiance upon a patch of worn matting, strewn with packets and envelopes of various sizes and more or less legal appearance. By them there crouched two figures—a man's and a woman's, one cloaked and veiled, the other muffled to the ears. The latter was in the act of ripping up a fooiscap envelope which shone whitely in her gloved hands. It had evidently been withdrawn, with the remainder of those littering the floor near the public entrance of the office, from a gaping and shattered letter-box attached thereto.

The noise made by the opening door aroused the two from their absorption, and one of the figures sprang up. It was the man's—a square, yet huddled and ungainly form—and he leveled something, something vague but threatening.

"Stand where ye are, if ye don't wanter lay down fur de last time in yer life!"

The woman moved up close to the man and whispered something in his ear, but he shook his head.

"Here, gent, hand over the key," he commanded of Parramore. "Then we'll just ask ye to step inside yer own little iron box here."

With apparent reluctance the lawyer extracted a bunch of keys from his pocket and tossed them over.

Whiz de door open," instructed the cracksman, turning to the girl and motioning to the steel vault. "It's time we're out o' dis."

Falteringly, the girl—for she was but little more—unfastened and dragged wide the clumsy steel panel in a corner of the office. It revealed an ample, metal-lined compartment, stacked with documents.

"In wid ye," commanded the leader of the odd couple who had so suddenly become Parramore's captors. The lawyer advanced, guarded vigilantly by the man. Parramore lingered irritatingly on the threshold of the strong room.

"Hurry, hurry!" remarked his custodian sharply, waving threateningly the extended arm and gleaming barrel that had been so persistently menacing the lawyer.

For answer Parramore dropped to his knees and rolled over. His body met the feet and ankles of the man, pitching him forward into the yawning strongroom. The lawyer leaped up, jammed to the iron door, and locked it; the man was a prisoner.

Then Parramore turned to that discomfited person's veiled and cloaked companion. She had shrunk back into the shadows—the lantern she held trembling suggestively.

"Now," said the lawyer, sternly, "give me that light, woman, or it will be worse for you. Yet I would rather not use violence unless you drive me to it."

The lantern was set down precipitately. Parramore strode to it, snatched it up, and turned its rays on the mysterious crackswoman. She hid her face hastily. Yet something in her bearing and the lithe young shape that moved so obviously under her disguising garment made the lawyer start. She was retreating from him. At once alarmed and bewildered, Parramore pursued her, but she escaped him—she was tearing something under her cloak, tearing it desperately, viciously.

The lawyer placed the lantern on the mantel, darted after her, and seized her in a ruthless grasp. The shoulders he had laid hold upon were soft and rounded. A cry broke from behind the thick chenille veil: "O, Dick, Dick, you hurt me!"

At the sound of the broken words, the tearful, girlish voice, the lawyer trembled, recoiled, wavered, paralyzed by incredulity. "Margie!" he gasped, "what—what nightmare is this?"

With a petulant gesture the girl raised a small hand and put up her veil. The face exposed was flushed and youthful, a pair of blue eyes shone in the rays of the lantern, and two red lips pouted under delicate nostrils.

"O," Richard Parramore was told with a stamp; "how you have spoiled everything! There, go and let poor Tom out of that horrid den, and we will go home. I'm sick to death of—of practical joking."

The lawyer frowned, and lifting the lantern to a gas jet, flooded the apartment with light. "Miss Ouless," he said, severely, though his brown pupils twinkled, "this is no practical joke. You did not know that I should be here tonight. I did not know it myself. Look at that lock removed, survey that rifled letter-box; they would get both you and Tom twelve months, or from that to fourteen years, for burglary."

Margaret—otherwise Margie—sat down suddenly and wept. "I—I think you're very cruel," she sobbed, "and Tom didn't want to do it, only I—I persuaded him it was for your happiness."

The young lawyer stooped over the dejected figure. "Margie, dear," he said, gently, "I—I was merely chaffing. Don't cry, dearest; what was the trouble—something you had written and repented not? I would not have read it if you had forbidden me by, say, a telegram or an express letter. But why go in for heroics and run all sorts of risks."

"It—it's worse than—than that," stammered Margie; "it—it was some letters I had written to some one else—to—to Mr. Prout."

Richard Parramore's countenance darkened. "Prout!" he said, "not Hamilton Prout, the actor!"

Margie nodded miserably. "They were only silly, spoony letters," she murmured, "but I hated the idea of your reading them. I—I thought I cared for him—before I met you. And he had been begging him for them back ever so long, and he—he wouldn't give them to me. And today I saw him by appointment, to get them, I understood. But he—he——"

Her lover waited patiently. "He showed me them," burst out Margie, "in an envelope addressed to you, with a note asking your professional advice about bringing an action against me—for—breach of promise. And he—he mailed it under my very eyes."

"So I knew," faltered Margie, "that they would reach here by the last delivery—I hoped, after you had gone. And Tom agreed to help me to get them before you could see them. We had managed so nicely when you came—we had crept down just about the time for closing the hall door upstairs, and when all was quiet Tom had cut a piece out of the glass panel there, with a diamond, and unscrewed the lock. Once we were inside, breaking open the letter-box was easy. If you could have stopped away another half hour. As it was, Tom put you off with his talk, and I did for one moment believe we'd got you in the strong room. Then we could have slipped off and you need never have known. But now, if you like, you can piece the bits together again and read them every one."

With which incoherent ultimatum Margie laid on the table a heap of torn fragments. The lawyer swept them into his palm, tossed them into the fire grate, and put a light to them.

"You foolish child!" was all he said. But he bent and kissed her, and somehow the kiss took a singularly long while to negotiate.

"I wonder," observed Parramore, at length, "if Tom really has enough air. We may as well make sure."

He suited the action to the word, and there stalked forth from the strongroom an extremely cool and self-possessed youth—like his sister in the full light—with a clean cut, boyish face, an incongruous plaid neckerchief, a traveling cap, and an ill-fitting, obviously borrowed, overcoat. He considered the situation cheerfully.

"Smart trick that of yours, Parramore!" he said, assuming a patronizing air; "well, I suppose you knew all. Going to throw Margie over?"

"No, you young dog," answered the lawyer; "going to see the pair of you home in a cab."

Tom Ouless put his hands in his pockets. "Very well," he commented; "make a deuce of a row and blame it on me. I shall say I found Margie and you eloping and brought you back—by force! But you had much better let us sneak in as we sneaked out."

The lawyer put a little gloved hand on his arm. "I—I imagine I had," he conceded; "but if you expect me to screen you, just refix that lock, and never, as long as you live, let me hear that vile imitation jargon of yours again."

Master Thomas Ouless grinned. "It was a bit of a jolly for you, wasn't it?" he chuckled; "but look at this—my revolver!" And he held up—a screwdriver!

DEFENDS NOTE TO POWERS

WAYNE MACVEAGH WRITES OF SPANISH WAR INCIDENT.

Believes It Undesirable That United States Should Send Embassies to Coronation — Defends Act of Foreign Diplomats, Saying They Acted Within Their Rights and Joint Communication Was Justified—Rises to Praise Lord Pauncefote.

[From the Washington Post.]

Editor Post: As I am about to find fault, I had better begin by confessing that in the matter of our sending special embassies to attend royal and imperial ceremonies in Europe you have quite converted me. The more I reflect upon it the more clear it seems to me that it is alike undesirable and undignified in us, whose fathers fought seven years to be rid of Kings and crowns, to send persons to pay homage to a gentleman who calls himself a King and who is putting on his head what he calls a crown. But, if our republic is to be represented on such occasions, it could not be represented more worthily than by the distinguished and representative citizens whom President Roosevelt has selected.

Defends George W. Smalley.

Now for the fault-finding. It is quite clear you have a wholly incorrect notion of Mr. George W. Smalley. I have known him all his life, and on most subjects I have always found myself holding different opinions from those he entertained—a habit I still keep up—but from the days on which he stood by Hooker at Antietam and by Rosecrans at Murfreesboro, and brilliantly described the varying fortunes of those battles, he has, so far as I am aware, reflected nothing but credit upon the profession to which you and he alike belong.

While still a young man he went to London as a correspondent of the Tribune, without a single acquaintance there and without the aid of wealth or official position or prestige of any kind, and yet as such correspondent he secured for himself not only the acquaintance but the respect and confidence of almost every Englishman of real eminence either in literature or in politics, while all our Ministers to the court of St. James, differing no matter how widely in other respects, found in him a prudent adviser and a faithful and loyal friend.

I admit it is a great misfortune for any American to live out of his own country for any considerable period of time, but Mr. Smalley now comes home to represent here a newspaper with which I am seldom in accord, but which certainly is in dignity and influence second to no journal in the world. That is a career, it strikes me, of which all you journalists ought to be proud.

Reasons of Appeal for Peace.

Then, I think you are also wrong in your view of the telegram the representatives of the great powers sent to their governments on April 14, 1898, for the only sound objection to it is that it was sure to be futile because it was too late. For all practical purposes, the war with Spain began when the President's message was read in Congress, and thereafter there was no use in pleading for peace. But, looking back to the situation as it then presented itself to the diplomats residing here, it is easy to see why they made their fruitless appeal.

These parallel columns show the situation:

OUR DEMANDS UPON SPAIN, MARCH 27, 1898.	SPAIN'S CONCESSIONS TO US, APRIL 10, 1898.
(a) Armistice until Oct. 1, for negotiations meantime looking to peace.	(a) Armistice proclaimed, and in fixing the term of it the General-in-Chief is disposed to concede all possible facilities.
(b) Immediate revocation of reconcentrado order and relief for those in the camps.	(b) Decree of reconcentration repealed, and aid of all kinds granted and authority to be given to the reconcentrados.
(c) If possible, if terms of peace not satisfactorily settled by Oct. 1, the permitted to be given to President of the United States to be final arbiter between Spain and insurgents.	(c) The responsibility for the destruction of the Maine to be submitted to the decision of impartial and disinterested experts, Spain agreeing to be bound by their decision.
	(d) The same full and generous measure of self-government to be accorded Cuba as Canada enjoys.

Telegram to the Powers.

In view of the situation thus created the representatives of the great powers dispatched the following telegram, which seems to me alike modest and unobjectionable and permeated with no spirit of hostility whatever to our country:

The attitude of Congress and the resolution of the House of Representatives passed yesterday by a large majority leave but little hope of peace, and it is popularly believed that the warlike measures advocated have the approval of the great powers. The memorandum of the Spanish Minister delivered on Sunday appears to me and my colleagues to remove all legitimate cause for war. If that view should be shared by the great powers, the time has arrived to remove the erroneous impression which prevails that the armed intervention of the United States in Cuba commends, in the words of the President's message, the support and approval of the civilized world. It is suggested by the foreign representatives that this might be done by the collective expression from the great powers of the hope that the Spanish government would give favorable consideration to the memorandum of the Spanish Minister of April 10 as offering a reasonable basis for amicable settlement, and as removing any possible pretext for intervention which may have previously existed.

Act Within Rights of Diplomats.

I repeat that the foregoing telegram seems to me to be not only quite within the privilege of the foreign representatives in communicating with their governments, but I can readily appreciate how, from their point of view, it seemed to them to be their duty to communicate it, for I have never entertained the slightest doubt that every one of the great powers of Europe was at that time averse to our making war upon Spain to wrest Cuba from her.

Perhaps Russia had no strong feeling upon the subject, as her traditional friendship for the United States and the absence of any special ground of sympathy with Spain would enable her to judge the situation more impartially than the other great powers could be expected to do; but I am equally sure that no one even of the other powers ever for one moment entertained the idea of intervention by war in behalf of Spain, and that all the talk with which we have been regaled for the last three years about the imminent danger of an armed coalition hostile to us and which was prevented only by the action of the British government is without a shadow of foundation in fact.

In Defense of Pauncefote.

There is just one other remark I wish to make, and that is that in view of Lord Pauncefote's long and honorable career as the representative of his government to ours and of the fact that so far as the public is aware he has never used an expression, official or unofficial, which was not friendly to us, I must beg to continue to believe that no such expression can be shown ever to have been used by him, and that you will find on fuller investigation that your information on that subject is not reliable. His prolonged stay among us has, in my judgment, been fruitful only of good to both nations, and the termination of that stay cannot be of advantage to either of them.

WAYNE MACVEAGH.

Washington, Feb. 18.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE DISCUSSED.

Illinois Association Meets at Farmers' Institute Convention, in Session at Rockford.

Rockford, Ill., Feb. 20.—[Special.]—The fourth annual meeting of the Illinois Association of Domestic Science was held today in connection with the State Farmers' Institute. Eighty-one counties were represented. Resolutions were adopted favoring the erection of a woman's hall at the State University to further the work of domestic science, recommending the introduction of the study of the elementary principles of household economy in the public schools, and asking the State Institute to present a bill for this purpose to the General Assembly. Mrs. M. T. Rorer delivered an address.

The following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. Joseph Carter, Champaign.
Vice President—Mrs. H. M. Dunlap, Savoy.
Secretary—Mrs. S. Noble King, Bloomington.

The association had charge of the Institute program this afternoon. The address of welcome was given by Mrs. Ella G. Root of this city and the response by Mrs. Emma Davenport of Urbana.

Other speakers were Mrs. J. C. Blair and Mrs. F. M. Bills of Urbana and Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith of the University of Minnesota. The Rockford Federation of Women' Clubs gave a reception for the delegates at Rockford College.

CHURCH CLUB WILL BUILD HOMELESS GIRLS' REFUGE.

Valuable Site to Be Donated and Efforts Are Being Made to Raise Money for Necessary Structure.

If the hopes of the members of the Church club of Chicago are realized Chicago will have a new "Home for Homeless Girls" within the next few months.

The club is struggling to raise funds enough to erect the necessary building, and if the amount can be raised by March 1 a valuable piece of ground on Jackson boulevard, west of California avenue, will be donated by a philanthropist, who refuses to allow his name to be made public. The property is offered on condition that the club raise $30,000 with which to construct a building which will be free from debt.

At a recent meeting of the club Joseph T. Bowen announced that $15,000 had been assured. The club then decided to appeal to all church members and every one interested without regard for religious belief.

In speaking of St. Mary's Home for Children at 215 Washington boulevard Bishop Anderson said:

"The sisters in charge draw no distinction as to creed, and offer shelter, medical aid when needed, and careful training to all who apply, only turning away when compelled to do so through lack of room. The home is sheltering between sixty and seventy orphans and others. It also provides a three months' outing each year at the summer home in Kenosha.

"The building occupied is of frame, old, unsanitary, overcrowded, and more room is necessary. The surroundings are most undesirable and inappropriate for young girls. The property which is offered is valued at $20,000, and should not be lost to charity."

Circulars asking remittances have been sent to the general public. Joseph T. Bowen, 810 Masonic Temple, and W. D. C. Street, 125 Adams street, are authorized to accept contributions.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Mount Olive Consumers' association, Mount Olive; capital, $2,500; to engage in mercantile business; incorporators, D. F. Jackson, George Hanson, and H. A. Bascopf.

Steinberg, Chicago; capital stock, $2,500; manufacturing clothing; incorporators, John H. Hume, Sydney Stein, and Robert D. Kellogg.

Rich Grocery company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; dealing in groceries and provisions; incorporators, Peter A. Womlac, L. W. Thompson, and Percival Steele.

Torpedo Top company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; to manufacture toys and novelties; incorporators, Edward Razlehurst, Frank G. Mason, and R. B. Pullen.

F. M. Burch & Co., Chicago; capital, $20,000; to manufacture stock foods and condition powders; incorporators, Charles Timson, William S. Hay, and Henry V. Barr.

Hottinger Drug and Truss company, Chicago; capital, $12,000; to manufacture and deal in medicines, surgical appliances, etc.; incorporators, John S. Hottinger, Joseph Hottinger, and Arthur Hottinger.

Munroe & Southworth, Chicago; capital, $10,000; printing, publishing, binding, etc.; incorporators, Walter Munroe, Arthur E. Southworth, and George R. Walker.

Max Stalter company, Chicago; capital, $1,000; dealing in country produce; incorporators, H. R. Calvin, J. Clyde, and John Blum.

J. Stoutor company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; general mercantile business; incorporators, J. H. Stoutter, William J. Pringle, and Charles W. Lamborn.

Goldberg Calculating Machine company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; to manufacture calculating machines; incorporators, Caspar Staub, Otto Malcher, and Hyman E. Goldberg.

Rushville Gun club, Rushville; not for profit; social; incorporators, Warren R. Leach, George E. Walker, and John S. Bagby.

The Weyburn & Briggs company of Rockford certified to a change of name to Weyburn company.

The Paramount Knitting company of Chicago certified to an increase of capital stock from $50,000 to $100,000.

The Great Western Condensed Milk company of Chicago certified to an increase of capital stock from $25,000 to $200,000. The number of directors is also increased from three to five.

The Dr. Grimm Medicine company of Chicago certified to an increase of capital stock from $10,000 to $40,000.

William Murdock & Co. of Chicago certified to a change of name to William Murdock. The capital of the company is also increased from $5,000 to $10,000.

The S. E. Barrett Manufacturing company of Chicago certified to a dissolution.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—VERY OLD STYLE ENGLISH, VERY thin gold case, without movement, somewhere in the business portion of the city. Suitable reward if returned to the office of J. H. FURDY & CO., 126 State-st.

LOST—PARTY WHO FOUND BANK BOOK and check near Robey-st. station, elevated, on the 19th will receive reward by returning to Room 1808 Chamber Commerce.

LOST—PACKAGE CONTAINING SILVER NAIL scissors and file, between Wells-st. car and Union Station. Reward at 30 River-st. N. H. MUNDT.

LOST—GENTLEMAN'S DIAMOND RING, ON Lake-st. L or Dearborn-st. Finder communicate and receive reward. Address W 117, Tribune.

LOST—LARGE VELVET POCKETBOOK WITH silver trimming. Return to 3729 Lake-av. and receive reward.

LOST—LADY'S SILVER WATCH, WEDNESday afternoon. Reward. W 183, Tribune office.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—DIAMONDS—
DIRECT FROM THE IMPORTER.
Being close to the source of the diamond supply, we can offer most satisfactory saving on the best diamonds. We furnish certificate of guarantee with each stone as to quality and value.
A saving of $3 to $10 a month will make you the owner of one of the beautiful gems. We invite your inspection. Catalogue free.
GEO. E. MARSHALL, Importer,
103 State-st., Columbus Memorial Building.

PERSONAL—
FURNISHINGS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading with us on "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock every thing worn by men, women, and children or used to furnishing a home complete from "parlor to kitchen." Our beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established 1886. E. SHOBER & CO., 217-219 State-st. 2d and 3d floors.

PERSONAL—MAIDEN'S BLUSH, PHENOMenal discovery, revolution in toilet methods. Gives immediate, lasting and permanent, which REMAINS PERFECTLY INTACT and SPOTLESSLY UNALTERABLE, AND STAYS AS LONG AS DESIRED. Absolutely harmless and imperceptible. Immense sales. Free sample. Lady agents wanted. J. F. Koelling & Co., 1316 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—IF YOU WILL TELL OUR SALESman when you open a charge account and make small monthly payments on a beautiful diamond, he will arrange the matter for you quickly, confidentially, and satisfactorily. The diamond will be delivered when you make the first payment. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 103 State-st.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING, accurate, reliable. Mme. Bartone's Good Sense ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, egg shampoos. Crepe Marquise, 35 cents; complexion brushes, 75 cents. MME. M. E. FRANCIS, 30 Washington-st., City.

PERSONAL—FUR GARMENTS MADE TO ORder and repaired at special rate this month. STEELE & CO., 69 Wabash-av.

Formerly of Marshall Field & Co., 90 Wabash-av., cor. Washington. Telephone Cent. 2549.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES! GENTLEMEN!
MME. BARTONE,
Suite 522, 268-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—ABOLISH SUPERFLUOUS FAT, keep your figure, and gain good health without dieting, drugs, or apparatus. Indorsements from prominent people. Hours 10 to 3. The Bernard Institute, 1107-08-09 Champlain Bldg., 126 State-st.

PERSONAL—SPECIAL LOW PRICES DURING February on ladies' suits made to order in our own establishment.
NEWMAN'S, 211 State-st.

PERSONAL—THE VERY LATEST STYLES OF ladies' garments made in our own establishment at a saving of 33 1-3 per cent during this month. NEWMAN'S, 211 State-st.

PERSONAL — MILLINERY FOR EARLY spring and for Southern tourists, including genuine "Connelly" turbans. MAISON NOUVELLE, 310 Wabash-av., Auditorium.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, etc., destroyed by electric needle; over 15 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physicians. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1411 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONbons, and chocolates, the best in use throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. F. Gunther, Confectioner, 212 State-st.

PERSONAL—KELLERGG INSTITUTE LATE of Grand Music Hall, est. 1881; movement cure. Tel. 2632 Cent. Dyche Bldg., 65 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—ECZEMA AND ALL SKIN DISeases permanently cured. Book free. The F. F. Remedy Co., 716, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—ALL CHRONIC DISEASES CURED —Tumors dissolved, nervous vitality restored. DR. DELLANNSO, 3134 Michigan-av., 2 to 4.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — WRINKLES, MOLES, AND traces of old age removed permanently; acne cured. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. SALMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES AND BEDBUGS exterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Frederick Peres & Co., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—FREE—ONE $1 BOX ATROPHY balsam; send 10c in stamps for postage and packing. Universal Vitaline Co., Hammond, Ind.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
CHIROPODY, AND ELECTRIC TREATMENT.
ALICE LIND, R. 60-61, 95 Washington-st.

PERSONAL—SWEDISH MOVEMENT, HYDRO AND ELECTRO THERAPEUTICS. TEKLA FOLKE INSTITUTE, 57 Washington-st., 9th floor.

PERSONAL—HENRY KESSLER, THE RELIable furrier, repairs and remodels furs at lowest prices this month. 88 E. Washington-st., R. 43-44.

PERSONAL—DE LASCAU INSTITUTE—MOVEment and water cure. 3031 Cottage Grove-av.

PERSONAL — MANICURING, CHIROPODY, electric facial treatments. R. 1214 Masonic Tem.

PERSONAL—MANICURING AND CHIROPODY, new management. 56 5th-av., Suite 313-314.

PERSONAL—WICKS, PRIVATE DETECTIVE; civil, criminal investigations. 1800 Wabash.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, CHIROPODY AND electric treatments. R. 1006 Masonic Temple.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

CHECK PERFORATOR, $5; MIMEOGRAPH, $10, worth $40; Trip, auto. cash register, $3.75; bookkeeper's desk, $7.50; roll-top desk, $12; flat desk, $7; safe, $20. Chicago Safe and Mdse. Co., 47 Dearborn-st. Telephone Central 2082.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D-hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
P. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & Co., 171 E. Randolph-st.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXchanged and highest cash price paid for old registers. Cash Register Exchange, 198 Madison-st.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—FIFTY SECOND-HAND WHEELS at once; country or city; send description and our cash offer. We will send a buyer to inspect at pawnshops, repair shops, etc.
MEAD CYCLE CO., 355 Wabash-av.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

H. STARR, 472 STATE-ST., HIGHEST CASH price paid for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothes. Orders by mail or telephone, 2912 Calumet.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

$500 BUYS BEAUTIFUL PAIR OF CHESTNUT coach horses, 7 and 8 years old, 16 hands high, $1,500 last spring; they are sound and gentle. 268 33d-st.

WANTED—GENTLE SHETLAND PONY, FOR cash; describe fully. Address W 142, Tribune.

POSTAGE STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

BEGINNERS' OUTFIT, ALBUM, STAMPS, HINges, 6fc; stamps bought. F. Wohlster, 33 Madison.

INSTRUCTION.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES—Chicago, Auditorium [Congress-st. entrance]. Pupils speak the foreign tongue from beginning. FOUR MEDALS AT PARIS EXPOSITION. Best native teachers only!! Trial lesson free. Fee moderate.

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN—Most efficiently taught in the shortest time. THE BALTHAZARD MODERN SCHOOL, Suite 502 Steinway Hall, 17-19 E. Van Buren-st. None but native teachers; most successful method.

IN 40 TO 60 DAYS MRS. LENA A. WHITE guarantees to make you an expert stenographer and typewriter or refund your money; day and night. White Shorthand College, 203 Michigan-av.

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ELOCUTION, ORATORY, VOCAL, AND INstrumental. Irving Theater School, 26 Van Buren-st.

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ISABEL CASSIDY, 208 Masonic Temple.

PERNIN SHORTHAND SCHOOL OF CHICAGO offers exceptional advantages to young men and young ladies. Day & eve. classes, 418 Handel Hall.

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CLAVIER PIANO SCHOOL OF TECHNIC—C. N. LANPHERE, director, 1307 Auditorium Tower.

SHORTHAND, TELEGRAPHY, BOOK-P'G, AT Paterson Inst., Assn. Bldg., 153 La Salle-st.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL ALL YEAR—3 MO. lights, $10, Jones Bus. College, 160 Washington.

CLARKE & WEASER'S SCHOOL OF PERNIN shorthand; speed class. 160 Washington-st.

W. H. HARMON'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL, DAY and evening. Schiller Bldg., 109 Randolph-st.

STAGE DANCING, VAUDEVILLE SKETCHES, coaching in songs. 81 S. Clark-st. Room 26.

THE ALVIZUA SPANISH SCHOOL AND Translation Bureau, 809 Steinway Hall.

SPANIARD WILL GIVE SPANISH LESSONS at your house, 50c. Address V 272, Tribune office.

DRAMATIC ART, ORATORY, ELOCUTION. LESTER SHAFFNER, 81 S. Clark, Room 24.

FOR THOROUGH BUS

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AS AUDIT MAN OR assistant in large office, by man of experience and judgment. Good references. Address P 577, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CREDIT MAN OR assistant in large office, by man of experience and judgment; good references. Address P 527, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — WE WRITE UP books on occasional visits for small monthly charge, preparing monthly statement of assets, liabilities, earnings, and expenses, and undertake all accounting matters. MILLARD & CO., 907 Royal Insurance Building.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN; steady, reliable, handy at anything; stenog.; one firm 8 yrs.; wants agency, office business, or position. Address V 585, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN AS bookkeeper or clerk; rapid and accurate, speaks and writes Spanish, German, and Swedish fluently; best references; salary moderate. V 504, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper; also stenographer and all-around office man; moderate salary. Address P 568, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED shipping clerk, all-around clothing man, age 34. Address V 503, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — CORRESPONDENT and all-around office man, age 23 yrs.; salary $15; references. Address P 530, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HIGH SCHOOL GRADuate wishes position as asst. bookkeeper; good refs. Address V 457, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 21, as bookkeeper and general office work; references. Address T 563, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — BY SALESMAN, EMployed; desires change; must be with good house on high grade proposition. Address W 116, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN, EXP., for Indiana; grocery specialty, any line; references. Address R 434, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN OF good habits; best references; to go on road. Address W 107, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY SALESMAN; AC-quainted with grocers. V 544, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BOY, 17, TO LEARN good trade. Address V 456, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN; practical, all-around printer, in first-class nonunion or open shop; could take charge of small shop or would like to take charge of weekly paper. Address W 271, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGINEER AND machinist, 29 years' references; good vise hand; has been in the navy. Address V 428, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY CARPENTER, first-class man, with real estate firm. Address W 198, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — COACHMAN; BEST refs.; country or city; thoroughly exp. Address V 462, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; SINgle, sober, and reliable; willing and obliging; best city refs. Address P 565, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER; young man; 21; 2 yrs.' experience; bright and ambitious; best of references; $10 wk. Address P 536, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPETENT STEnographer; 4 years' experience. W 177, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER; beginner; age 20. Address W 196, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — A YOUNG BUSINESSman as collector; can close 6 hours daily; or a night position as watchman, timekeeper, or other light work. Address V 244, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — A RELIABLE MAN, acquainted in the Pacific coast states, would like to represent a Chicago house at Portland or Seattle. Address V 493, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 24 YRS. of age, wishes a course in dentistry, would like a position in dental office; wages no object. Address W 152, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—JANITOR; ENGLISH, competent; first-class city ref. Apply H. MARTIN, 26 Belleview-place.

SITUATION WANTED—EVERY DAY AFTER 3 p. m. and all day Saturday by a college student. Address W 194, Tribune office.

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SITUATION WANTED — SCRUB CARPETS ON floor or other work. Address W 105, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 24 years old; best references. W 106, Tribune.

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"CAN I TRUST MY FRIENDS?"
"HAVE I ENEMIES?"
"WHEN SHALL I MARRY?"
"HOW OFTEN SHALL I MARRY?"
"SHALL I EVER BE DIVORCED?"
"DOES ANOTHER SHARE THE LOVE THAT RIGHTFULLY BELONGS TO ME?"
"IS THERE A RIVAL IN MY LOVE?"
"WHEN SHALL MY LOVE AFFAIR TERMINATE IN MARRIAGE?"
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Clairvoyance is both an art and applied science, and like every other profession has its impostors, who, under the advertised name of clairvoyant or medium, delude a confiding public. This city has hitherto been the prolific hotbed of a host of noxious, dangerous superstitions and quackeries. Sir Henry Turpia has for many years been a scientific student and practitioner of a genuine clairvoyancy.
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IT IS THE KEY TO A HIGHER LIFE.
It sways the minds of millions and regulates the destinies of nations. All truly great men and women possess personal magnetism in a high degree. The rich man is rich because he utilizes this invisible force; the poor man is poor because he lacks magnetism or the knowledge of its use. The salesmen, the statesman, the lover all profit by the use of this marvelous force.
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He tells every hope, fear, and ambition of your life, gives full names, dates of marriage, describes fortunate and unfortunate periods of life. How to win the one you love. In a word, tells everything. If you intend buying or selling property, or, in fact, on any important step, don't fail to consult him. His advice will be the means of saving you serious mistakes.
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LADIES—$200 REWARD FOR AN OBSTINATE case, old Dr. Jackson's Compound Concentrated Ergo Myrrh fails to relieve; if sick, worried, and discouraged come or write for testimonials; vegetable; acts once and certain; ideal home treatment; no operations with consequent pain and danger; no loss of work. DR. JACKSON & CO.,
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SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS cook; no laundry work; will assist at other work; private family; best city references; call Friday or Saturday; no mail answer. 3310 Rhodes-av.

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SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED WOMan as cook or laundress; good references. 2949 Dearborn-st., first flat.

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SITUATION WANTED — WORKING HOUSEkeeper; general work without laundry, care of apts.; valuable to any one in need of good woman. Call or write MRS. BREEM, 2127 Wabash-av.

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SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG WOMAN (25), housekeeper for bachelor. B 288, Tribune.

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SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker wishes few more families by day. MISS JOSEPHINE CREUTZ, 489 Ashland-blvd., care of Mr. Pitz.

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SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED, INtelligent stenographer, temporary work. 107 Dearborn-st., R. 814. Telephone Cent. 747.

SITUATION WANTED — BY RAPID REMINGton operator, copying, dictation to machine, or graphophone. Address V 277, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TYPEWRITING AND manuscript work to do at home; reasonable. Address V 508, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner; accurate; good speller; small salary. Address W 193, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED LADY stenographer; references. P 566, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER; beginner; high school graduate. V 511, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BRIGHT BEGINner; small salary to start. W 195, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LADY stenog.; Rem. operator; $15. W 188, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—A1 LADY STENOGRApher; 10 years' experience. W 122, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

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ASST. BOOKKEEPER—GOOD PENMAN; $10-$12. L. PERRY, 403, 134 Monroe-st.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK—$10; EXP. PLATT, 322 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—BY WHOLESALE GROCERY house; young man, 20; must be accurate, good penman, and capable of keeping ledger; give age, experience, and reference. Address N E 561, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—BY WHOLESALE HOUSE, competent; experienced assistant bookkeeper. Address W 162, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; EXPERIENCED in plumbing preferred; $16. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

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EXPERIENCED MEN IN MERCANTILE agency work as salesmen in good outside territory. Address N E 67, Tribune office.

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SALESMAN — BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, AND hustling, to sell a specialty on commission in the city and suburbs. Only young men need reply, and only those who can furnish unquestionable references. State experience, age, and other particulars in your reply. Address T 148, Tribune office.

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SALESMAN—BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, AND well connected, for work, Chicago. Must have very best refs. and equipped to interview people of highest standing in the city. Oldest corporation in State. Address S 101, Tribune office.

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SALESMAN—GOOD, STEADY MAN FOR wagon salesman; pickles, retail grocery trade; experience not necessary; references as to integrity and honesty. Address W 114, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — TRAVELING, EXPERIENCED specialty; must be energetic and hard worker; will pay salary, expenses, and commission. Address R 501, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—RELIABLE TRAVELER FOR metal picture frames; must be first-class man with clean record; state full particulars or no attention; salary or commission. R 321, Tribune.

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SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, TO SELL MINing stock, installments; liberal commission. Address P 219, Tribune office.

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SALESMEN—THE MOST REMARKABLE AND phenomenal premium offer we have ever made to sell; 5c seller; 200 per cent profit; 20th century, year by year; 16 beautiful colored plates; reproductions of famous paintings; 32 full page half-tones; 1,000 years' history; one dime. Beautiful, artistic, and valuable set of books; experience not necessary; $50 to $100 weekly easily earned; liberal offer to filling orders; personal interview absolutely necessary.
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SALESMEN—A FIRM SELLING BEST LINE ON market requires 3 No. 1 salesmen with large connection among engineers, millwrights, etc., in Chicago and vicinity; to these a particularly good proposition considered; substantial commission basis; agents wanted in all large manufacturing centers. Address S 251, Tribune office.

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SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable position at $25 per week. Call between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society (DAVIS), 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED SCALE SALESmen for new system and butchers' computing scales on earth. Write or apply to REID & CO., 21 Quincy-st., Suite 306, Chicago, Illinois.

SALESMEN — TWO; PUBLISHING HOUSE, Chicago corporation; salary; must come with best of references; experienced men preferred. Address W 181, Tribune office.

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SALESMEN—$12 WEEKLY PAID EXPERIENced salesmen; American Tea and Coffee House, 5327 Wentworth-av.

SALESMEN—FOR CITY AND COUNTRY; steady work; exclusive territory and good pay. 402-3A, 356 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN—SIDE LINE; SMALL SAMPLE; standard article; liberal commission. Trojan Mfg. Co., Sta. V, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN—SKIRTS AND PETTICOATS; city and near-by towns. T 159, Tribune office.

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SOLICITOR—LIBERAL SALARY WILL BE paid to a man who can present a proposition of merit to large investors. Room 606, 59 Dearborn-st.

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SOLICITOR—FOR JOB WORK ON COM.; SALary to right man. Address V 410, Tribune office.

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SOLICITORS—EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY for two wide-awake men for city; rapid promotion according to ability. Address R 402, Tribune.

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BOY—STRONG, ABOUT 16; RETAIL AND wholesale store; $5, $6 wk. W 203, Tribune.

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Boys.

BOY—BRIGHT, NEAT, ABOUT 15; $3.50-$4 WK. Address W 362, Tribune office.

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BOYS—FOR OFFICE AND ERRANDS; STRONG; $4. 46, 153 Washington-st.

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CARRIAGE TRIMMER—ONE GOOD, ALL around man, and one man to stitch tops. Address G C 33, Tribune office.

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$45,000—12-flat new corner building, near 47th-st. and Grand-blvd.; mortgage $22,000, 5½ per cent; rental $4,500.
$22,000—New 6-flat building, near Alley L and 58th-st.; mortgage $12,000, 5 per cent; rental $2,340. And a very large list of choice in-vestment properties from $6,500 to $600,000.
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HENRY T. DAVIS,
4541 Vincennes-av.

FOR SALE—$117 PR. FT. BUYS 50 FT., WASH-ington-av. near 87th; $75 per ft. buys 25 ft., Prairie-av., nr. 49th; $50 per ft. buys 50 ft., Ingle-side-av., nr. 65th; $700 buys lot, 71st-pl., nr. Stony Island-av.; time, all to 5 and 10 years.
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F. D. COSSITT JR., Executor.

FOR SALE—BY HOME, BEST LOCATION AUS-tin; beautiful elm trees; fine location; cost, a sacrifice; $2,000; $200 cash, balance easy. OWNER, F 535, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE, 300X250 FEET, NEAR el. station; will sell in lots 50x250 feet; sewer, water, gas in; must be sold. 177 La Salle, Room 6. 12 to 1.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE, 300X350 FEET, NEAR el. station; will sell in lots 50x250 feet; sewer, water, gas in; must be sold. 177 La Salle, Room 6. 12 to 1.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME BOOKLET "BERWYN in Its Relation to Suburban Homeseekers," by J. ANDREWS, 184 La Salle. R. 838.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE—OLD STYLE 2-story, large lot, 61 feet front. Address F 534, Tribune office.

WANTED—EDGEWATER CORNER RESI-dence; steam heat; lot, 64x125; price, $12,000. H. H. Banford, 108 Dearborn-st.

OIL LANDS.

WHO MAY BE INTERESTED BY HONEST proposition; write the S. B. D. Co., Chicago.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE AND OIL STOCK.

PRINTING.

PRINTING CHEAP—1,000 LINEN LET-terheads, worth $3.50. E. Fenton, com-mercial printer, 113 Clark-st. Phone Main 2...

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
If the man who possesses a home of his own.
If only a cottage with vines overgrown.
Of the pleasures of life gets a larger per cent
Than his haughtiest neighbor who has to pay rent.
The one is the lord of his Castle of Rest;
The other a cuckoo who borrows his nest.
200 new houses for sale on monthly payments same as rent.

	Monthly Price, payments.
5-room houses	$1,250 $ 8
4-room houses	1,500 10
5-room houses	1,600 10
6-room houses	1,750 10
7-room houses	1,800 12
5-room houses	2,100 15
6-room houses	2,250 15
7-room houses	2,500 15
6-room houses	2,875 20
10-room houses	5,300 35
8-room houses	5,600 30
12-room houses	6,300 40

Very small cash payments required. Call or write for illustrated circulars of 200 new houses, now on the North, South, and West Sides and in suburbs, at from $1,250 to $4,500, for sale on monthly payments same as rent. It will cost you only 1 cent to find out what a cosy home you can pay for with your rent money. On receipt of postal I will send you plans.
S. E. GROSS, Sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—IMMEDIATELY—
Elegant business corner, $100,000; clear.
6-story, Canal-st., near Randolph, $75,000; clear.
Wells-st., $30,000, clear; might take half in high-class vacant, mortgage to suit for difference.
TOWNSEND SMITH, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE NEAR-IN MFG. LOCA-tion, Erie-st., near Orleans, 11,250 sq. feet; price $25,000.
Ontario-st., near Orleans, 30,000 sq. feet, price $75,000.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$50,000 MFG. PLANT [FORECLOS-ure]; cash price $17,500; clear; on trunk and belt R. private switch; consider part trade, or will join investment with sound mfg. concern. Cen-tral Trust Company, 314, 184 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—$600,000 STEEL BUILD-ing pays 5 per cent net; for an immediate sale $450,000 and 1-3 trade; principals only.
TOWNSEND SMITH, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
BARGAINS IN CITY REAL ESTATE.
CHOICE INCOME INVESTMENTS.
CHANDLER & CO., 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BEST BARGAINS IN LOTS, BUSI-ness corners, houses, chicken farms, exchanged, improved, vacant, and farms.
DELAMATER, 88 Washington-st.

FOR SALE — OR LEASE — MANUFACTURING and dock property; large or small quantities; will advance money for building; lowest switching charges. H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—POSTAL CARD NOTICES OF street pavements, etc., should be bought to the Tax Payers' Association, 107 Dearborn-st., without delay. R. C. GIVINS & CO., Manager.

FOR SALE—DAVIS & HALL, 84 WASHINGTON-st., Bldg. on Wentworth-av., nr. 43d-st.; rent $350; sacrifice at $3 000.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN FACTORY SITES. R. R. frontage, centrally located.
FELEKE & WESTMAN, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—LIST YOUR HOUSES stores, or flats. Quick deals.
FEHL & NIEMEYER, 36 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE—A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE MONEY.
I have for sale in the City of Kalamazoo, Mich., a piece of ground about 135 by 198 ft., located in the business center of the city, upon a portion of which ground is a large three-story brick block, with stone foundation and slate roof. The build-ing is strongly built and is well adapted for either mercantile or manufacturing purposes. This prop-erty a few years ago was valued at about $60,000. I am authorized to sell it for a trifle over one-third that value if sold within the next thirty days. Inquire of E. A. CRANE, Attorney and Counselor, Kalamazoo, Mich.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FULLY IMPROVED STOCK ranch of 800 acres in southern Nebraska; 300 cul-tivated, 40 timber, alfalfa, water works, new buildings; $12,500; part cash; owner selling ac-count of age; a fine home property; will be worth $25 acre in five years. GEO. E. TURKINGTON, Omaha, Nsb.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE ESTATE; A DECIDED bargain; 1,400 acres in one body; Kankakee Co., only 60 miles from Chicago; $32.50 per acre; worth $40. ABSOLUTELY NO TRADE. JAMES N. ORR, Kankakee, Ill.

FOR SALE—MY 40, 120, 160, AND 168 ACRE black loam highly improved farms, 35 and 42 miles from Chicago, on C. & N. W. Ry.; river frontage, spring water, and near lakes; special price to March 1st; buyers answer only. OWER, Room 800, 114 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MISSOURI LANDS—FRUIT, FARM, and ranch lands in Howell and adjoining coun-ties. C. J. REWBRIDGE, R. 204 Thayer Bldg., Kas. City, Mo., or Willow Springs, Howell Co., Mo.

FOR SALE—40,000 ACRES WASHINGTON land in tracts to suit for colonies, etc., speculat-ors, chance of a lifetime; $2.50 per acre. H. A. HOVER, 1950 Auditorium Annex.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—FARMS PERFECTLY WATERED by irrigation, Dixie Settlement, Pecos Valley, Texas. Crop failure impossible; total cost both land and perpetual water rights, $10.50 per acre; no annual water rents in future; large illustrated booklet free; SALESMEN WANTED. THORPE BROS. & CO., General Fiscal Agents, Dixie Irri-gation Company, 414 Reaper Block, Chicago.

FOR SALE—DO YOU WANT TO KNOW ABOUT FLORIDA? SUBSCRIBE for the ITEM, pub-lished weekly; 10 pages. Tells about FARMING AND FRUIT GROWING in FLORIDA.
$1.00 per year. Send 10 cents for 50-page special illustrated number and free sample copy. Ad-dress ITEM, San Mateo, Florida.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES OF FRUIT LAND, BALD-win County, Alabama; near gulf and railroad; in colony Northern people. Address O S 495, Trib-une office.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES, NEAR PENSACOLA, Fla., 10 acres cleared; house, spring; a bargain. White, Hansen & Mohr, 211 Record-Herald Bldg.

SUGAR—FOR COMPLETE INFORMATION RE-garding Cuban resources address Union Planta-tion Co., 1608 Fisher Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE — CALIFORNIA PROPERTIES EX-clusively, to buy, sell, or exchange. Apply to or address
OTIS JONES, 115 Monroe-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—EQUITY IN 4 OR 6 FLAT BUILDING near N. W. Elevated in exchange for clear resi-dence worth $6,000; flats without stables pref-erred, and will assume small incumbrance. Ad-dress W 173, Tribune office.

WANTED—VACANT AND IMPROVED PROP-erty to sell and exchange; owners list your prop-erty now, can get you good deals.
A. A. LOTHGREN,
'Phone Randolph 431. 612 1st Nat. Bank Bldg.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS, AT ONCE, HOUSES in Hyde Park and Woodlawn from $4,000 to $6,000; have cash buyers for 20 houses.
CALHAN & VARTY,
Selling Agents. 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—WE HAVE CUSTOMER FOR GOOD tract of acres; must be bargain.
T. P. ELLIOTT & CO., 234 La Salle-st.

WANTED—LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. Quick sales at right prices. E. A. WARFIELD & SON, 1664 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—LIST YOUR CHICAGO PROPERTY, improved or vacant; quick sales if price is right. C. F. SCHULTZ, Room 47, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—8-ROOM HOUSE, CONVENIENT 11th. Cent. or Alley "L." Money ready for bar-gain. GEO. S. BALLARD, 86 Washington-st.

WANTED — FROM OWNER; CHOICE APART-ments near I. C. R. R. for clear residence prop-erty and cash. J. R. PUTNAM & CO., 1017 Dearborn.

WANTED—BARGAIN—$3M ALL IN; PAY BUILD-ing 6623 Stewart-av. Address W 188, Tribune.

WANTED — $5,000 HOUSE. INCLUDING IN-cumbrance; N. W. L; particulars. P 573, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE — LAKE-AV. MODERN brick house, 8 rooms, 2d feet, $5,500; take vacant lot worth $1,500 for equity. 47th-st. south of 38th, 8-room modern stone front, $7,500; ripe va-cant worth $3,500 for equity. CAMPBELL IN-VESTMENT CO., 108 La Salle-st.

BRICK STORE AND 4-FLAT, NR. 31ST AND Halsted, on the cor., worth $5,500, mtg. $2,000; want vacant lots or small house. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—INDIANA-AV. LOT, 42X165 ft., near 26th-st., with frame house; price $8,400; mortgage, $4,000. What have you clear to offer for equity? H. G. WELLS & CO., 184 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS

SPECIAL FUND FOR BUILDING.
PROMPT ACTION.
PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES.
VACANT OR IMPROVED IN ANY AMOUNTS; LOWEST RATES.
CALL AND GET OUR TERMS.
MAHLUM, RIDMANN & CORTNEY.
401-402 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

4½% MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS OF $2,000 TO $5,000 ON FIRST-CLASS IMPROVED PROPERTY.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 4½ & 5 and 6 per cent, according to security, without commission. Special fund to loan in any amount, with privi-leges of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

MORTGAGES FOR SALE—WE HAVE SEVER-al applications for loans from each, for $2,000, and one for $2,250; any one having idle money please send for list, giving location and par-ticulars of the security. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

LOWEST RATES FOR DESIRABLE BUSINESS. WM. C. REINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS, 92 LA SALLE-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Builder loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHI-cago real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
at 5 and 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have from time to time amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $700, $800, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, 4 to 6 per cent, $2,500. Chicago Title and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001-1005 La Salle-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 5 and 85 Dearborn-st.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents, 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

LOANS 4½ AND 5% CHICAGO PROPERTY, with prepayment privilege.
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
'Phone 2187 M. 150 La Salle-st.

NO COMMISSION—LOANS ON CHICAGO AND suburban real estate, improved and vacant. 'Phone Main 339.
STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

WHY PAY RENT? IF YOU HAVE A LOT WE will furnish money and plans and build your home complete; pay us as you wish. GEO. S. BALLARD, Builder, 86 Washington-st. Main 2722.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES—
Building loans.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN, 4% UP; GOLD 8 AND 7% farm mortgages for sale.
CLARENCE A. MOORE, 404 Cham. Commerce.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. s. cor. Sibley and Madison-sts., Security Bldg.

$500, $350, $500, $1,000, TO $50,000 TO LOAN ON vacant or improved real estate at very low rates today. A. J. TISDELLE, 145 La Salle-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 99 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

CAIRNS & McINTOSH, 125 LA SALLE-ST., have private funds to loan on Chicago real estate at 5 and 5½ per cent, according to security, in the sums of $2,000 to $50,000 at lowest rates of int.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. EGAN, DOVOLIS & STONE, B

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD

MRS. C. L. STROEBEL ENTERTAINS AT A MUSICAL.

Guests Meet Miss Ada Adams, Who Sings in French, German, English, and Italian, and Captivates Her Hearers—Mrs. H. M. S. Montgomery Gives a Progressive Euchre Party with Nearly 200 Present—Dog Show Promises a Lenten Diversion.

Mrs. C. L. Stroebel's musical at her residence, 570 Division street, was almost the only North Side social event yesterday afternoon. It was a small affair, the twenty-five guests being invited to meet Miss Ada Adams, whose singing has made her a favorite in Chicago society. What her long training with eminent teachers abroad promised, Miss Adams fulfills with songs in French, German, English, and Italian, and her enunciation in the different languages is especially praised. Miss Adams and her mother, Mrs. C. W. Adams, are the guests of Mrs. W. H. Johnson of 72 Maple street.

Mrs. H. M. S. Montgomery of 4729 Woodlawn avenue gave one of the largest card parties of the year yesterday afternoon, nearly 200 guests being present. Progressive euchre was played for handsome prizes, and after the games luncheon was served. The decorations were spring flowers and roses. Mrs. Montgomery was assisted by Mrs. L. L. McArthur, Mrs. F. D. Stout, Mrs. Charles Prindiville, Mrs. George Baldwin, and Mrs. J. N. McDowell.

As a Lenten diversion, the dog show to be held at the Coliseum early in March is attracting some attention. It is given under the auspices of the Chicago Kennel club. Mr. A. E. Dutton is the President, and the other officers are Mrs. Charles A. White, Vice President; Mrs. E. B. Shibley, treasurer; and Mrs. A. H. King and Mrs. A. E. Gardner, secretaries. Mrs. Clinton Locke is one of the honorary members. Mrs. Arthur Caton and Mrs. Ogden Armour's names will appear among the patronesses, but the list is not yet made up. Mrs. Richard Harding Davis, who was to be a patroness and an exhibiter, will not be in the city at the time of the show. It is said that Mrs. Jack Gardner of Boston will be one of the exhibiters.

The revelry which marked the opening day of the German summer garden at the Chicago Athletic club was repeated yesterday, and last evening the tables were filled with throngs who made merry over the German menu. A table d'hôte dinner was served from 6 till 8 in the dining-room, and for those who cared to stay down-stairs there were pingpong and billiards and tennis games. Some of those who gave dinners were James H. Channon, H. D. Sturtevant, W. K. Mitchell, Robert R. Street, C. H. Collins, Edward B. Shaw, H. T. Byford, O. W. Hinckley, La Verne W. Noyes, J. H. McNulty, T. B. Potter, J. T. Maher, and A. F. Brockman.

There was merriment at the Ravenswood Country club last evening, the program of dances being followed by a supper and then a cotilion, led by Mr. Todd Lunsford. The patronesses of the affair were Mrs. E. D. Brigham, Mrs. A. E. Bersbach, Mrs. A. P. Brink, Mrs. Frederick Baker, Mrs. G. H. Culver, Mrs. George A. Dupuy, Mrs. J. E. Keith, Mrs. B. A. Kennedy, Mrs. D. J. Murphy, Mrs. W. G. Stephens, Mrs. Charles Truax, and Mrs. W. A. Gardner. Miss McGuire, Miss Polloch, Miss Bersbach, and Miss Johnstone were on the Reception committee.

Mrs. T. E. Donnelley of 2623 Prairie avenue gave a pingpong party last night.

The engagement of Miss Emma Ryckoff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Ryckoff of 492 La Salle avenue, to Dr. A. Memelsdorf is announced.

Miss Healy of 387 Ontario street gave the second of her readings from French authors last evening.

Mrs. S. M. Felton of 528 Dearborn avenue gave a small luncheon yesterday. Next week Mrs. Felton and Miss Felton will go to Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses E. Greenebaum gave a cotilion last evening. It was a housewarming affair in their new residence, 4504 Drexel boulevard.

Mrs. William Wilson Ramsey of 6605 Harvard avenue held an at home yesterday from 8 till 5 o'clock.

Owing to illness, Miss Edith Kennedy of 3636 Michigan avenue recalled her invitations for last evening.

At the annual banquet of the Ashland club this evening 275 guests are expected. The tables will be arranged star-shaped, the center being an electric fountain, the sides banked with moss and palms. The menu card will be a souvenir of the occasion. There will be a series of toasts, a program of music, and a stereopticon exhibit of prominent events and persons in Ashland club life. The ladies present will take part in the response to the toasts.

Next Monday morning, at the residence of Mrs. Albert M. Day of 307 Huron street, the work of the Association House Settlement will be presented by Miss Harriet Taylor of the American committee of Young Women's Christian associations and by Miss Carrie Wilson, head resident of Association House.

Next Saturday evening the Tuesday and Philadora clubs of the Association House Settlement will be entertained at Lake Forest by the young women of Ferry Hall.

Mrs. W. W. Tracy of 140 Astor street is in New York and will remain away for a month.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dupee of the Metropole and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dupee are at Coronado Beach.

Mrs. J. H. Dwight of 89 Astor street was called to Pottstown, Pa., a fortnight ago by the illness of her son at Hill School. Next week she will go to one of the winter resorts, accompanied by her son.

Mrs. John M. Clark of 2000 Prairie avenue will go east in March to superintend some improvements on her country house at Marion, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Barrell will leave town on Saturday for a Florida trip.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Stout, formerly of Dubuque, Ia., have purchased the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Elliot H. Phelps at 4847 Ellis avenue and will reside there.

Mrs. Frederick H. Rike of Dayton, O., is visiting her father, Mr. Joseph B. Long, and Mrs. Long of the Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. Long will go South next week.

Mr. John C. King is in New York.

Mrs. Le Mott of St. Louis is the guest of Mrs. James Walsh of 306 Superior street.

The Kenwood assembly will give a colonial party in full costume tomorrow night. The assembly has issued its program for March.

RIVAL FOR PARMELEE 'BUS LINE.

Chicago Transfer Company Enters Field and Offers Competition for Guests of Two Hotels.

The Parmelee Transfer company, which recently was reorganized, is to be fought by the Chicago Transfer company, which practically is controlled by Frank E. Scott, head of the union ticket offices in the large hotels. For the first time the guests at the Auditorium and the Annex had the privilege of this competition for their business yesterday, and within a short time it is to be offered the patrons of other hotels.

When the Parmelee company was reorganized it purchased most of the subordinate lines of the city, among them the one controlled by Mr. Scott. According to the latter the Parmelee company did not fulfill its agreement when it purchased his business and he claims to have a large enough equipment to give the larger concern trouble.

"We are not worrying particularly," said Manager House of the Parmelee company yesterday. "We do not dread this competition. Mr. Scott has obtained the privilege of carrying passengers from the Auditorium and the Annex, and I believe that is all. He cannot carry passengers from the depots, for the Parmelee company has the contracts for that business."

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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SIXTEEN inches of space is all that is to be allotted to each person at the coronation in Westminster Abbey. The entire calculations for the distribution of space have been based on this estimate, and even allowing for this method of distribution, it will be impossible to find room for all those who have a right, either hereditary or by virtue of their office, to attend the celebration. One is tempted to ask whether or not foreign governments have been notified of this condition of affairs, with the object of influencing them in the choice of their special envoys, and if this be the case one can readily understand the obstacles in the way of having the United States represented at the coronation by ex-President Grover Cleveland.

Mme. Ratazzi, whose extraordinary career I described in these columns the other day, has left three children, one of whom styles himself Count Alexis de Solms, and two daughters, one of whom is married to a M. de Villanova, while the other, Marie Louise by name, is still unmarried. The two daughters are by her third and Spanish husband, the late Señor de Rute, at one time Under Secretary of State at Madrid, and by whom she had, when nearly 60 years old, another child, who was killed in a carriage accident some years ago at Aix-Les-Bains.

The son is by her first marriage, but I do not quite understand how he can call himself "Count de Solms." For Mme. Ratazzi's first husband, who died here in America, was a rich wholesale butcher of the name of Frederick Solm, without the "s" to the end of the name, and the princely and noble house of Solms has always strongly resented and publicly denounced the late Mme. Ratazzi's attempts to convey the impression that her first husband had belonged to their illustrious clan.

In relating her many adventures I omitted to allude the other day to her association with old Schneider, the great iron master of Creusot, and who succeeded the late Duc de Morny as President of the legislative chamber at Paris. Schneider, like his master, Napoleon III., was fickle in his affaires de coeur, and in course of time Mme. Ratazzi, who had not at that time become the wife of the Italian Premier Ratazzi, found herself supplanted in the multi-millionaire iron master's affections by a magnificently beautiful creole, Mme. Asselin. Mme. Ratazzi revenged herself by writing an extraordinary spiteful novel, entitled "Roman d'Une Creole," in which not only Mme. Asselin was portrayed in the most offensive colors but in which, likewise, the great iron master Schneider, was depicted in an equally objectionable light under the transparent pseudonym of "Monsieur Tailleur." It was the publication of this book, and the scandal which it created that led Napoleon III. to the demand of old Schneider to expel the woman who was not long afterwards to become the consort of the elderly Premier of Italy.

Mme. Ratazzi had an unpleasant way of using her facile and clever pen against those who closed their doors against her, or who incurred her ill-will. For when the great ladies of the aristocracy of Florence showed a disposition to give her the cold shoulder on her coming among them as the wife of Premier Ratazzi, she wrote a novel about the society of Florence, to which she gave the meaning name of "Bicheville," in which she depicted the patrician women of Florence as wholly given up to intrigues of a questionable character.

To the fact that Lisbon treated her in a similar fashion we are indebted for the equally vitriolic, and yet, withall, amusing and witty portrayal of the great world of Portugal, under the title of "Le Portugal a Vol d'Oiseau."

Mme. Asselin, by the bye, of whom I made mention above, eventually became part and parcel of old Schneider's household at Paris. Old Mme. Schneider and her son occupied one wing of the house, Mme. Asselin and her two daughters the other wing, while old Schneider himself had his apartments in the main building. Of course there were all sorts of peculiar stories current about this strange establishment, and these were increased when a marriage was arranged between the iron master's only son Henri and Mme. Asselin's eldest daughter.

The old man, of whom a wonderful portrait will be found in Alphonse Daudet's well known novel, "The Nabob," died shortly after the war, dividing his vast fortune between his son and the two daughters of Mme. Asselin, the elder of whom was, as I have just stated, married to Henri Schneider. She died in 1872, and Henri Schneider thereupon married her equally fascinating sister.

Henri Schneider has now in turn gone to his rest, and it is his eldest son, Eugene, that is to say, the grandson of "Monsieur Tailleur," and of Mme. Asselin, who is now the head of the Creusot iron works, which, employing many thousands of men, rival, if they do not surpass, those of Krupp in Germany. The former attachment of the Schneider's to the Napoleonic dynasty has given way to an equally complete devotion to the royalist cause, though, of course, young Eugene Schneider finds it prudent, as the head of a great industry, to remain on more or less friendly terms with the republican authorities.

Lady Troubridge, whose new play has been accepted by Mrs. Langtry, and is about to be produced by that dame, is a sister of the Countess of Dudley, and, like her, figured for a time as saleswoman in a Regent street modiste's establishment, also helping her mother, Mrs. Gurney, in the latter's unsuccessful venture as a milliner, after the financial disaster of her first husband, Charles Gurney. The Gurneys belong to one of those untitled county families of England which constitute the real British aristocracy. The founder of the family was Hugh de Gournay, one of the Norman barons, who accompanied William the Conqueror in 1066, while among the other ancestors was the Thomas de Gournay who murdered King Edward II. in such an appalling manner at Berkeley castle by thrusting hot iron bars into his body. Mrs. Gurney separated from her husband after the scandal which resulted in his retirement from the old Gurney Bank and necessitated the sacrifice of all his possessions, and after the marriage of her two daughters, one to the Earl of Dudley and the other to Sir Thomas Troubridge, had been brought about by Lady Henry Somerset and Adeline, Duchess of Bedford, she secured a divorce in this country from her first husband and is now the wife of Colonel Jack Stracey of the Scotts Guards.

When Laura Gurney married Sir Thomas Troubridge King Edward assumed the privilege until then regarded as somewhat parental, of presenting her with a check, instead of a piece of jewelry by way of a wedding gift. Sir Thomas Troubridge is the fourth baronet of his line, the first baronet having been the well known Admiral, who was the right hand man and Flag Captain of Nelson at the battle of the Nile. Sir Thomas was formerly in the army, and makes his home at Grey Friars, a pretty place near Ascot.

The reigning Duke of Saxe-Meiningen, who has done more than any other German sovereign to promote dramatic and lyric art and to further the cause of music, has just brought suit in the Austrian courts against the heirs and estate of the famous composer, Brahms, for the purpose of compelling the executors to return to him a quantity of letters which he addressed to Brahms, and which the latter's heirs have arranged to publish along with the other correspondence of the composer. The old Duke, who was a warm friend and patron of Brahms, and who wrote to him freely, does not at all relish the idea of his private letters being thus made public, denounces this project as a gross breach of trust, and is determined at all costs to prevent the appearance in print of his confidential communications to the composer.

Accused Man Not with Iron League.

W. B. Morrissey, who is said to be involved in forgeries to the amount of $900, was formerly employed by the National Foundry association and not by the National Iron league, as originally announced. Morrissey never was connected with the league, which has offices in the Chamber of Commerce Building.

Lecture on American Natives.

Professor Frederick Starr of the University of Chicago will inaugurate a course of six lectures on "The Native Races of North America" this evening at the Lewis Institute, Robey and Madison streets.

You can wear a diamond. Payments easy. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

Some Inviting Essays.

"Letters on Life." By Claudius Clear. Dodd, Mead & Co.

Claudius Clear is the name which Dr. W. Robertson Nichols uses in connection with a series of a kind of essays, literary and other, in his own paper, the British Weekly, and which have done much to give that journal its distinguishing character and singular popularity. Out of this series have been selected and grouped together the twenty-seven papers contained in this exceedingly attractive book.

Dr. Nichol is a man of many gifts and an extraordinary capacity for swift, hard work, and withal a talent for eliciting, directing, and coördinating the work of others. To begin with, he is a preacher, though without a church. Besides editing the British Weekly and the Bookman, he does much other literary work. In addition to a somewhat phenomenal memory, he has the disciplined habit of mind which holds its stores of knowledge and various special faculties always ready for seemingly easy and instant use. His quick and penetrating literary discernment has made him the practical discoverer of a number of writers who have since, in part through his timely helping, become widely known to fame.

In these Claudius Clear papers the author's literary qualities of thought and of style appear at their best. There is a sureness of insight, acute observation—the disciplined freedom as of an expert, and as of one who delights in his work—a good deal of a subtle humor, apparent facility, and abounding instances of felicity, alike in the thought and the expression, which are often as pleasingly surprising as would be bits of genuine wit. For any one who is making for himself a practical study of style these modern essays are specially worth studying.

Among the topics are such as these: "The Art of Life," "That Literature Is Autobiography," "The Art of Conversation," "Firing Out Fools," "The Sin of Overwork," "Samuel," a sort of nature study of the writer's favorite cat; "How to Remember and How to Forget," "Concerning Order and Method," "Brilliance," "The Happy Life," "The Man in the Street," "The Zest of Life," "Good Women," "On Growing Old," "Brokenhearted," "The Innermost Room."

These, it will be seen, are not only suggestive but inviting topics. In the treatment of them the tone and temper are free from anything like condescension or pedantry. And the wealth of literary and personal allusion adds a real value as well as illuminating interest.

Brief Mention.

The Baltimore American has done a handsome thing by its town in printing a large quarto volume devoted to the history of that interesting city at the present time. It deals with its physical and commercial aspects, of which every resident of the Maryland metropolis is justly proud. The men who have aided in upbuilding its commercial importance appear in pictures and sketches. The printing is a first-class piece of work, and the volume is a creditable one both to the newspaper and the place.

From the J. Walter Thompson company, the well-known advertising agents of New York, Chicago, and Boston, comes a handsome book in blue, appropriately styled the "Blue Book on Advertising." This handy volume of 286 pages does not aim to be encyclopedic and tell all about all the publications of the country, but rather to skim the cream and present a choice list of advertising media, with some advice on how to use them, and some telling examples of the advertising this firm has placed. Its convenient shape, useful contents, and fine typographical appearance make the book one that will be kept on the desk and often consulted.

The people of Zoe Anderson Norris' book, "The Color of his Soul," are dwellers in New York, and citizens of that land "between Altruria and Bohemia." They have a certain convincing reality surprising, considering our slight acquaintance with them, made by a series of glimpses. The central figure of the story is a young man of strange physical charms—cat's eyes and a fine figure—who calls himself a Socialist, and goes about, a sort of boy orator, making inflammatory speeches about "Wage Slaves" and life in the slums, concerning whose actual conditions he is entirely uninformed. He is frankly a disciple of Herron, whose theory and practice of life are pretty thoroughly discussed in the course of the story. We find ourselves not unprepared for the denouement, which reveals to us that the color of his soul is black. The book is bound in white vellum, with a slide cover, and printed with an uncommonly clear and attractive type. The lines end irregularly, the even margin of the page being preserved only on the left, giving at first sight an effect of blank verse. (Funk & Wagnalls Co.)

PALAIS ROYAL
157 STATE-ST.

We Announce Our Annual
GLOVE SALE
TODAY.
ABOUT TWO THOUSAND PAIRS
Real Paris Kid Gloves 50 cents a pair.
USUAL PRICES FROM $1.50 TO $2.25.

These Gloves have been selected from our regular stock of Fine Gloves on account of some unnoticeable imperfections.

All Styles. All Colors. All Sizes.

This is not a sale of cheap, trashy goods, but a clearing out of all goods not strictly as they should be in a first-class Glove stock.

PALAIS ROYAL,
157 STATE STREET.

KNOX HATS—SPRING SHAPES
.....are READY at.....
SHAYNE'S 187 STATE-ST.

FURS Alaska Seal, Otter and Persian Lamb Garments. Best styles. Remodeling and repairing correctly. Catalogue Free.
JOHN V. SHAYNE & CO., 187-189 State-st.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Feb. 17, 1902.—Sealed proposals for bituminous coal to be delivered at Des Moines Rapids Canal, Mississippi River, will be received here until 3 p. m. March 10, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application.
MAJOR C. McD. TOWNSEND, Engineer.

SCRIBNERS For MARCH

A STORY BY RICHARD HARDING DAVIS

One of the best stories Mr. Davis has written and in a vein altogether new to him. It is the story of a Dog, told by the dog, and written from his point of view. The charm of the story is irresistible. It is full of life, humor, and dog character—the kind of story that one not only reads with delight, but tells all of his friends to read.

THE AMERICAN "COMMERCIAL INVASION"

Frank A. Vanderlip's remarkable articles have created more comment and aroused more interest than any magazine feature of many months past. A Reviewer says: "Scribner's announcement did not convey enough about this important and highly interesting chronicle. It was manifestly impossible for any announcement to do that, and the articles must be read to be appreciated." The article in the March number tells of conditions in England, France and Germany, and, like the other articles, is fully illustrated.

EX-PRESIDENT GILMAN'S REMINISCENCES

are most timely now just as the celebration of the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of Johns Hopkins University takes place. Ex-President Gilman's first article is entitled "The Launching of a University," and tells of the founding of Johns Hopkins and of the many notable men identified with the Institution.

RICHLY ILLUSTRATED by CASTAIGNE

"The Heart of England," by John Corbin, describes the picturesque docks and waterfront of London, with many beautiful illustrations by Andre Castaigne, printed in tint.

F. HOPKINSON SMITH'S SERIAL STORY

"The Fortunes of Oliver Horn" grows better and better with every instalment. Readers who never read serials are making an exception of this charming story.

OTHER CONTENTS

"The Sanctuaries of the Pennine Alps" by Edith Wharton, illustrated by E. C. Peixotto; an article on "War and Economic Competition" by Brooks Adams; a Sea Story by William B. McHarg, illustrated by Reuterdahl; a Story of the Adirondacks by Clara B. Green, illustrated by D. V. Wilcox; "A Bridal Memory," a story of sentiment by Frances B. Dillingham, and Poems by Margaret R. Schott and Albert Bigelow Paine.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE PRICE 25 CENTS
Charles Scribner's Sons, Publishers, New York

Great Western Champagne
has stood the following unique test:

One of the wealthiest gentlemen in one of the largest Eastern cities, whose cellar is abundantly supplied with Great Western and foreign champagnes, on the occasion of a banquet at his home, directed his butler to serve half a dozen different champagnes after removing all labels and corks, the guests and host to determine which was most pleasing, uninfluenced by name, price or prejudice, merit alone to be considered. The verdict was unanimous, and great was the surprise when the butler announced that all had chosen Great Western Champagne, an American wine, costing but half as much as the foreign labeled brands.

PUT IT TO ANY TEST

it is best, purest and most pleasing. Paris connoisseurs awarded it the *Only Gold Medal* given to an American champagne at the Exposition of 1900.

PLEASANT VALLEY WINE CO.,
SOLE MAKERS, - - RHEIMS, N. Y.
Sold by All Respectable Wine Dealers.

V is for Victory
WOOL SOAP has won, and yet its mission is only begun

A Neat Booklet, Containing a Complete Set of Alphabet Advertisements in Colors, mailed free. Address SWIFT & CO., SOAP DEPT., CHICAGO.

HOTELS.
Hot Springs, Ark.
The Park Hotel
Under New Management...Entirely Fire Proof. $30,000 in Recent Improvements.
Finest Cafe and Grill Rooms west of New York. A strictly first-class Family Hotel, catering only to select patronage. Cuisine unexcelled.
J. A. HAYES, (Lessee) C. A. BRANT, Prop. Grand Hotel, formerly Supt. Union League Club, Chicago, Ill.
Mackinac Isl., Mich.

TRY THE ONTARIO State and Ontario-sts
Special Rates by the Week.
L. E. HOWARD, Prop., Formerly with the Transit House.

EXCURSIONS—TRAVEL.
EUROPE! EUROPE!!
Call or send for printed matter. You will be interested to select parties or independent travel. Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 108 Adams-st., Chicago.

WHY NOT WEAR THE
BISHOP $3 Hat None better for the money.
$4 Hat None better at any price.
Both Stiff and Soft Hats of exclusive, nobby effects.
A. BISHOP & CO., 166 State Street.

PUSHMAN BROS.
THE EXCLUSIVE
ORIENTAL RUG STORE
26 ADAMS-ST. Just east of Wabash Av.

HATS SHAYNE'S $3 DERBY
IS THE BEST ON EARTH for the MONEY
187 STATE-ST., PALMER HOUSE

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.
The New Spring Styles
In our "M. F. & Co." "Colbert" and "Albion" Derbys and Fedoras.

Hat Styles, new, correct, conservative—yet sufficiently pronounced to win the favor of particularly careful dressers. Second Floor.

"Colbert" Fedoras, in all the new and preferred shapes, the best at the price, $3.00.
"Colbert" Derbys, in all the crown-heights and brim-widths, suitable for all faces, $3.00.
"M. F. & Co." Derbys and Fedoras, in all the new spring blocks, the finest hats made, $4.00
"Albion" Derbys and Fedoras, the styles are as correct as in the better qualities, $2.00.

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.
Boys' Fine Clothing.
Final Reductions on Desirable Overcoats, Suits and Trousers.

We have decided to close out immediately all that remains of our Boys' Winter Clothing and have made prices accordingly. Every garment is an excellent bargain at the present extensive reductions. A few of the representative values: Third Floor.

Overcoats in dark brown, diagonal worsted cheviot (sizes 8 to 16), one of our finest made coats, reduced, $10.00.
Sailor Suits in gray cheviot, navy blue, brown or red cheviot or serge (sizes 3 to 11), reduced, each $5.00.
Two-piece Knee Trousers Suits, (8 to 16), some of the finest worsted cheviot suits we have ever sold, about 200 at this greatly reduced price, each $6.50.

300 Fine Russian Blouse Suits (sizes 2½ to 8), in green, red and cadet or navy blue serge—we have purchased these suits at a very low figure and offer them at 35% less than the regular price—each $4.75.

Attractive Values in Youths' Clothing.
(Sizes 14 to 19.)

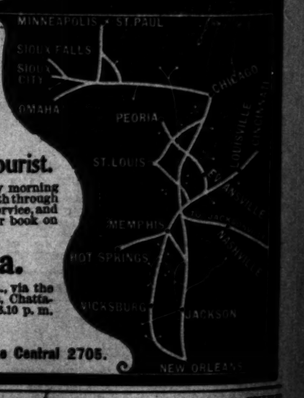
Reduced prices—Youths' Fancy Mixed Suits—$10, $15, $20.
Youths' Navy Blue and Black Suits, $10, $12, $15 to $35.
Reduced prices—Youths' Fine Trousers—$4, $5, $6.
Youths' Overcoats, $15, $20, $25.
Youths' White Vests, $2.50.

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.

Business Desks.
We display a magnificent line of fine Mahogany and Oak Desks, including some attractive new designs in executive officers' desks, stylish oval directors' tables, exclusive patterns in all kinds of business furniture.
Letter Files, Expansion Bookcases, Chairs, Settees, etc.
The lowest prices.
Revell & Co.
Cor. Adams St. and Wabash Av.

B&K TRADE MARK
Sprucing Up.
A new Hat, fresh Gloves, an extra pair of Trousers—these are the items that will tide you over and make you feel well-dressed until time for the new Spring Suit.
HERE and NOW are the place and time to get these things to your advantage.
Extra Trousers from $3.50 up.
Browning·King·& Co
Wabash and Madison.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL



California—2 Routes.
Personally conducted through Excursion Sleeping Cars leave Chicago for Los Angeles and San Francisco every Wednesday morning via New Orleans and the Southern Route; every Friday evening via Omaha and the Scenic Route.
New Orleans for the Tourist.
An interestingly unique city to visit. Daily morning and evening steam-heated vestibule trains, with through Sleeping Cars, Buffet-Library-Smoking-Car service, and all meals en route in Dining Cars. Ask for book on New Orleans.
Jacksonville, Florida.
Through Sleeping Car to Jacksonville, Fla., via the scenic Dixie Flyer route, through Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. Leaves Chicago daily at 6.10 p. m. Dining Car serving supper out of Chicago.
City Ticket Office, 99 Adams Street. Phone Central 2705.

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE STORES. Office of Purchasing Commissary, U. S. Army, No. 11 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill., February 21, 1902. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing hams, dry salt cure, in tierces, will be received at this office, and at the office of the Purchasing Commissary, U. S. Army, at Kansas City, Mo., and Omaha, Neb., until 11 o'clock, a. m., Tuesday, March 4, 1902, at which time and places they will be publicly opened. Articles of domestic production or manufacture will be preferred to those of foreign origin, cost and quality being equal. Specifications as to quantities, date and places of delivery, blank proposals, and further information furnished on application to either office. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores, to be opened March 4, 1902," and addressed to C. R. Krauthoff, Major, Commissary, Purchasing Commissary, Chicago, Ill., to W. H. Bass, Captain, Commissary, Purchasing Commissary, Kansas City, Mo., or to Wm. H. Grove, Captain, Commissary, Purchasing Commissary, Omaha, Neb.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOLEN GLOVES—CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Chicago, Ill., February 18, 1902. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m. February 28, 1902, for delivery at the Chicago depot of the Quartermaster's Department of 7,000 pairs woolen gloves, conforming to sample at the Quartermaster's warehouse. The Government reserves the right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions any duties thereon) being equal. Further information and blanks for proposals will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Woolen Gloves," and addressed to Colonel E. B. Atwood, Chief Quartermaster.

ALWAYS A GOOD STYLE TO THE BARNES HAT Wabash & Harrison